1	BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
2	OF THE TOWNSHIP OF WESTTOWN
3	CHESTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
4	
5	VOLUME 3
6	
7	IN RE: CONDITIONAL USE APPLICATION
8	TOLL PA XVIII, L.P.
9	
10	Hearing was held at the Westtown School, Barton Test Theatre, 975 Westtown
11	Road, West Chester, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, April 19, 2017, beginning at 6:0 o'clock, p.m.
12	
13	
14	BEFORE: MICHAEL T. DIDOMENICO, Chairman
15	CAROL R. DEWOLF THOMAS HAWS
16	INOMAS NAWS
17	ALSO PRESENT: ROBERT R. PINGAR,
18	Township Manager
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	ELEANOR J. SCHWANDT, RMR COURT REPORTER
24	COOKI KEFOKIEK

## ORIGINAL

```
1
      APPEARANCES:
 2
            PATRICK M. MCKENNA, Esquire
            on behalf of the Board of Supervisors
 3
            GREGG I. ADELMAN, Esquire
            on behalf of the Applicant
 5
            KRISTIN S. CAMP, Esquire
            MICHAEL S. GILL, Esquire
 6
            on behalf of Westtown Township
            Planning Commission
 7
            KATHRYN L. LABRUM, Esquire
 8
            on behalf of Thornbury Township
 9
            MARK THOMPSON, Esquire
            on behalf of Neighbors for Crebilly, LLC
10
11
12
13
                     THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. We are
14
      going to get started. Good evening, everyone.
1.5
      Welcome to the third conditional use hearing
16
      for the Crebilly tract and Toll Brothers
17
      developers.
18
                     For those who may not know who is
19
      up here let me introduce Westtown Board of
2.0
      Supervisors. I would like to introduce Mrs.
21
      Carol DeWolf, who is to my right, she is our
22
      vice chair; Mr. Thomas Haws, to my far right,
23
      who is our police commissioner; and I'm Mike
24
      DiDomenico, the Chair. Further to my left is
```

```
1 our Township Manager, Mr. Rob Pingar. And to
```

- 2 my immediate left is Mr. Patrick McKenna, our
- 3 Township Solicitor.
- 4 So at this time I will turn over
- 5 the proceedings to Mr. McKenna.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr.
- 7 Chairman. Can everyone hear me okay?
- 8 All right. The first order of
- 9 business, I want to note for the record that we
- were continued from the hearing on March 29th,
- 11 2017. I want to ask -- I forgot to ask the
- 12 last time -- is there anyone here this evening
- who is recording the hearing? Anyone
- 14 recording?
- 15 Yes, sir. Would you mind
- identifying yourself.
- MR. BRAXTON: John Braxton.
- 18 MR. MCKENNA: Spell your last
- 19 name, please.
- MR. BRAXTON: B as in boy,
- 21 R-A-X-T-O-N.
- MR. MCKENNA: Okay. Is it video,
- 23 audio or both?
- MR. BRAXTON: Both.

- 1 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. I have
- 2 a couple of housekeeping matters as well. I
- 3 have additional Board exhibits that have to be
- 4 marked for this evening.
- 5 Exhibit B-27 is Pennsbury
- 6 Township Resolution 2017-03-15-1, dated March
- 7 14th, 2017, expressing concerns with the
- 8 conditional use application.
- 9 Exhibit B-28 is a review letter
- 10 from Al Federico of Kimley Horn, Westtown
- 11 Township Traffic Engineer, dated April 3rd,
- 12 2017.
- Exhibit B-29 are the party status
- 14 forms for the individuals and entities that
- were granted party status.
- Exhibit B-30 is the party status
- 17 forms for individuals and entities that were
- denied party status.
- 19 Ladies and gentlemen, as with the
- 20 prior two hearings, this evening the applicant
- 21 will present their witnesses. We have a list
- of parties this evening who will be permitted
- 23 to ask questions of those witnesses.
- I would remind everyone to please

```
1
       save statements or argument for the appropriate
 2
              This evening will just be for
       statements. As we have said, public comment
 3
 4
       will come at the conclusion of the presentation
       of all the evidence from all of the parties, so
 5
       that will be at a future hearing date. You
 6
 7
      will be notified well in advance of when that
 8
      will happen.
 9
                     The applicant has three witnesses
      this evening which are going to cover historic
10
11
      resources, sanitary sewage, I believe, and the
      fiscal impacts. We hope to get through them
12
      all this evening, and then we will discuss when
13
14
      the next continued date is, and who we
      anticipate being with us, at the appropriate
15
16
      time. So unless there is anything further from
      the Board, I'm going to turn it over to Mr.
17
18
      Adelman to start his presentation this evening.
19
                     MR. ADELMAN:
                                   Thank you, Mr.
20
      McKenna. At this time I would like to recall
21
      Paul Scott to testify. I believe he was
```

MR. MCKENNA: That's correct.

previously sworn.

24

22

- 1 (PAUL S. SCOTT, having been
- 2 previously duly sworn, was examined and
- 3 testified further as follows:)
- 4 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- Q. Mr. Scott, after your testimony before
- 7 the Board of Supervisors at the March 29th
- 8 hearing, did you go back out to the property to
- 9 conduct further soils testing?
- 10 A. Yes, we did.
- 11 Q. I would like to show you what I have
- 12 marked as Exhibit A-22.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Adelman, would
- 14 you mind reminding everyone what Mr. Scott is
- and what he does for a living.
- MR. ADELMAN: Mr. Scott is a
- 17 geologist, professional geologist. That's what
- 18 he was qualified as. And he does soils testing
- on the property.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you.
- MR. ADELMAN: You are welcome.
- 22 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- 23 Q. Paul, I would like to show you what I
- 24 have marked as Exhibit A-22. Would you please

- 1 identify this document for the record?
- 2 A. This is our letter report,
- 3 "Supplemental Preliminary On-Site Wastewater
- 4 Disposal Feasibility Evaluation."
- 5 Q. And what is the date of that letter?
- 6 A. April 13th, 2017.
- 7 Q. And did you prepare or supervise the
- 8 preparation of that letter?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. What areas or additional areas on the
- 11 site did you test?
- 12 A. We tested all of the proposed disposal
- areas for drip irrigation on the plan.
- 14 Q. Are those locations indicated in your
- 15 letter?
- A. Yes, they are.
- 17 Q. Where are they located and indicated?
- 18 A. They are situated, there are two large,
- 19 relatively large proposed disposal areas --
- Q. Let me interrupt you.
- 21 A. Sorry.
- Q. Is there a map in your letter?
- 23 A. I'm sorry.
- Q. That's fine. If you could reference

- 1 the map and then please provide the detailed
- 2 information.
- A. It is attached to the letter report and
- 4 it is entitled "Supplemental Test Pit Location
- 5 Plan Crebilly Farm."
- Q. And it is the third sheet of
- 7 Exhibit A-22; is that correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Please go ahead.
- 10 A. So we did 15 test pit locations, and
- 11 they were distributed across the site, within
- 12 each of the proposed disposal areas. As I was
- 13 saying, two of the largest disposal areas, one
- is up at the northwestern corner of the site,
- 15 also another in the southeastern corner of the
- site, most of the test pits were located in
- 17 those areas. And then there are three smaller
- disposal areas more in the central portion of
- 19 the site, and we did a couple of locations in
- 20 each of those as well.
- 21 Q. And what type of testing did you
- 22 perform?
- A. We performed soil profile evaluations
- 24 to evaluate soil texture and general

- 1 appearance, and permeability, and also some
- 2 preliminary percolation testing.
- 3 Q. And again, what was the overall purpose
- 4 of that testing?
- 5 A. To supplement the previous evaluation
- 6 that we had performed to evaluate the
- 7 feasibility of drip irrigation implementation
- 8 at the site.
- 9 Q. What were the results of your
- 10 additional testing?
- 11 A. The soils appeared to be suitable for
- 12 wastewater disposal by drip irrigation. Soil
- 13 permeabilities looked suitable. And
- 14 percolation test results generally indicated
- 15 suitable permeability.
- 16 Q. Are the soil profiles contained in your
- 17 letter?
- 18 A. They are.
- 19 Q. And again, was your supplemental
- testing consistent with your prior testing?
- 21 A. It was.
- 22 Q. Based on your supplemental testing, is
- 23 it still your opinion that on-site wastewater
- treatment and disposal is feasible for this

- 1 site?
- 2 A. Yes.
- MR. ADELMAN: I have nothing
- 4 further for Mr. Scott.
- 5 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr.
- 6 Adelman. I'm going to open up the floor then
- 7 for questions based on that limited testimony.
- 8 I'm going to go through the list, and I would
- 9 ask that when your name is called, if you are
- 10 here to let me know so I can mark it down, so
- 11 we don't have to ask that question all evening.
- 12 If someone sees someone who comes in late and
- is a party, please just let me know. I don't
- 14 want to leave anyone out. At the same time, I
- don't want to go over the list every time, as
- 16 we did last time.
- Ms. Camp, for the Planning
- 18 Commission?
- MS. CAMP: I have no questions
- 20 for Mr. Scott.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Crawford, for
- 22 the Birmingham Township, is not here this
- evening.
- Ms. Labrum, for Thornbury

```
1 Township, any questions?
```

- MS. LABRUM: No questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Thompson, for
- 4 Neighbors for Crebilly?
- 5 MR. THOMPSON: No questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Peter DuFault for
- 7 Brandywine Thornbury HOA?
- MR. DUFAULT: No questions.
- 9 MR. MCKENNA: John Martin or John
- Bertinatti, excuse me, of Radley Run III HOA?
- I do not hear anyone present for Radley Run III
- 12 HOA.
- 13 William Hoffman for Arborview
- 14 HOA? No one here for Arborview.
- 15 Gary Bevilacqua for West Glen
- 16 HOA?
- MR. BEVILACQUA: No questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Bevilacqua.
- 19 How about for the West Chester School District,
- 20 Mr. Bevilacqua.
- MR. BEVILACQUA: No questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. McFalls, for
- the Presbyterian church?
- MR. MCFALLS: No questions.

- 1 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. Chris
- 2 Feryo for the Quarry Swimming Association?
- MR. FERYO: No questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Spackman, for
- 5 Thornbury Farm Trust?
- 6 MR. SPACKMAN: No, I have no
- 7 questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Amy or Bradley
- 9 Harkins?
- MS. HARKINS: No questions.
- 11 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. Laura
- or Leonard Mammucari? Mammucaris are not here
- this evening.
- 14 Andy Gadaleto? Mr. Gadaleto is
- not here this evening.
- 16 Phillip Jones? Mr. Jones is not
- 17 here this evening.
- Mr. Moscharis?
- MR. FOX: Not here yet. No
- questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: Allison Cocoran,
- any questions? Ms. Cocoran is not here.
- Mr. Skupp, any questions? Mr.
- 24 Skupp is not here.

- 1 Diana Leraris, any questions?
- 2 She is not here.
- Boyer, any questions for the
- 4 witness? Mr. Boyer is not here.
- 5 Amy Murnane, any questions? She
- 6 is not here.
- 7 Kurt Wolter for Westtown Village,
- 8 LLC? Mr. Wolter is not here.
- 9 Mr. Crognale, any questions?
- 10 Nothing from Mr. Croquale.
- 11 Mr. Daull, Robert Daull, any
- 12 questions? Mr. Daull is not here.
- Scott Sobers, any questions? Mr.
- 14 Sobers is not present this evening.
- Walter Pavelchek, any questions?
- No questions for Mr. Pavelchek.
- 17 Phillip Yeager, any questions?
- 18 Mr. Yeager is not here.
- Mr. Cahill, any questions? Mr.
- 20 Cahill is not present.
- David Pryze, any questions?
- MR. PRYZE: I'm here, but no
- 23 questions yet.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you.

1 Jennifer or Jeffrey Kramer, any questions? 2 Kramers are not present. 3 Megan Bruns, any questions? 4 MS. BRUNS: No, thank you. 5 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. 6 Ed Skros, any questions? 7 Skros is not present. 8 Eileen Carey, any questions? 9 Carey is not present. 10 Jim McDermott, any questions? Not hearing any from Mr. McDermott. 11 12 I will note that there is a 13 number of people coming in at this time, so we will probably have to go through the list a 14 15 second time. 16 Dennis and Patricia McFadden, any 17 questions? 18 MR. MCFADDEN: No questions. 19 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. 20 Carol Weller, any questions? 21 MS. WELLER: No questions. 22 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Ms. 23 Weller.

Linda or Matt Reichert, any

24

```
1 questions? Reicherts are not present.
```

- All right. Back to you, Mr.
- 3 Adelman. We have gone through our list.
- 4 MR. ADELMAN: I have nothing
- 5 further for the witness.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you.
- 7 MR. HAWS: Actually, I have one
- 8 question.
- 9 MR. MCKENNA: I'm sorry. I
- 10 apologize. Do you have your mike?
- MS. DEWOLF: Is this on? Okay
- Why did you do further testing?
- 13 THE WITNESS: I was asked to do
- so by Toll Brothers.
- MS. DEWOLF: Excuse me?
- 16 THE WITNESS: I was asked to do
- so by Toll Brothers, and it was to supplement
- the previous evaluation that we had performed.
- MS. DEWOLF: Okay. I notice that
- 20 there was slower permeability on test sites
- 21 number 512, 512 and 512-1, which lowers the
- 22 ability for that to be a disposal area for the
- 23 drip irrigation site. In light of that, did
- 24 you have to change your northwest corner area

```
defined as a result of that not being a good
```

- 2 permeability site for drip irrigation?
- 3 THE WITNESS: No. Again, there
- 4 are about 25-and-a-half acres available, as
- 5 shown on the plan, for wastewater disposal.
- 6 That's a relatively very small fraction of
- 7 that, and so there is plenty of area. That
- 8 particular location is probably marginal, but
- 9 there is plenty of other area.
- 10 MS. DEWOLF: So you would just
- 11 make some of those other areas work as a result
- of your most recent study?
- 13 THE WITNESS: Well, again, this
- is very preliminary, preliminary and early, so
- the actual distribution of the system will
- depend on further evaluation. But those
- 17 smaller areas may not even need to be used. It
- is extra area.
- 19 MS. DEWOLF: Do you get into any
- of the setbacks of the two existing property
- owners on the west side if you need to extend
- 22 this area?
- THE WITNESS: I don't believe
- 24 that they are going to inhibit the placement of

- 1 the system in those areas.
- MS. DEWOLF: Thank you.
- MR. HAWS: Just one question. So
- 4 how did you determine where you placed the test
- 5 pits?
- Because I see that on the
- 7 catercorner corners there is more test pits on
- 8 the, I guess, what is that, north part of the
- 9 property versus on the back end there was only
- 10 three test pits.
- 11 THE WITNESS: The location where
- 12 there are six shown --
- MR. HAWS: Yes.
- 14 THE WITNESS: -- is I believe the
- southeastern portion.
- MR. HAWS: South, sure.
- 17 THE WITNESS: And the three are
- shown in the northwestern portion, so there are
- 19 fewer up in the northwest because we had
- 20 already done substantial evaluation of that
- 21 area, which was detailed in our previous
- 22 report.
- MR. HAWS: So moving forward
- 24 would you compile both reports to have one

- 1 overview, and overlay with all of the data on
- 2 one report?
- 3 THE WITNESS: I don't believe
- 4 that's necessary at this point. This letter is
- 5 an addendum to that previous report and so they
- 6 go together.
- 7 MR. HAWS: Okay. No further
- 8 questions.
- 9 MR. MCKENNA: All right. Mr.
- 10 Adelman, I think we are back to you.
- 11 MR. ADELMAN: I have nothing
- 12 further for this witness.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr.
- 14 Scott.
- 15 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 16 (Witness excused.)
- MR. ADELMAN: At this time I
- would like to call Fred Ebert to testify and be
- 19 sworn.
- 20 (Discussion off the record.)
- 21 FREDERICK E. EBERT,
- the witness herein, having first been
- 23 duly sworn on oath, was examined and
- 24 testified as follows:

- 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 2 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- 3 Q. Fred, please state your name and
- 4 business address for the record.
- 5 A. Frederick Eric Ebert, Ebert
- 6 Engineering, 4092 Skippack Pike, Skippack,
- 7 Pennsylvania.
- Q. Fred, I would like to show you what I
- 9 have marked as Exhibit A-23. Can you please
- 10 identify this document for the record.
- 11 A. This is my professional profile.
- MR. ADELMAN: If the Board so
- 13 pleases and we could dispense from
- qualifications, I ask for Mr. Ebert to be
- qualified as an expert in wastewater
- 16 engineering and permitting. He is a Licensed
- and Registered Professional Engineer in the
- 18 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with multiple
- decades of experience in wastewater engineering
- 20 and permitting. I would offer him as such an
- 21 expert.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Ebert, do you
- work for clients other than Toll Brothers?
- THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.

```
1
                     MR. MCKENNA: Any parties, any
 2
       counsel have any questions for the witness?
 3
                     Any objections to admitting him
 4
       as an expert in wastewater engineering?
 5
                     MS. CAMP: No objection on behalf
 6
      of the Planning Commission.
 7
                     MR. MCKENNA: I'm not hearing any
      objections. He will be admitted as an expert.
 8
 9
                     MR. HAWS: I'm sorry, just one
10
      question since it doesn't list, you know, his
11
      company or companies that he has worked in, can
      he just maybe give a brief history of his
12
      experience. It just says 20 years of
13
14
      engineering experience and he lists the clients
      he works for, but it doesn't say, you know, it
15
16
      doesn't give a curriculum vitae of what his
17
      work history is per se.
18
                     MR. ADELMAN:
                                   I'm sure Mr. Ebert
      can supply that for you, Mr. Haws. Fred,
19
      please go ahead if you can.
20
21
                     THE WITNESS:
                                   Absolutely.
22
      graduated from Lafayette College I worked for
23
      Chambers Associates, municipal engineer.
      then worked for Robert F. Preston Engineering,
24
```

- 1 where I became a partner. I had, approximately
- 2 12 years ago I formed my own firm, Ebert
- 3 Engineering, taking the partner, number of
- 4 employees from Robert F. Preston Engineering,
- 5 and we are now approximately 14 engineers
- 6 located in Skippack, Pennsylvania, representing
- 7 approximately 24 municipalities as well as
- 8 approximately 50 private clients.
- 9 MR. ADELMAN: Pat, is the Board
- 10 okay?
- MR. MCKENNA: I'm not hearing any
- 12 other questions, Gregg, so I think you are
- 13 fine.
- MR. ADELMAN: Great. Thank you.
- 15 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- 16 Q. Mr. Ebert, could you please describe
- 17 your involvement in Toll Brothers' proposed
- develop at the Crebilly Farm?
- 19 A. Yes. I was retained to determine, to
- 20 perform an evaluation of the feasibility for
- 21 the treatment of the wastewater, to review the
- 22 preliminary soil data, determine the best
- 23 methodology for the disposal of the wastewater,
- and to describe that in an expert report to the

- 1 Board.
- Q. Fred, I would like to show you what I
- 3 have marked as Exhibit A-24. Could you please
- 4 identify this document for the record.
- 5 A. This is a copy of the "Wastewater
- 6 Engineering Report for the Crebilly Farm
- 7 Wastewater Treatment Plant and Drip Disposal
- 8 System" that I personally prepared, dated April
- 9 18th, 2017.
- 10 Q. If you could tell us, in general, what
- 11 type of wastewater treatment will be required
- 12 to service the wastewater generated by the
- proposed development?
- 14 A. It would be an activated sludge
- 15 wastewater treatment plant which utilizes a
- 16 biological treatment system to provide both
- 17 nitrification and denitrification of the
- 18 wastewater, so that the disposal system and the
- soils do not have to perform any additional
- 20 treatment and solely have to dispose of the
- 21 fully treated and disinfected effluent.
- 22 Q. Could you please tell the Board, what
- is activated sludge?
- A. Activated sludge is a biological

- 1 process that, where the wastewater is treated
- 2 in a enhanced environment, basically by
- 3 biology, by bugs, microorganisms that eat and
- 4 decompose the wastewater, utilizing oxygen to
- 5 reduce the biological oxygen demand and to
- 6 perform the nitrification process where ammonia
- is converted to nitrates and nitrites, and then
- 8 denitrification for the nitrogen is given off
- 9 as a gas.
- 10 Q. And is this done as part of a
- 11 mechanical process?
- 12 A. Yes, it is a mechanical process where
- we add aeration and control the environment to
- 14 optimize the conditions for the treatment of
- 15 the wastewater.
- Q. And what specific methods of wastewater
- 17 treatment could be used to adequately treat the
- wastewater generated by the proposed
- 19 development?
- 20 A. We evaluated three different biological
- 21 treatment processes. The first one is what is
- 22 known as a sequential batch reactor process in
- which there would be two treatment trains.
- 24 Each train would come in and would fully treat

```
1
       the wastewater, going through an aerobic zone
 2
       where the nitrification process occurs, air
 3
       would be turned off, would become an anoxic
 4
       condition, which would perform denitrification,
 5
       where the nitrogen is given off as a gas,
 6
       followed by settling, where the solids and
 7
       sludge falls in biomass, settles to the bottom
 8
      and clear supernatant rises to the top, which
      is de-cantered off to a post-equalization tank,
 9
10
      where it is then conveyed for ultra-violet
      disinfection for disinfection prior to going to
11
12
      the effluent storage.
13
                     We evaluated a second process
14
      which was the Modified Bardenpho Process, MLE
      process, which is a flow through process of
15
16
      treatment. Does the same thing but utilizes
17
      multiple zones or multiple tanks to accomplish
18
      that.
19
                     The wastewater, after it being
20
      equalized in an influent equalization tank,
21
      which basically handles the diurnal variation
22
      flows, peak flows that occur in the first two
23
      to four hours in the morning, 6:00 to 9:00,
24
      peak flows that occur from 5:00 to 7:00 at
```

```
night are basically brought into this
 1
 2
       equalization tank, they are stored and evenly
 3
      distributed through the biological process
 4
      throughout an 18- to 24-hour depth.
                                             The flow
 5
       in the Modified Bardenpho would flow into an
      aeration tank, where biological oxidation
 6
 7
      demand is reduced, the nitrification process
 8
      occurs where ammonia is converted to nitrates
 9
      and nitrites and then flows into an anoxic
      zone, where denitrification occurs, followed by
10
      a final clarifier, where the solids are settled
11
12
      to the bottom. Clear supernatant flows over a
      weir into a post-equalization tank for
13
14
      disinfection.
15
                     The last and the third process --
16
      and there were multiple other processes that
17
      could be utilized -- is the Biologically
      Engineered Single Sludge Treatment Process,
18
19
      proprietary process by Purestream. It involves
      the flows coming into an anoxic zone first
20
      where denitrification occurs, followed by an
21
22
      aeration zone where biological oxygen demand is
23
      reduced, nitrification occurs.
```

And the difference here is it

24

- 1 goes through what is know as an up flow
- 2 clarifier. The advantage of this is it is
- 3 slightly more efficient in removing solids,
- 4 especially small solids such as pin floc prior
- 5 to it flowing over a weir to post equalization,
- 6 followed by, followed by disinfection via
- 7 ultra-violet disinfection to the post effluent
- 8 storage tank.
- 9 Q. Based on your knowledge and experience
- in wastewater treatment design and engineering,
- do you have an opinion as to whether these
- 12 methods would be approved by the Pennsylvania
- Department of Environmental Protection?
- 14 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. What is your opinion?
- A. I believe that all three processes
- would be permitted by the Pennsylvania
- Department of Environmental Protection.
- 19 Q. And what is the basis for your opinion?
- A. I have permitted, I have designed,
- 21 permitted, constructed, and they are currently
- operating, all three of these processes, within
- the last seven years, and multiple times for
- 24 multiple of these processes, not just one, but

- 1 I have done probably seven SBRs, three to five
- 2 MLE or Modified Bardenpho, and at least two
- 3 BESST systems.
- 4 Q. Now, turning to the method of disposal,
- 5 what is the proposed method of sewage disposal
- or wastewater disposal for the treated effluent
- 7 and how does that method work?
- A. The proposed method is drip irrigation,
- 9 where dripping emitters or drip tubing is
- 10 plowed into the soil at a depth of
- 11 approximately eight to 12 inches deep. The
- 12 emitters are all -- are sized to every two
- 13 feet, every two linear feet in the tubing. The
- 14 tubing is placed two to four feet apart. The
- 15 emitters are designed to uniformly convey
- 16 approximately .6 gallons per hour out of each
- emitter at a pressure range from 7 to 70 PSI.
- And the key to this is that no
- 19 matter where you are at on the site, high or
- low, the same amount of water goes into each,
- 21 goes to each emitter into the zone.
- 22 And then the zones are dosed
- 23 multiple times a day, depending on the drainage
- classification of that, and there is various

- 1 drainage classifications across the various
- 2 proposed drip irrigation fields.
- 3 So if it is a moderately deep,
- 4 well-drained soil it would be allowed to have
- 5 3,500 gallons per day per acre, whereas an area
- 6 that had deep, well-drained soils would be
- 7 allowed to have up to 6,000 gallons.
- So we would do, we would dose the
- 9 areas that had better soils, deep, well-drained
- soils, for a longer duration, more frequently
- 11 throughout the day, in order to achieve the
- 12 required loading.
- Q. Can drip irrigation function during the
- 14 winter months?
- 15 A. Yes, it does. It is all year round it
- 16 goes through there.
- 17 There is also an effluent storage
- tank, which is required by DEP, that we will
- store, we have to have the ability to store
- 20 three days of treated effluent. And the reason
- 21 for that is that if there is a mechanical
- 22 failure of a controller or a lightning strike
- that these components can have time to be
- 24 replaced and that the treated effluent is

- 1 stored on site during that time period.
- 2 The advantage of drip is that you
- 3 break the disposal fields into many smaller
- 4 zones and sub zones, so that if there is a
- 5 mechanical area which is a small area, you may
- 6 lose 5 percent of your overall disposal
- 7 capacity, and not the entire system or not even
- 8 an entire field.
- 9 So each field is broken down into
- 10 various zones and sub zones.
- 11 What we do when we dose the
- 12 fields after approximately 50 doses, we will
- then what is known as flush the system, and
- 14 that is where the waste, treated effluent is
- 15 run through the drip emitter or drip tubing at
- 16 a rather high velocity to scour any solids or
- 17 prevent any biological growth from occurring.
- We do always design in the
- 19 capability to inject a root inhibitor twice a
- year, and there is the ability to do a very
- 21 dilute acid wash to prevent any biological
- growth from occurring in the drip fields, and
- that is returned directly back to the treatment
- 24 plant for treatment.

- 1 Q. Have you reviewed GTA's preliminary
- 2 on-site wastewater report and the supplemental
- 3 report?
- A. Yes, I have.
- 5 Q. And based on that review, your
- 6 knowledge and experience in wastewater disposal
- 7 engineering and design, do you have an opinion
- 8 as to whether there is sufficient and suitable
- 9 ground available for drip disposal of the
- 10 treated wastewater?
- 11 A. Yes, I do.
- 12 Q. And what is your opinion?
- 13 A. I believe that there is adequate
- 14 disposal capacity. The reason is that the
- soils that have been identified by drainage
- 16 class in the 25.5 acres are either well-drained
- soils that have a loading rate of approximately
- 18 6,000 gallons per day per acre, or moderately
- deep, well-drained soils that have a loading
- 20 rate of approximately 3,500 gallons per day.
- If you were to assume that all
- the soils were at the lower rate of 3,500
- gallons per day, multiply it by 25.5 acres of
- usable drip disposal capacity, it will result

- in 89,000 gallons of disposal capacity, which
- 2 is approximately 110 percent of the projected
- 3 wastewater that will be generated on the site
- 4 of 80,750 gallons per day.
- 5 Q. And, Fred, ultimately what entity or
- 6 regulatory entity reviews, overviews and
- 7 permits the system?
- A. The Pennsylvania Department of
- 9 Environmental Protection.
- 10 Q. And would DEP, Pennsylvania Department
- of Environmental Protection, set the operating
- 12 parameters for the system?
- 13 A. Yes, they would.
- 14 Q. And what type of operating parameters
- would you expect for this type of system?
- 16 A. The operating parameters will be
- 17 established in the water quality management
- 18 permit. And as far as the treatment component,
- 19 it would identify a level of treatment that
- 20 would be put down in there, and, as we
- 21 described here, we are proposing a
- 22 denitrification system.
- It would then, through the review
- and approval of the planning module, would

- 1 identify the disposal capacity of each field or
- 2 sub field in there, which would identify the
- 3 loading rate of each field, which we would then
- 4 utilize in the detailed design to design the
- 5 amount of dosing and duration that each field
- or sub field would be dosed at, in accordance
- 7 with the PA DEP approved loading rates for
- 8 those fields.
- 9 Q. And how are these systems typically
- 10 operated and maintained, and by whom?
- 11 A. Operated and maintained by a licensed
- 12 operator. The first, the desire of everyone
- would be to have it dedicated to either the
- township and/or their authority.
- 15 If they didn't take dedication we
- would then look to a regional authority to
- 17 accept dedication. If the regional -- if there
- 18 was no regional authority that wanted to
- 19 operate and maintain it, we would then go to a
- 20 third-party Public Utility Commission regulated
- 21 entity such as Aqua PA, American Water, to, and
- 22 have them operate and maintain it in accordance
- with both DEP requirements, as well as the
- 24 Public Utility Commission requirements.

- 1 MR. ADELMAN: I have nothing
- 2 further.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr.
- 4 Adelman. We will open it up for questions.
- 5 Kristin Camp on behalf of the Planning
- 6 Commission.
- 7 MS. CAMP: Thank you.
- 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 9 BY MS. CAMP:
- 10 Q. Mr. Ebert, do you have a preference as
- 11 to which of the three processes you described
- in your report that you would suggest Toll
- 13 utilize?
- A. My preference would be for the
- sequential batch reactor process, the reason
- being is that there is multiple advantages
- during the initial start-up. I have the
- ability to not only adjust the operating level,
- which is a water level in the tank, to reduce
- 20 the capacity so that I can start at a lower
- 21 flow, I have the ability to only operate one of
- 22 the two sequential batch reactors and utilize
- 23 the influent equalization tank during that time
- 24 period.

```
1 The third thing is that I can
```

- 2 reduce the number of treatment cycles that are
- 3 done per day. Normally they are designed for
- 4 each reactor to treat four to five treatment
- 5 cycles per day. You can reduce that down to
- 6 two in order to have the start-up flows.
- 7 I believe that the SBR process
- 8 has a very controlled environment where we can
- 9 control and adjust through the duration of each
- 10 cycle the level of treatment, so that we can
- optimize it to insure that denitrification
- 12 occurs and to insure that we have adequate time
- to, for it to settle, so that we only receive
- 14 the best effluent or the cleanest effluent off
- 15 the top.
- 16 Q. Okay. And is there another alternative
- available for public sewer?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. That could be a fourth option?
- 20 A. Public sewer is always a preference.
- Q. Always?
- A. In every situation.
- Q. So you mentioned that you represent 24
- 24 municipalities. If a municipality asks for

- 1 your advice in the alternative between
- 2 designing a drip irrigation system versus
- 3 connecting to a public sewer system, is your
- 4 advice typically to suggest that they connect
- 5 to public sewer?
- A. In every situation.
- 7 Q. And why is that?
- 8 A. It is an already established entity
- 9 that has, it is an asset of the township. It
- is managed by professionals. You have no
- 11 issues with the initial start-up flows. It is
- 12 less infrastructure.
- The long-term results are that
- 14 the residents of this community will have a
- 15 lower operating cost and a lower sewer rental
- 16 fee. It also helps the overall community and
- 17 all the existing public sewer customers
- 18 because, by having a larger user base that's
- 19 fully utilizing that, the fixed costs of the
- 20 existing authority and treatment plant are
- 21 spread over a larger user base, which results
- 22 in less frequent and less significant increases
- in sewer rental rates as utilities and other
- operational costs increase over time.

- 1 Q. Thank you. And you are aware that the
- 2 township sewer engineer, Carroll Engineering,
- 3 in their correspondence of January 6th, 2017
- 4 recommends that the Board, recommended to the
- 5 Board for this particular development that they
- 6 connect into public sewer? You are aware of
- 7 that?
- 8 A. Yes, I am aware of that.
- 9 Q. And you also support that
- 10 recommendation then?
- 11 A. Yes, I do support that recommendation.
- 12 Q. And so as part of assuming that the
- Board were to approve the conditional use and
- 14 the applicant was to proceed through land
- development, as part of the planning module
- 16 process, it could go through the process of
- amending the township's Act 537 plan to have
- this property be part of the public sewer
- service, that would typically be what could
- 20 occur?
- 21 A. That's exactly, exactly what would
- 22 occur. And DEP would actually require that
- 23 that alternative be reviewed and determined to
- not be feasible in order for them to go to a

- 1 community system.
- Q. And have you done any analyses as to
- 3 the comparable costs for Toll to design, permit
- 4 and install a community system with drip
- 5 irrigation versus the cost to design, install
- 6 and connect to a public sewer system? Have you
- 7 done any of that analysis?
- A. I have not done a detailed analysis of
- 9 that. But based on similar projects, it would
- 10 be my opinion that the connection to the public
- sewer would be significantly less expensive.
- 12 Q. What about the time involved in terms
- of getting DEP permits, is it typically less,
- less of a timeframe or easier to get the permit
- approved through DEP if it is connecting to a
- 16 public sewer versus trying to get approval for
- 17 a community system using drip?
- 18 A. Significantly less time consuming and
- would be supported by DEP.
- Q. And what about ongoing maintenance? I
- 21 think you mentioned for a drip system typically
- the maintenance involved is maybe more
- cumbersome or more difficult?
- A. It absolutely is. The fields, which is

- 1 a grass crop that's grown on it, needs to be
- 2 maintained at a level of eight to 12 inches
- 3 above there, which means that it needs to be
- 4 mowed, and the grass clippings or whatever crop
- is chosen needs to actually be bailed and
- 6 removed, because any nitrogen that's given off
- 7 of the treated effluent is biologically used by
- 8 the grass or crop, and that contains a high
- 9 level of nitrogen.
- 10 So that is actually removed so
- 11 that we don't add additional nitrogen back into
- 12 the groundwater.
- 13 While drip irrigation areas are
- 14 common, connection to a public sewer is
- 15 significantly less cumbersome as far as
- operation and maintenance.
- 17 Q. Are you aware if Westtown currently,
- 18 today, has any public works employees that
- 19 would be capable of maintaining a drip
- 20 irrigation system?
- 21 A. I do not know, but I would say if they
- don't have one, most likely they are not. But
- I do not know their staff.
- Q. If they do not, they would have to have

- 1 someone who is specifically trained in being
- able to maintain a drip irrigation system?
- A. That is correct. Or they would have to
- 4 utilize a contract operator who would have to
- 5 be trained in that. And that's normally what
- 6 other municipalities do.
- 7 Q. You answered the question that a drip
- 8 irrigation system does work in winter months?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Does poor weather or cold temperatures
- 11 make it more difficult to maintain a drip
- 12 irrigation system?
- A. Actually, no, not at all, and
- 14 especially in this case, because in this case
- we are providing the mechanical treatment, it
- is doing all the treatment. So I'm not relying
- on the soils or crop uptake for nitrogen
- 18 removal. I'm doing that all biologically.
- So what we do during the winter
- 20 months is prior to the winter months we
- 21 establish a healthy crop, make sure that the
- crop installation is approximately eight to 12
- inches tall over the top of it, and then what
- we will do is we will increase the frequency

- 1 that we are disposing of the drip. So if I
- 2 normally during the summer would do five dose
- 3 cycles, I would increase it to six to eight
- 4 dose cycles during the winter. The reason is
- 5 you are always injecting 50- to 60-degree water
- 6 into the ground, and it prevents ice lenses
- 7 from forming down below it.
- 8 And this has had a proven
- 9 history. Drip irrigation is actually fairly
- 10 common in Canada, and actually a lot of our
- 11 technology came from Canada and our drip
- 12 emitters came from Canada.
- Everyone in Pennsylvania, myself
- included, had questions on it when we first
- 15 started utilizing and installing it ten years
- 16 ago. We have -- I am not aware of any issues
- with wet weather, ice lenses coming that would
- 18 prevent -- or allow the wastewater to come to
- 19 the surface.
- Q. Are there any odors associated with the
- 21 drip fields?
- 22 A. No. With drip fields, no, because it
- is fully treated effluent and it is discharged
- 24 and the drip emitters are installed eight to 12

- inches below the grade, compared to spray
- 2 irrigation where it is aerated out, and any
- 3 odors would be stripped out.
- 4 Here there is no exposure of the
- 5 wastewater to the atmosphere or to the air. It
- 6 is all done subterranean, so there is no --
- 7 limited chance for any gases to be released.
- Q. And what about limitations on the drip
- 9 field in terms of how they can be used, what
- 10 type of limitations of activity could occur on
- 11 the property?
- 12 A. Basically, no real activity can be
- 13 there. It would be passive recreation.
- Normally what we do is we install
- 15 fences around them. Somebody cuts through and
- 16 walks on it, no problem at all. That's not an
- issue. But what you don't want is repetitive
- area, you don't want a trail where you have 50
- 19 people walking the same area that would cause
- 20 compaction. The goal of it is to prevent
- 21 compaction. So any activity that did not
- result in compaction, not a problem.
- You know, somebody runs their dog
- 24 across it, that's not an issue at all. Kids

- 1 playing soccer in it, that's not an issue at
- 2 all.
- But what we do is, the reason we
- 4 keep the grass or the crop eight to 12 inches
- 5 is it basically discourages people from
- 6 utilizing those areas.
- 7 Q. Do you know if Toll has conducted any
- 8 preliminary analyses as to whether or not their
- 9 proposed development could connect into the
- 10 public sewer system?
- 11 A. I do not know. My scope was solely for
- 12 the treatment and disposal based on a unit
- 13 assessment.
- MS. CAMP: Nothing further.
- MR. MCKENNA: Ms. Labrum, any
- 16 questions for Thornbury?
- MS. LABRUM: No.
- 18 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. I will
- just point out for the sake of the public, if
- you have questions, there are two microphones
- 21 at either ends of the auditorium here this
- evening, and we do have a floating microphone
- down front in the audience. I would ask you if
- you do have questions, please come to a

- 1 microphone so we can hear all of you.
- 2 Mr. Thompson for Neighbors of
- 3 Crebilly?
- 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. THOMPSON:
- Q. Good evening, Mr. Ebert. I believe you
- 7 indicated that one of the options would be for
- 8 the township or its sewer authority to own a
- 9 proposed treatment plan; is that fair?
- 10 A. It would be offered for dedication to
- 11 them first.
- 12 Q. So the township would ultimately need
- to be the permittee before the DEP if that were
- 14 to happen; is that correct?
- 15 A. Yes, if they were to own and operate,
- they would be the permittee.
- 17 Q. How many townships for projects that
- 18 you have worked on have accepted for dedication
- 19 wastewater treatment plants?
- 20 A. The vast majority.
- Q. And they operate these wastewater
- treatment plants?
- 23 A. Yes, they are offered for dedication to
- them. There are a few that are offered by

- 1 third-party PUC. And the only ones that are
- 2 privately owned and operated are commercial
- 3 entities where the -- where one property owner
- 4 owns the entire property. But all the other
- 5 ones have been ultimately owned and operated by
- 6 the township.
- 7 Q. Of the three processes that you
- 8 discussed in your report, I think you said that
- 9 the sequential batch reactor was the preferred
- 10 process; is that correct?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- 12 Q. And how many have you designed and
- 13 permitted in Pennsylvania of that type of
- 14 system?
- 15 A. Country Crossing Wastewater Treatment
- 16 Plant in Warwick Township, Bucks County.
- 17 THE COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry,
- 18 sir?
- MR. ADELMAN: He asked how many.
- THE WITNESS: More than a dozen.
- 21 BY MR. THOMPSON:
- Q. What is the level or number of units
- 23 that you had permitted as far as those systems
- 24 goes? Is it more or less than the units that

- 1 are proposed?
- A. Honestly, both. Starting from 10,000
- 3 gallons, 6,000 gallons per day, going up to
- 4 numerous ones at 100,000, numerous ones in the
- 5 300,000 range, going up to 1.2 million gallons
- 6 per day.
- 7 Q. So this is in the middle of the range
- 8 or the high end of that range?
- 9 A. And this is exactly the reason that I
- selected the sequential batch reactor process.
- 11 If the flows were significantly lower, like
- 12 10,000 gallons, I would have gone with the flow
- through, Modified Bardenpho Process. Or if it
- 14 would be in excess of two million gallons, I
- would have gone with a flow through process
- 16 with primary clarifiers and things like that.
- Every situation is unique. But
- in my opinion, between 60,000 gallons and
- 19 400,000 gallons sequential batch reactor
- 20 process is probably -- it is the most popular
- 21 for a reason. It is the best application. It
- is the most efficient from an energy
- 23 standpoint, from a sludge standpoint, and, most
- importantly, it produces the best quality

- 1 effluent.
- Q. And the other options, the Modified
- 3 Bardenpho Process and the BESST Process, are
- 4 those typically used in Pennsylvania?
- 5 A. Oh, yes.
- Q. So all throughout the northeast?
- 7 A. Oh, yes. I can only speak to
- 8 Pennsylvania, Jersey and Delaware, and
- 9 Maryland, and all three of them are commonly
- 10 utilized in those three states as -- go ahead.
- 11 Q. Sorry. You have been involved in
- 12 getting those systems permitted through the
- 13 DEP?
- 14 A. Yes, I permitted, I have designed and
- permitted each one of those three systems.
- 16 That's why I felt qualified to make that
- 17 recommendation.
- 18 Q. Okay. Correct me if I'm wrong. I
- think you said that the system would handle
- 20 89-, or at least the areas that are designated
- on the plan to be drip irrigation areas would
- handle up to 89,000 gallons per day?
- 23 A. That would be the least conservative.
- On the treatment process, the design of the

- 1 treatment plant is 317 residential units, two
- 2 community centers, each being assigned six --
- 3 or three EDUs each, for a total of 323 EDUs,
- 4 multiplied by the township's defined -- EDU is
- 5 an equivalent dwelling unit -- multiplied by
- 6 the township's defined flow per EDU of 250
- 7 gallons per day per EDU equals 80,750 gallons.
- 8 What I then testified on the drip
- 9 disposal was that the disposal fields using the
- 10 worst -- not the worst but moderately
- 11 well-drained soils, which was the lower of the
- 12 two drainage classifications, would result in
- 13 89,000 and change gallons per day disposal
- 14 capacity.
- Q. And so is that a safety factor that DEP
- 16 usually factors in?
- 17 A. No. What it is is the actual soils
- that were identified by the soils scientist
- were in excess. As we go through, we actually
- design the disposal fields so that it has, it
- 21 maxes the treatment capacity.
- Q. Well, no. So my question is: Is there
- a design, a safety design factor that DEP
- 24 requires?

- A. No, there is not. The safety factor is
- 2 designed into the flow per EDU and the fact
- 3 that the residential units will produce less
- 4 than 250 gallons per day. And going there, DEP
- 5 does not require a 10 percent factor of safety
- or any factor of safety. The factor of safety
- 7 is all borne out through the science and your
- 8 disposal capacity as to equal your treatment
- 9 capacity.
- There is nothing that will
- 11 prevent you, that would prevent you from not
- 12 designing and permitting and constructing
- 13 excess. But there is no regulatory requirement
- 14 that I'm aware of.
- 15 Q. Do these systems wear out over time?
- 16 A. They are constantly -- that's why we
- 17 have ownership and maintenance by municipal or
- 18 third-party PUC. As components wear out they
- 19 are replaced.
- 20 Q. How about the drip irrigation areas, do
- 21 they eventually stop working?
- A. Well, no. And that's the reason that
- we rely upon a biological treatment system, so
- 24 that the treatment, mechanical treatment plant

- does all the treatment and does not rely on the
- 2 soils to do any treatment. So we try to put
- 3 the cleanest effluent possible, so the only
- 4 thing the soils have to do is absorb it.
- 5 And the reason we pick the best
- 6 drainage classifications is rain has fallen on
- 7 that ground for 200 years and it is still
- 8 permeable and still properly draining.
- 9 The reason on-lot, individual
- on-lot systems fail is that they are relying on
- 11 the soils to do the treatment, as well as the
- 12 disposal, and that treatment creates different
- 13 biology, which inhibits the permeability of the
- 14 soils.
- 15 Here, we are trying to mimic
- Mother Nature and we are trying to put effluent
- on there that, as closely as possible, matches
- 18 rainwater. So we want to do this and have it
- just do it as is naturally done, absorb the
- 20 rainwater, absorb the treated effluent and go
- 21 down. And that's why we chose drip irrigation,
- 22 because it uniformly distributes it across the
- 23 entire field.
- 24 And we do what is known as a

- 1 mounding analysis so that it does not raise the
- 2 naturally occurring groundwater table to within
- 3 four feet of the emitters. That's our
- 4 requirement to meet.
- 5 Q. Are there certain parameters that you
- 6 have to meet under DEP standards for, let's
- 7 say, effluent pollutants? I mean, you
- 8 indicated that nitrogen was one of the things
- 9 that was going to be put into the ground and I
- 10 guess grown as a grass, so to speak. Are there
- 11 levels of pollutant parameters?
- 12 A. Yes. Yes, there are. The parameters
- are identified by the PA DEP in the water
- quality management permit, which is the permit
- that the DEP issues to the owner and operator,
- which defines the level of treatment that is
- 17 required by the mechanical treatment plant
- 18 prior to it being discharged to the drip
- 19 disposal fields.
- Q. So there is some level, it is not
- entirely clean, the effluent?
- 22 A. Oh, no, absolutely not. There always
- 23 will be a level of nitrogen in there, which we
- are designing for less than ten. I actually

- 1 conservatively design for 15, design the
- 2 treatment plant for less than ten milligrams
- 3 per liter of total nitrogen, but I do my basis
- 4 of design and my disposal fields based on 15
- 5 milligrams per liter, which I guess would be
- 6 your factor of safety.
- 7 We also, in order to reach those
- 8 levels of denitrification, you have to reduce
- 9 the biological oxygen demand to less than ten
- 10 milligrams per liter. All three treatment
- 11 systems that I have suggested will also reduce
- 12 the total suspended solids down to less than
- 13 ten milligrams per liter.
- Our goal is to make the soils
- work, to utilize the soils as least amount as
- possible in the treatment of wastewater.
- Q. But the soils are utilized?
- 18 A. Soils will naturally treat wastewater.
- 19 Any contaminant that comes into it, Mother
- Nature does a great job, and those microbes
- 21 that are in there will gobble up any carbon
- source or any nitrogen that you have, the same
- 23 way fertilizing a lawn. The grass and the crop
- is gorgeous because it is equivalent of

- 1 irrigating and fertilization. Basically, what
- 2 we are doing here is exactly what a golf course
- 3 does.
- 4 Q. So you mentioned nitrogen as a
- 5 pollutant that would be in that water. What
- 6 are the other parameters that DEP tests for?
- 7 A. Normally it is just biological oxygen
- 8 demand and total suspended solids coming out of
- 9 the treatment plant.
- There is also additional, there
- 11 will be monitoring wells located both
- 12 upgradient and downgradient of every disposal
- 13 field. They are tested quarterly. There is a
- series of parameters that they test. I don't
- 15 remember them all off the top of my head.
- Nitrogen is the largest one that we're normally
- 17 concerned about. But they would include
- 18 temperature, I mean everything, the pH, making
- 19 sure that we are not changing the
- 20 characteristics of the groundwater table.
- 21 And then we -- what is required
- is normally we sample them quarterly, there is
- a requirement to do an annual report, every
- year, and at the end of five years there is a

- 1 significantly more involved, water quality
- 2 report that's done to the PA DEP, and it is
- 3 reviewed by their staff, hydrogeologists, as
- 4 well as the soil scientists.
- 5 Q. What happens if the testing of those
- 6 wells determine that there is excess nitrogen
- 7 in the water?
- A. The level of treatment would be
- 9 required to be increased such that the total
- 10 level of nitrogen leaving the property will be
- 11 less than ten milligrams per liter.
- 12 Q. Now, how does the system, either of the
- 13 three options, how do those systems handle
- 14 pharmaceuticals or chemical compounds that are
- 15 flushed down the toilet or down the sink?
- 16 A. It is a biological system. It breaks
- down biologically the same way our bodies do.
- When we take pharmaceuticals in, it goes in,
- 19 the microorganisms that are in our stomach that
- 20 break that down, that allow it to be utilized
- 21 by our body are the same microorganisms that
- are flushed down the toilet and become the
- 23 biomass at the treatment plant.
- 24 The advantage there is that there

```
1 is a highly concentrated amount of biomass that
```

- 2 comes in and can take all those pharmaceuticals
- 3 and biologically degrade them the same as our
- 4 bodies do.
- 5 MR. THOMPSON: That's all I have.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr.
- 7 Thompson.
- Peter DuFault, Brandywine at
- 9 Thornbury, any questions?
- MR. DUFAULT: No questions.
- MR. MCKENNA: All right. Bear
- 12 with me, ladies and gentlemen. There is a
- 13 number of people who came in late. I'm going
- 14 to run through my list again a second time to
- 15 confirm who is here and who isn't here as
- 16 quickly as possible.
- 17 Anyone here for Radley Run III
- 18 HOA?
- Anyone here for Arborview HOA?
- MR. HOFFMAN: Yes. William
- 21 Hoffman.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Hoffman, do you
- have any questions?
- MR. HOFFMAN: I do not.

```
1 MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Bevilacqua, do
```

- 2 you have any questions for West Glen HOA or the
- 3 school district?
- 4 MR. BEVILACQUA: No questions.
- 5 MR. MCKENNA: Mr. McFalls, any
- 6 questions for the church?
- 7 MR. MCFALLS: No.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Feryo, do you
- 9 have any questions for the Swimming
- 10 Association?
- MR. FERYO: No, we do not.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Spackman, any
- questions for the Thornbury Farm Trust?
- MR. SPACKMAN: Yes, I have a
- 15 question.
- MR. MCKENNA: If you wouldn't
- mind coming to the microphone.
- MR. SPACKMAN: Hello. I'm
- getting over a cold, so I lost a little of my
- 20 voice.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Spackman, if
- you can get right up real close to that
- 23 microphone, I'd appreciate it.
- MR. SPACKMAN: I'm getting over a

- 1 cold too. It is not helping the situation at
- 2 all.
- I have a small background in
- 4 soils from farming myself. One question I had
- 5 is you said that you have a three-day holding
- 6 capacity for the effluents in case of a power
- 7 failure or mechanical failure. How many
- 8 gallons is that for a three-day holding
- 9 capacity?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Approximately
- 11 242,350 gallons per day. It would be 80,750
- gallons times three, so it would be actually
- 13 242,250 gallons.
- MR. SPACKMAN: How is that
- 15 conveyed or how is that held, above ground or
- 16 below ground structure? What is that? That's
- 17 a very sizable --
- 18 THE WITNESS: It can be either.
- 19 I normally recommend a precast post-tensioned
- 20 underground tank. The reason is that I want to
- 21 keep it underground where the temperature of
- 22 the wastewater, of the treated effluent is
- maintained at approximately 50 to 60 degrees,
- same as a geothermal. I don't want to chill

```
1 that wastewater, for it to occur during the
```

- 2 winter, where I would have the chance of
- 3 putting 35-degree effluent out into a disposal
- 4 field.
- 5 So I try, my preference is to
- 6 keep it at grade and under so that I retain as
- 7 much heat as possible. Heat is also retained
- 8 by the selection of precast post-tensioned
- 9 tanks. Concrete is a very good insulator,
- surrounded by soil.
- 11 That's my preference. But,
- 12 honestly, I have millions of gallons located
- above grade in Upper Uwchlan Township. We have
- above-grade precast post-tensioned tanks. I
- 15 have done it with steel tanks, above grade, and
- 16 it never had a problem.
- 17 You know, the goal is that you
- are utilizing that, but it is a mechanical
- 19 system.
- MR. SPACKMAN: All right.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Things are going to
- 22 break. Lightening strikes. Electrical issues
- 23 happen. You have to be prepared for it.
- MR. SPACKMAN: One of my other

```
1
      questions, in a system of this size, it sounds
 2
      very impressive, where will the infrastructure
 3
      be located on the site? It would be a gravity
      system, so the power from the homes, how is
 4
 5
      that going to get to your --
 6
                     THE WITNESS: What would normally
7
      happen is, the majority of the site, and I did
8
      not do a collection system, but I'm generally
9
      familiar with the site --
10
                     MR. SPACKMAN:
                                   Right.
11
                     THE WITNESS: -- we follow the
12
      concourse of streams down to the bottom.
                                                 Αt
13
      that point there would be a pump station which
14
      would have an emergency generator. Emergency
15
      generator would be sized for 24 hours of
16
      continuous run with a diesel tank, which would
17
      then pump it to the treatment site.
18
                     There are various areas across
19
      the site that we can locate the treatment
20
      plant. The treatment plant is recommended but
21
      not required to be located a minimum of 250
22
      feet away from any occupied dwelling unit.
23
      we have analyzed the site and come up with
```

various locations across the site where we can

24

```
1 locate the treatment plant.
```

- 2 From there it would be pumped.
- 3 The treatment plant would also have an
- 4 emergency generator on it, which would provide
- 5 power to, to that, and that would be able to
- 6 dose all the disposal fields out, out in the
- 7 system.
- MR. SPACKMAN: Are you
- 9 using chlorine as a dosing --
- 10 THE COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry,
- 11 sir. Are you using that?
- MR. SPACKMAN: I'm sorry. Are
- 13 you using chlorine as a dosing for the
- sanitation for the end product?
- 15 THE WITNESS: As part of the
- disinfection, no, I'm not. We are using
- 17 ultra-violet disinfection, which is
- 18 ultra-violet light, which kills it. It is a
- 19 biological system. And grass.
- So I don't want to increase, even
- 21 though you can use a dechlorination agent, I
- 22 want to minimize the amount of chemicals that
- are on the site and ultimately being conveyed
- 24 to the groundwater table.

- 1 MR. SPACKMAN: Okay. Thank you. 2 MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr. 3 Spackman. 4 Bradley or Amy Harkins, do you 5 have any questions? 6 MS. HARKINS: No questions. 7 MR. MCKENNA: Mammucaris here? Do you have any questions? 8 9 Mr. Gadaleto, are you here? 10 you have any questions? 11 MR. GADALETO: I'm here. I don't 12 have any questions. 13 MR. MCKENNA: Phillip Jones, are 14 you present? 15 Mr. Moscharis, are you present? 16 Allison Cocoran, are you present? 17 Benjamin Skupp, are you present at this time? 18
- 19 Diana Leraris, are you here this
- 20 evening?
- 21 Ed Boyer, are you present? Have
- 22 any questions?
- MR. BOYER: I am. No questions
- 24 at this time.

```
1
                      MR. MCKENNA: Amy Murnane, are
 2
       you present and have any questions?
 3
                      Kurt Wolter, are you present this
 4
       evening?
 5
                      Mr. Crognale, do you have any
 6
       questions?
                   Are you present this evening?
 7
                      Robert Daull, are you here this
 8
       evening?
 9
                     MR. DAULL: I am.
                                         I have one
10
      quick question.
11
                          It is Bob Daull, D-A-U-L-L.
12
      163 Lake Drive, Westtown Township. We live in
13
      very close proximity to Crebilly Farm. It is a
      small, two-street development, Lake Drive and
14
      Serpentine Drive. We are all on wells and
15
16
      septic systems. And I asked this question at
17
      the last meeting, but I would like to get a
18
      second opinion. We also have underground
19
      streams running from Crebilly Farm. We are
20
      down hill from Crebilly, and we have
      underground streams running from Crebilly into
21
22
      our area.
23
                     Do you take into consideration
24
      nearby developments that are on septics and on
```

```
wells, and whether or not this system that you
 1
 2
      are suggesting for Crebilly could have an
 3
      adverse effect if something did go wrong?
                     THE WITNESS: Yes. We absolutely
 5
           The first thing is that we ask -- the
 6
      reason we have monitoring of wells surrounding
      our drip fields, so that's an early warning if
 7
 8
      for some reason the nitrogen levels were to --
 9
      are required to be less than ten milligrams per
10
      liter, which is a safe drinking limit, so we
11
      have, we have an obligation to maintain less
12
      than that at the property line, so we have a
13
      network of monitoring wells located adjacent,
14
      downstream, downgradient of each disposal field
      that we monitor quarterly.
15
16
                     So we will look for -- and an
17
      engineer is required to evaluate that at the
18
      end of the year. What we are looking for are
19
      trends, where the factor of nitrogen level is
20
      maximum of 6.4 milligrams per liter, we are
21
      looking for trends that over time it is
22
      creeping from six to seven to eight, at that
23
      point we could proactively look at the
24
      treatment system, see what is going on, or
```

- redistribute the amount of effluent that's going somewhere.
- 3 Maybe there is an issue with the
- 4 control logic, that this field is being dosed
- 5 twice as much as another one. Someone entered
- 6 the wrong data. We know that. So that's a
- 7 stopgap that the DEP puts in place, and that is
- 8 then monitored by the professional engineer on
- 9 an annual basis, and that report is then
- 10 reviewed by a professional hydrogeologist
- 11 that's at the Department of Environmental
- 12 Protection.
- So the township engineer or
- 14 third-party PUC engineer, whatever consulting
- engineer, can't fake the numbers and can't not
- 16 identify it, because it is double checked. DEP
- 17 has placed the checks and balances in place
- 18 there. So we know anything that is going to
- 19 happen, we have various checks and balances in
- 20 place before it would leave our property to the
- 21 point where it could impact a private
- 22 residence.
- MR. DAULL: So the probability of
- 24 something adversely affecting our wells is

```
1
       very--
 2
                      THE WITNESS: Very low. I'm not
 3
      aware of it happening in a recently designed,
 4
      recently, 1990 plus, you know, system, on-site
      disposal system, and that's the reason that we
 5
      are not relying on the soils and the
 6
 7
      groundwater to do the work of the treatment.
 8
      We are doing it mechanically. And we are
 9
      testing it on a weekly basis at the treatment
10
      plant so that we know what we are putting in
11
      the soil.
12
                     The soil then, you know, as the
      other person had said, the soil is going to
13
      still do treatment. No matter what you put in
14
15
      there, rainwater, it is going to treat. So we
16
      have done all those parameters, and I am not
      aware of any that have had issues or put under
17
      consent order, to my knowledge. I'm not saying
18
19
      they don't exist. I'm not aware of that.
20
                     MR. DAULL: Okay. Thank you.
21
                     MR. MCKENNA:
                                   Thank you, Mr.
22
      Daull.
23
                     Scott Sobers, are you present
```

24

this evening?

```
1
                      Mr. Pavelchek, are you here this
 2
       evening?
 3
                      Phillip Yeager, are you present?
 4
                      Jim Cahill, are you here tonight?
 5
                      David Pryze, do you have any
 6
       questions?
 7
                      MR. PRYZE: I do. Most of what
 8
       we talked about has been all about drip
 9
       irrigation, and I've heard a couple of the
10
       effluent going into several different tanks.
11
      just want -- I can't see the plans from back
12
      there, so, therefore, I'm going to ask a
13
      question. Is there going to be any retention
14
      ponds at all with any aeration?
15
                     We know that aeration clears
16
      completely black water, but I just want to make
      sure that that is going to be the case, because
17
18
      at that point then we are worried about the
19
      stench, and then also what that is going to do
      to bring the geese into, more into the
20
21
      neighborhood.
22
                     THE WITNESS: There are no
23
      proposed storage lagoons, aeration storage
24
      lagoons. The mechanical treatment plant is
```

- located -- it is a pre-cast concrete tank,
- 2 probably 40 by 40. Two trains there. But
- 3 there would be grading on top of that. And
- 4 that's where all the treatment contains in that
- 5 one thing.
- 6 But there is no storage lagoons
- 7 like you would see if you drove north on Route
- 8 100, where you would see that in Upper Uwchlan
- 9 Township. That's where most people are
- 10 familiar with. There they are treatment in a
- 11 lagoon and they also did storage in a lagoon.
- 12 In this case we are doing it all
- in a pre-cast concrete tank. And then the
- 14 actual three days of storage, I'm recommending
- and would design it that it would be covered
- 16 storage. The reason it would be covered
- 17 storage is I don't want to have sunlight get
- in, which would cause algae to form, which
- 19 would cause me to do additional filtration, so
- it wouldn't qualify dripping methods.
- 21 So once I've got it clean, I want
- 22 to keep it underground in a storage tank,
- covered, so no air gets into it, and I want to
- 24 maintain that water level as low as possible at

```
1
       all times.
 2
                      The goal is to get it in, treat
 3
       it as fast as you can, and dispose of it as
       fast as you can, in accordance with the
       application rates. And that's just the number
 5
 6
       one rule in wastewater.
 7
                      MR. PRYZE: Thank you.
 8
                      MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, Mr.
 9
       Pryze.
10
                      Jennifer or Jeff Kramer, are you
11
       present?
12
                      MS. KRAMER: I am present. No
13
      questions.
14
                      MR. MCKENNA: Ms. Bruns, any
15
      questions?
16
                     MS. BRUNS: No questions.
17
                     MR. MCKENNA: Thank you.
18
                     Mr. Skros, are you present?
19
                     MR. SKROS: Here. No questions.
20
                     MR. MCKENNA: Eileen Carey, are
21
      you present?
22
                     Jim McDermott, are you present?
23
                     Dennis or Patricia McFadden, any
24
      questions?
```

```
1
                      MS. MCFADDEN: I have a question.
 2
       I'm confused about whether the drain fields can
       be utilized by youth. I thought I heard you
 3
 4
       say fence go around it because it can't be
       compacted, but then you said, I thought, that
 5
      kids could play soccer on it, but then I heard
 6
 7
      grass has to stay eight to 12 inches high.
                                                    So
 8
      it seems like there is some, I don't know,
 9
      maybe I'm confused.
10
                     THE WITNESS: No, no. I'll
11
      clarify it. You really -- passive recreation
12
      is allowed. We discourage it because we don't
13
      want any compaction and go down through there.
14
      So we would not want any planned active
15
      recreation on there.
16
                     What the point I was trying to
17
      make is that you can't control kids. I have
18
      two boys. If they want to go out and play on
      it, they are not going to have an impact.
19
20
                     If we had an organized soccer
      league coming on there, it would cause me more
21
      concern. All the literature, it is done
22
23
      elsewhere. I like to protect wastewater fields
24
      as much as I can so that it just serves that
```

```
1 sole purpose of disposing of the treated
```

- effluent, so that's why we discourage it.
- But what I want everyone to know
- 4 is that, oh, my gosh, kids ran across it, did
- 5 they just do damage? No, they didn't do damage
- 6 to that. We farm that field --
- 7 MS. MCFADDEN: I understand. You
- 8 discouraging it, though, I had a neighborhood
- 9 volleyball game on my yard for 20 years, and
- 10 there was a lot of people, and it was very
- organized, but I'm sure my neighbors weren't
- 12 encouraging it either, but things happen, and
- organization becomes the norm. So, you know,
- 14 you discourage it. Who is maintaining this
- discouragement that's not supposed to compact
- 16 it? Who is paying attention to it?
- 17 THE WITNESS: The operator does.
- 18 The operator does that by, through the actions
- 19 and maintenance of the field. You can't stop
- 20 it. By allowing the grass to be eight to 12
- 21 inches high discourages people from playing
- volleyball, because who is playing volleyball
- on eight to 12 inches high of grass.
- 24 And it would be owned and

```
1 maintained by the township, so a private
```

- 2 resident can't go out and cut it. That's why
- 3 we put the fence around, so someone doesn't
- 4 drive their lawn mower out there.
- 5 Will it cause a problem? No. We
- 6 have sand mounds and the vast majority of
- 7 people's backyards, we have played on them
- 8 forever and it has not caused an issue.
- 9 But when you have this many
- 10 people in a specific purpose, in the
- 11 engineering world we try to maximize the
- disposal fields for the sole purpose of
- disposal of effluent there.
- MS. MCFADDEN: Okie-dokie. Thank
- 15 you.
- MR. MCKENNA: Ms. Weller, any
- 17 questions?
- MS. WELLER: No questions.
- 19 MR. MCKENNA: Linda or Matt
- 20 Reichert, are you present?
- Okay. Does the Board have any
- 22 questions?
- MS. DEWOLF: Yes. For this
- 24 development, you have said that the costs would

```
1 be spread over a larger user base. Can you
```

- 2 explain how for a new development your costs
- 3 would be shared by other existing customers or
- 4 residents?
- 5 THE WITNESS: That was in the
- 6 question, the reference to that question was if
- 7 we were to connect to the public sanitary sewer
- 8 system, and not build this community system.
- 9 If we were to connect to the public sanitary
- sewer system we would become an existing
- 11 customer of the authority, and we would be
- joining a larger user base. That was solely in
- reference to connection to public sewer.
- MS. DEWOLF: Are you familiar
- that we do not have an authority?
- 16 THE WITNESS: Then it would be
- 17 the township which goes to the authority. I
- misspoke then.
- MS. DEWOLF: So what I hear you
- say, is this correct, you are saying that your
- 21 costs would be subsidized by other residents if
- we went to public sewer? That's your
- 23 expectation?
- THE WITNESS: No, that's not. My

```
statement was that the sewer user rates, the
 1
       residents, the future property owners of this
 2
       development would enjoy a lower sewer rental
 3
       rate if they were connected to public sewer.
 4
       The installation of the collection conveyance
 5
       and the purchase of capacity if public sewer
 6
       were the selected option would be borne solely
 7
 8
      by the developer.
 9
                      So he would install the entire
10
      collection system, all necessary, all necessary
      wastewater infrastructure to convey it to the
11
      existing public sewer system. He would then
12
13
      purchase capacity, which would include two
      parts of capacity, one part of the tap-in fee,
14
      through the purchase of tap-in fees.
15
      tap-in fee is comprised of two units. One unit
16
      is for the treatment proportion as to where he
17
18
      purchases his share of the existing treatment
19
              The other portion is for the
20
      conveyance, where he pays back the township
21
      and/or authority who install the existing
      infrastructure which he would utilize from his
22
23
      connection point to convey the raw wastewater
```

to the wastewater treatment plant.

24

MS. DEWOLF: The second question 1 2 I have is in respect to a comment you made about groundwater. You said that in the drip 3 4 irrigation that you cannot raise the 5 groundwater to the ground table or you could 6 not raise groundwater table more than 7 something. And I'm not sure, are you familiar 8 with what the groundwater level is at this 9 time? The geotechnical specialist at our last 10 meeting referenced groundwater at 4.4 feet in 11 that disposal area. 12 THE WITNESS: And how that is --13 MS. DEWOLF: How much is that 14 groundwater going to increase by a system put 15 on it? And explain how you are not going to be 16 able to elevate that groundwater by this system 17 and disposing in that area. 18 THE WITNESS: Okay. As part of 19 the sewage facilities planning requirements we 20 are required to do a mounding analysis. And 21 the purpose of the mounding analysis, the first 22 step in the mounding analysis is to drill our 23 monitoring wells in the proposed disposal areas 24 to monitor the groundwater table. They then

```
use the pit and well program and a series of pumping tests to determine the transitivity
```

- 3 between the monitoring wells, how you
- distribute, based upon that they will establish
- 5 the seasonal high groundwater table based on
- 6 the ten-year, the highest groundwater, the
- 7 highest calculated groundwater table in ten
- 9 years as a starting point.
- 9 They then add the impact of the
- 10 treated effluent disposed in that area. That's
- 11 known as the map. That's taking the ten-year
- 12 seasonal high-water table, the mound is then
- 13 calculated on top of that.
- 14 The requirements by the DEP are
- 15 that there has to maintain four feet from the
- 16 top of that mound at the highest point of any
- disposal field to the groundwater surface. If
- that is not maintained, the area with a high
- 19 groundwater table would be removed, or the
- 20 application rate would be reduced in that area
- 21 to maintain that four-foot elevation from the
- ten-year seasonal high groundwater table, plus
- 23 the application of our treated effluent to the
- 24 soil.

```
1
                     MS. DEWOLF: So from what you
 2
      have just said it sounds like this disposal
 3
      area would have to be elevated from its current
      level significantly, if groundwater is at four
 4
 5
      feet now, as you testified.
 6
                     THE WITNESS: That area --
 7
                     MS. DEWOLF: Not you but a prior.
 8
                     THE WITNESS:
                                   That area would
 9
      most likely be excluded from that, and that is
10
      why they tested in excess areas of what is
11
      required as you go --
12
                     MS. DEWOLF: Would be excluded
13
      from what?
14
                     THE WITNESS: Would not be
15
      approved as part of the planning module. So
16
      what they would do is you would test areas as
17
      our application did here, where we test, and if
18
      we used every area at the lowest application
19
      rate, we would have 89,000. I only need
      80,750. Half of the areas were deep,
20
21
      well-drained soils at an application rate of
22
      6,000 gallons per acre, and half of them were
      at 3,000. I would probably have an excess of
23
24
      approximately five acres that would not be
```

- 1 required.
- 2 So areas that are marginal, have
- 3 a seasonal high groundwater table, would be
- 4 excluded from that. But DEP's hydrogeologists
- 5 will guarantee that. And we will do detailed,
- 6 a license soil scientist will do detailed test
- 7 pits that are witnessed by DEP, and then the
- 8 mounding analysis which must be performed by a
- 9 professional hydrogeologist is then reviewed by
- 10 DEP's professional hydrogeologists to insure
- 11 that both of those things occur.
- 12 It is not uncommon for us to lose
- disposal capacity, and that's why we start out
- 14 testing 25.5 acres, knowing that we really only
- need, I'm not sure of the exact number, 20
- 16 acres, 18 acres, because you will lose some
- during the approval process.
- MS. DEWOLF: Have you figured out
- 19 what that acreage is that you need for this EDU
- 20 expectation for the 323 homes?
- 21 THE WITNESS: I have -- the
- 22 detailed soil, DEP-witnessed soil testing has
- not been completed, nor has the final mounding
- 24 analysis been done.

```
1
                     The previous expert did perform a
 2
      mounding analysis which concluded that there
 3
      was areas. But that's out of my area of
 4
      expertise as to where it is. I looked at it on
 5
      the worst case scenario, assuming that if we
 6
      used the 25.5, we use the lowest loading rate
 7
      of 3,500 for moderately well-drained. Did not
 8
      take credit for any deep, well-drained soils
 9
      that are present on the site that would have a
10
      loading rate of 6,000 gallons. And that's what
11
      I based my opinion on.
12
                     MS. DEWOLF: Given that some, I
13
      guess my question is, because you are
14
      discouraging recreation from those drip
      irrigation areas, did you use this area as part
15
16
      of your calculation for your open space and
17
      your prior recreation acreage?
18
                     THE WITNESS: That's out of my
19
      field of expertise.
20
                     MS. DEWOLF: I guess I would have
21
      that for another person testifying on your
22
      behalf.
23
                     One question. Are you familiar
```

with the drug take-back program?

```
1
                      THE WITNESS: I think that's out
 2
       of my area of expertise.
 3
                     MS. DEWOLF: Okay. You commented
       on pharmaceuticals and how they could all be
 4
       decomposed biologically through a drip
 5
 6
       irrigation system. You testified on that.
 7
                     THE WITNESS: What I testified
 8
      to--
 9
                     MS. DEWOLF: We have a program in
      Westtown and throughout the county that we
10
      specifically tell people to bring their drugs
11
12
      to us.
13
                     THE WITNESS: Oh, absolutely.
14
                     MS. DEWOLF: Because they do
15
      not--
16
                     THE WITNESS: Never want anyone
      to flush a pharmaceutical or anything other
17
18
      than wastewater down the toilet. So --
19
                     MS. DEWOLF: And isn't that true
20
      for a drip irrigation system as well?
21
                     THE WITNESS: Absolutely. Any --
22
                     MS. DEWOLF: Why is that so?
23
                     THE WITNESS: You never want to
      -- you do not want to flush them down. The
24
```

```
1 question was asked, what happens if a
```

- 2 pharmaceutical is flushed down. Because
- 3 accidents happen. People drop pills in
- 4 toilets. In every municipally owned and
- 5 operated wastewater treatment plant, in any
- drip plant, everything is handled in the
- 7 biological treatment plant.
- 8 Is it desirable? Absolutely not.
- 9 Is it discouraged by any means possible?
- 10 Through education, through great programs like
- 11 you just described, absolutely.
- But does it happen? Yes. Has it
- 13 caused failures in every municipal treatment
- 14 plant? No.
- MS. DEWOLF: My question is not
- 16 the treatment process but the application onto
- 17 the soils having that our groundwater and our
- aquifers are so high to the actual ground where
- 19 you are disposing, do you think that those
- 20 pharmaceuticals would have an effect?
- 21 THE WITNESS: I think it is
- 22 significantly better if it were to occur in
- this system compared to an individual on-lot
- 24 system that does not have a biological

```
1 treatment.
```

- MS. DEWOLF: What does better
- 3 mean?
- 4 THE WITNESS: It would be -- will
- 5 have a significant opportunity to biologically
- 6 degrade that pharmaceutical compared to an
- 7 on-lot treatment system since it is an
- 8 individual sand mound which does not have a
- 9 biological treatment component. Simply has a
- 10 septic tank and then it goes into the
- 11 groundwater through that.
- 12 So this is a significantly better
- 13 scenario for that. A larger municipal system
- is significantly better. The more biomass that
- 15 you have that can consume that, the better off
- 16 you are.
- 17 The goal is for you to educate
- 18 your residents so that they do not dispose of
- any pharmaceuticals through the wastewater
- system, and it sounds like you have a very good
- 21 program in place for that, that would benefit
- the wastewater treatment plant.
- MS. DEWOLF: That's all I have.
- MR. HAWS: Sure, I just had a

- couple questions. So you were talking about the public sewer, and if it was to be connected
- 3 to public sewer that the conveyance and
- 4 collection system would be, you know, putting
- 5 it in would be on the builder.
- 6 THE WITNESS: That is normally
- 7 how it is done and that's what my expectation
- 8 would be here, that they would bear 100 percent
- 9 of that cost. The builder would have to verify
- 10 that.
- MR. HAWS: Sure. I just want to
- 12 clarify, you had just said that, but any
- upgrades to any existing structures that would
- 14 be needed to take on that collection could also
- be associated to the builder too, correct?
- 16 THE WITNESS: Yes. That could be
- 17 discussed and included in the land development
- agreement or the sewer connection agreement.
- 19 That would absolutely be there. It would be
- 20 identified during the sewage planning process.
- MR. HAWS: Okay. I just wanted
- 22 to make sure. You had talked about the
- 23 building of the system, but you hadn't talked
- about any upgrades to any of the existing

```
1
      systems that were currently in place.
 2
                     THE WITNESS:
                                    Yeah.
 3
                     MR. HAWS: So I know that the
      plan would be to either offer for dedication,
 4
 5
      if you were to go back to the drip irrigation
      system, to offer dedication to either the
 6
7
      township, you know, another authority or a
8
      third-party public utility company. And I know
9
      that there is quarterly testing and annual
10
      testing.
11
                     But, as I'm sure a lot of people
12
      are familiar, the DEP is constantly changing
13
      their regulations on stormwater management, on
14
      wastewater management, and so it is not like if
15
      today ten of the nitrogen is the level that you
16
      are looking at, you know, five, ten, 15 years
17
      from now, those baselines that you have to
```

development have for stricter regulations by 21 DEP that would require additional processing of 22 that wastewater treatment or to lower reductions in phosphorus or nitrogen or what 23 24 have you?

adhere to could be changing. I guess my

question is: What capacity does this

18

19

```
1
                      So, I know that as today the
 2
       system and the area, the acreage is comparable
 3
       for what is today's regulations. But what
 4
       about in the future?
 5
                      THE WITNESS: They would mostly
       be handled, the standards are established in
 6
       the water quality management permit which
 7
 8
       establishes those standards for a period of
 9
       five years. Every five years is the
10
       opportunity for re-evaluation and more
      stringent standards. All the standards would
11
12
      impact the level of treatment, and it would not
13
      increase the amount of effluent that needs to
14
      be disposed.
15
                     So that's why we are relying
16
      solely on the mechanical treatment plant of all
      treatment, and not the soils, because if you
17
18
      relied on the soils you may have to have more
      area, which we won't have the opportunity once
19
20
      it is fully developed. So what would end up
21
      happening is the level of treatment would have
      to be increased such to meet whatever
22
23
      regulatory standards.
24
                     Obviously, regulatory standards
```

- 1 are established based on best available
- 2 technology. So there has to be a level of
- 3 technology.
- What would happen, and this is
- 5 the reason that DEP wants to have either
- 6 municipal ownership or third-party PUC, because
- 7 the residents couldn't come up with a million
- 8 dollar upgrade, wouldn't have a million
- 9 dollars. So either the authority, township or
- 10 third-party PUC could take out a loan on their
- 11 behalf, guaranteed by their sewer rates, and be
- able to do the required upgrade to meet the
- 13 effluent requirements. And the result of them
- taking a loan would be that the sewer rental
- 15 rates of all the residents connected to that
- would have to be increased to cover not only
- 17 the operational costs but that additional debt
- 18 service.
- MR. HAWS: Sure. I quess I
- 20 should have clarified my question more. So I'm
- 21 actually talking about the treatment facility.
- THE WITNESS: Yeah.
- MR. HAWS: The footprint that you
- are going to design with the different tanks

```
1 and the clarifiers and the like, you know,
```

- 2 let's say five, ten years from now you need to
- 3 add additional clarifies or other systems to
- 4 treat that effluent to get it to the new
- 5 standards. Will the footprint of where you are
- 6 planning the wastewater treatment plant be
- 7 sufficient enough for expansion?
- 8 THE WITNESS: There is always
- 9 excess area. There is areas for additional
- 10 treatment.
- I can't answer that question. I
- don't have a crystal ball. If I knew what
- level to expect, I would design it in today.
- 14 That's why we are over-designing it slightly
- 15 today. We are using the same treatment
- 16 technologies that every -- that the treatment
- 17 technologies I described here are very similar
- 18 to the vast majority of the treatment
- 19 technologies that every municipality, public
- sewer system uses, so we would be subject to
- 21 the same improvements that they have.
- I don't know, just as I don't
- 23 know what the new standard would be, I don't
- 24 know what the available technology at that time

- 1 would be to treat it, to know how big of a
- 2 footprint it has.
- 3 So we do include extra area for
- 4 the future because we don't know. But is it
- 5 adequate? I don't know.
- MR. HAWS: Sure. Let me ask
- 7 another question. I'm sorry to hammer on this
- 8 point. Let's just say as it is built today,
- 9 the design that you have looked at, the
- 10 treatment plant takes two acres. How much of
- 11 that acreage are you going to dedicate for
- 12 future expansion?
- 13 THE WITNESS: It is a buffering
- 14 around it, depending on the configuration,
- which would depend on the style of treatment
- 16 plant. Usually what I do is I allow room for
- an additional treatment train, which is a rule
- of thumb that I use. I provide, whatever the
- 19 treatment train length is, so if it is 40 feet,
- I provide an additional 40 feet.
- We also have an additional buffer
- of 250 feet that could be utilized as well.
- 23 And we try to locate it where we have
- 24 additional area, be it closer to a stream

```
1 corridor or a thing like that.
```

- 2 But the rule, the rule of thumb
- 3 is that if I have two treatment trains, I
- 4 reserve the area for a third treatment train,
- 5 is how I do it, and it is just my best guess.
- 6 MR. HAWS: Okay. Thank you. So
- 7 I know in your report you had stated that I
- 8 think it is four times a year -- I could be
- 9 wrong. I quickly was reading it as you were
- 10 testifying as well. -- that there is a mild
- acid that gets flushed through the piping, the
- 12 tubing four times a year.
- THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 14 MR. HAWS: Do you know which acid
- 15 that is?
- 16 THE WITNESS: It's usually sodium
- 17 hypochlorite.
- 18 MR. HAWS: Okay. And is that
- just flushed through? I think I heard you say
- 20 it comes back and you collect it? Or is that--
- 21 THE WITNESS: Comes right back to
- the treatment plant for treatment and disposal.
- MR. HAWS: Is there any seepage
- into the ground when that, when that action

- 1 happens?
- THE WITNESS: Yes, because it
- 3 goes through the drip emitter.
- 4 MR. HAWS: Okay.
- 5 THE WITNESS: In order to go
- 6 through the drip emitter, part of it goes out.
- 7 That's where we use a very dilute. Everyone
- 8 doesn't like to hear acid, but it is the
- 9 reality.
- 10 A lot of our treatment plants
- don't actually do it. I always recommend and
- 12 design it in. I don't want biological growth
- in there.
- MR. HAWS: So I know you
- 15 testified that daily flows for this property
- were based off of the 323 EDUs that you had
- 17 calculated, times the 250 gallons per day rate
- for an EDU, for 80,750 gallons per day, and
- 19 that the system is designed for a maximum of
- approximately 89,000 gallons per day.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Of the disposal.
- MR. HAWS: Yes.
- THE WITNESS: It hasn't been
- 24 designed at all. I did a quick -- in order for

```
me to determine, did the soils scientist who
 1
 2
       testified before me identified sufficient areas
       that I felt comfortable testifying that there
 3
 4
       was enough disposal capacity, that's how I did
 5
       that, to know that if it was 80,000 I wouldn't
       feel as comfortable. He has approximately 10
 6
      percent over, so if there is areas that get
 7
 8
       removed, which happens, you know, the rule of
 9
      thumb that I do is I always design 110 percent
      when I start the approval process, because
10
      through the mounding analysis, through soils,
11
12
      through something I lose 10 percent.
13
                     I just did a design for Upper
14
      Uwchlan.
                Absolutely. But I always anticipate
15
      losing something.
16
                     MR. HAWS: Sure. So I mean not
      that home owners would do this, but I guess the
17
18
      concern with your daily flow rates doesn't
19
      account for residents hooking their sump pump
20
      into the systems and things of that nature.
21
      What would that impact have on a drip
22
      irrigation system?
23
                     THE WITNESS: Well, the actual
```

wastewater production based on pump and haul of

- 1 individual residents, and these are large,
- 2 Upper Uwchlan, Toll Brothers houses, is 146
- 3 gallons per day, per house.
- 4 So we design 250. Why do we
- 5 design for 250? Because some residents are
- 6 going to put their sump pump in. There are
- 7 going to be future leaks in laterals. Some kid
- 8 is going to drive over top of a clean-out with
- 9 his lawn mower, not tell his dad and hide it,
- and so water is going to get in.
- 11 You know, sanitary sewer pipes
- 12 crack over time. Not the PUC, the way they do
- survey and lie pipeline. Some road maps, they
- 14 are going to repave the road and all of a
- sudden the manhole is the low area instead of
- being flush, and some water is going to get in
- 17 there. So we definitely account for it that
- 18 way.
- But what was actually required is
- 20 what's known as a Chapter 94 report which is
- 21 done annually, every year. So if we start to
- see these things, an increase of I&I, that's
- analyzed every year, and then those sources of
- I&I have to be identified and removed.

```
1
                      As it goes down through, DEP
 2
       takes action against you and does what is known
 3
       as a, you enter into a consent order and
 4
       agreement, which would result in what is known
 5
       as corrective action plan, which would require
       the owner of the system, township authority,
 6
 7
       third-party PUC, to identify those sources and
 8
       remove them.
 9
                     MR. HAWS: Okay. Thank you.
                                                    So
      you had testified earlier to a comment about
10
      the tubing, saying that by doing the acid
11
12
      treatments and all of that that there is no
13
      real maintenance on that. But I guess, you
14
      know, as you said, there is I&I work, if
      someone drives over something, crashes things,
15
      manholes are lower, I&I work gets into there,
16
17
      you know, I'm assuming that there is a
18
      lifecycle to that, and I was just curious, what
19
      is kind of the lifecycle of a drip irrigation
20
      plant, as well as the --
21
                     THE WITNESS: We don't know yet
      because none of them have worn out. They have
22
23
      been around for -- you know, so we don't know.
24
                     But what we do when we break out
```

- 1 the fields, we break them out into sub zones
- 2 because at some point, it is a piece of
- 3 plastic, it will wear out. Whether that's 50
- 4 years, 75 years, some point it is going to wear
- 5 out. There is a membrane that pulses, any
- 6 piece of rubber that pulses eventually is going
- 7 to tear, and you will get more flow there.
- 8 So the way it is set up and
- 9 sectionalized is that you can take, you know,
- 10 there will be 20 different pipes, 50 zones on a
- 11 tract this size, you can take two zones out, so
- 12 you would only lose about 4 percent of your
- total capacity, where you rip those tubes out,
- 14 you plow in new tubes right next to them and
- 15 you go on.
- And you would have a capital
- 17 replacement, the same as we are going to have
- 18 to replace every blower, every piece of piping
- 19 that goes in, everything wears out. So you
- just have to have an area to do it. That's why
- 21 we put them two to four feet on centers,
- 22 because I can then have a new place to plow it
- 23 in.
- 24 So when I rip it out I'm

```
disposing, I'm going to do it, and it is eight
```

- 2 to 12 inches down, so you have got to get and
- 3 rip it out. It is going to cause it to open
- 4 up.
- 5 What I would probably do then, I
- 6 would rip everything out. I would do, like a
- 7 good farmer, I would basically disk it, turn it
- 8 over, plant a new cover crop, and then the
- 9 following year, once the cover crop is
- 10 established, two growing seasons, I would
- 11 install new drip tubing and go through and give
- me a chance to really look at what the soils
- are, more following change or anything like
- 14 that. That's really how we do it.
- But I'm talking hypothetically
- 16 because I've never done it, and I'm not aware
- of anyone who has ever done it.
- 18 MR. HAWS: You had testified
- 19 that, just talking about pharmaceuticals and
- 20 chemicals, that the biological process that you
- 21 have in there is just like your body. So I
- 22 mean, yes, I understand that people drop down
- 23 their pharmaceutics down to the drain, but as
- our body breaks down medicines, they are

- excreted through sweat, urine, feces, and there 1 2 is by-products of either the parent or any of the, you know, metabolites of that drug. 3 4 THE WITNESS: Mm-hmm. 5 MR. HAWS: So I quess my question At a wastewater treatment facility where 6 7 it is fully treated and clarified, and then the 8 effluent is discharged, and let's say into a 9 stream, and it is dispersed and it is diluted out even further, have you seen any cause for 10 11 concerns of having concentrated either parent 12 or metabolite pharmaceutics into various ground 13 areas of concentration? 14 THE WITNESS: Can we take back 15 and add another step, if that happens, that I 16 glossed over. I mean further explain some 17 other things.
- Normally what happens is when it comes in, the biology in the bugs that are in the treatment plant all come from our bodies.

  The vast majority of those bugs that would eat these and would absorb this become part of the sludge, which is dropped out and taken by a contractor hauler to, and then it is either put

- 1 into a landfill or into a incinerated, so that
- 2 becomes part of the sludge.
- So basically what happens is --
- 4 and great point that you brought up -- is that
- 5 the bugs' biology biomass that eats it, absorbs
- 6 it. Only clean water is discharged to the drip
- 7 system. The majority of that pharmaceutical,
- 8 same as we excrete it biologically, gets tied
- 9 up into the sludge and goes through that.
- 10 Is there some that could become
- 11 soluble and be discharged into the drip system?
- 12 Absolutely, that's a possibility.
- I'm not aware of any cases, to my
- 14 knowledge, where they have picked up
- 15 pharmaceuticals in the monitoring well or it
- has become an issue on any of the known drip
- irrigation and/or spray irrigation fields that
- 18 I'm aware of or have listened to at any
- 19 conference of that nature.
- So I can't answer your question.
- 21 But pharmaceuticals have been around for a long
- 22 time. They have been put into our individual
- on-lot systems. And I have not seen a
- 24 pervasive problem where it has contaminated a

- 1 groundwater supply.
- MR. HAWS: Okay. And you had
- 3 said that they haven't tested, they haven't
- 4 tested positive in any of the test wells. Do
- 5 you know if they actually test for
- 6 pharmaceuticals in those test wells?
- 7 THE WITNESS: Oh, in these test
- 8 wells? I don't know what they have tested for,
- 9 so far. What I'm referring to is that they are
- 10 tested in public drinking wells.
- MR. HAWS: Okay.
- 12 THE WITNESS: And I haven't seen
- a direct impact of a drip disposal/spay
- 14 irrigation disposal on an existing public
- 15 supply well. That's the only place I'm aware
- of that has been tested for, could be tested
- individually by EPA or DEP sporadically. But
- wastewater plants don't test for it. We only
- 19 test what we are required for.
- But all the public water supply
- 21 was, so that's what the basis of my answer was.
- MR. HAWS: Just another
- 23 clarification. Most bugs in the body are
- 24 broken down either by the liver or the kidney,

```
and there are some that are broken down by the
 1
 2
      gut, bacteria in the stomach, and small and
 3
      large intestines. So anything that's coming
 4
      out of the hemo body has already done that
 5
      first pass and broken down the parent drug into
 6
      metabolites. So it is more of, I quess it is a
 7
      question -- I think I know the answer -- you
 8
      don't know the answer?
 9
                     THE WITNESS:
                                   Yeah.
10
                     MR. HAWS: But, yes, I understand
11
      that individual on-lot management septic, like
12
      a sand mound or a septic system we are looking
13
      at one individual. What I'm looking at is you
14
      have 317 properties that are going to be
15
      conveying their waste to a place that's going
16
      to be concentrated and treated, and then even
17
      though it is a concentrated effluent of those
      300-some homes are going to be over a small
18
19
      area of acreage.
20
                     So I quess my concern is:
21
      anyone in the history or has this been a topic
22
      of discussion with the DEP of having
23
      concentrated areas where chemicals or
```

pharmaceutics that aren't fully processed out

- 1 in specific areas?
- THE WITNESS: No, that's never
- 3 been a topic, because it hasn't risen, it
- hasn't shown up in public supply wells.
- 5 MR. HAWS: Okay.
- 6 THE WITNESS: That's normally how
- 7 it is determined.
- MR. HAWS: Just one final
- 9 question. You had said that the sludge would
- 10 be hauled off about monthly, I think is what
- 11 the report showed.
- 12 THE WITNESS: Well, what the
- 13 report is is that the sludge aerobic digestion
- is sized for 30 days' detention. That's to
- maximize the bugs eating themselves and
- 16 reducing the mass down. Normally sludge is
- 17 hauled off weekly by a contract hauler. So a
- 18 certain percentage of it is. You don't fill
- 19 the tank and empty it. You always take 15 --
- you always take 25 percent out each week, so
- 21 that way you always have excess.
- You never know when there is
- going to be snow, can't get to it for a week,
- you know. That's how it is designed.

```
1
                     MR. HAWS: You had said that
 2
      sludge would be either transported to the
 3
      township treatment plant or a third-party
      treatment facility?
 4
 5
                     THE WITNESS: Yes. What is
 6
      required is a manifest that takes it to a PA
 7
      DEP approved treatment and disposal facility.
 8
      It depends on how you write your sludge
 9
      contracts.
10
                     A lot of my clients, municipal
11
      clients don't want to dispose ultimately in a
12
      landfill, so they are required to go to a
13
      wastewater treatment plant that does it, that
      utilizes an incinerator. East Norriton Joint
14
15
      Sewer Authority, Hatfield Township Sewer
16
      Authority, Delcora has an incinerator.
17
                     Or if you go to a larger, Goose
18
      Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant sees a lot of
19
      sludge. Pottstown sees it. And there it is
20
      processed through by their treatment process
21
      and disposed of in accordance with their
22
      permit.
                     MR. HAWS: Okay, great. One
23
```

final question around the O&M agreement, the

```
1
       operation and maintenance agreement.
 2
                      THE WITNESS:
                                    Okay.
 3
                      MR. HAWS: You had said that if
 4
       the township or third party or public utility
 5
      were to take ownership of this treatment plant,
 6
      but prior to taking ownership would it be the
      applicant's responsibility to generate and
 7
      create an operation and maintenance plan that
 8
 9
      meets the current regulations?
10
                     THE WITNESS: Normally what
11
      happens is, the concern of the township is the
12
      shortfall finances. It is going to cost more
13
      to operate it than the income coming in.
14
      normally the developer will contract with the
15
      township to have and will subsidize their side,
16
      or what is also common is that a third-party
      contract operator comes in and operates the
17
18
      system, which is paid for by the developer
19
      until such time as the sewer rental income
20
      exceeds the operating costs of it, and that's
21
      the time that the township normally takes over
22
      dedication.
23
                     MR. HAWS:
                                Okay.
```

THE WITNESS: They wait until it

- 1 operates in the black.
- MR. HAWS: Thank you. No further
- 3 questions.
- 4 THE CHAIRMAN: One question. You
- 5 stated that many municipalities use drip
- 6 irrigation and you chose three types this
- 7 evening, and then you chose the sequential for
- 8 this project. Those other municipalities, do
- 9 they mainly use the sequential type?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Upper Uwchlan
- 11 Township, which is probably the closest one
- that has a large-volume drip disposal, utilizes
- 13 sequential batch reactor process. Started out
- with lagoon and now they have a sequential
- 15 batch reactor process.
- 16 Applecross, East Brandywine
- 17 Township Municipal Sewer Authority has a
- 18 300,000 gallon plant that utilizes community
- drip irrigation and utilizes the sequential
- 20 batch reactor process. So, yes, that's the
- 21 reason that they do, and the reason it produces
- 22 probably the best quality effluent.
- THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
- MS. DEWOLF: I have one more

- 1 question. Sorry.
- 2 MR. HAWS: Me too.
- MS. DEWOLF: I want to back up a
- 4 second to your document, Exhibit 24, of your
- 5 report, section 4, and you refer to the "Report
- 6 of Preliminary On-Site Water Feasibility
- 7 Evaluation," dated March 2017, and that your
- 8 project proposes to dispose of, and you go into
- 9 the whole paragraph about what it does based on
- 10 that.
- 11 Do you agree that you need to
- 12 re-evaluate based on your April 2017 data that
- 13 you came up with and some of the re-evaluation
- 14 as a result of that?
- 15 THE WITNESS: Ultimately, all of
- 16 the soil work and hydrogeologic work will have
- to be redone and witnessed by DEP. And that's
- 18 why, based on my analysis, I wanted to insure
- 19 that there was more than sufficient, because as
- you do more, additional detailed data, there
- 21 will be areas that will be lost, there will be
- 22 areas that will have higher application rates,
- and areas that will have lower.
- So in order to determine the

```
1
      feasibility at this time I wanted to make sure
 2
      that there was an excess at the lowest known
 3
      application rate, in order to feel confident in
 4
      drawing a conclusion.
 5
                     Ultimately, we will do complete
 6
      testing --
 7
                     MS. DEWOLF: It states -- excuse
 8
      me.
           It states "drip fields were identified
 9
      by," it goes into details and reference. I
10
      just want to make sure that you are
11
      acknowledging you have an April 2017 report as
12
      well that will be considered in your disposal
      calculations and location, and that further
13
14
      plans will need to be submitted here based on
15
      what your current findings are?
16
                                   The answer is yes,
                     THE WITNESS:
```

18 report can be updated and to include that.

19 I don't believe that there is
20 anything in that April -- I did review the
21 April 13th report -- that showed me that we
22 would lose a significant area, and I believe
23 that was the testimony of the expert before me.

And the area is, that's not my

additional information is taken into, the

17

```
1 field of expertise. My field of expertise is
```

- 2 in the treatment and disposal of it, and I rely
- 3 upon that expert to determine the required
- 4 areas.
- MS. DEWOLF: Okay. But your
- 6 required evaluation in your report is based on
- 7 that March 2017 report, and you stated that you
- 8 would need to sort of re-evaluate it based on
- 9 some of your test borings that you had, and so
- 10 I want you just to acknowledge that you do have
- 11 some further mapping and reconfiguration of the
- 12 plan that we have before us, given some of your
- 13 recent data from your --
- 14 THE WITNESS: We could always
- 15 reevaluate that --
- MS. DEWOLF: -- April report.
- 17 THE WITNESS: -- and to see what
- impact that would have on it.
- MS. DEWOLF: I have one more
- 20 question before I'll hand it over to Tom for a
- 21 second. You said you didn't, when Kristin
- asked you, you did not do any cost analysis.
- 23 How did you come about thinking that a public
- sewer would be less expensive than a drip

- 1 irrigation?
- THE WITNESS: 20 years of
- 3 experience. I have looked at this and done
- 4 this analysis probably seven to ten times every
- 5 year, probably more frequently than that.
- MS. DEWOLF: Okay. So did you do
- 7 a cost analysis -- excuse me -- a cost for the
- 8 drip irrigation?
- 9 THE WITNESS: Did I do a
- 10 detailed? No.
- Do I know what it costs in
- 12 connection with public sewer? Absolutely.
- MR. HAWS: Sorry. One final
- 14 question. What would be the annual cost to
- operate a drip irrigation facility?
- MR. ADELMAN: The witness is
- 17 using a calculator.
- A VOICE: Is it big enough?
- 19 THE WITNESS: Including
- 20 treatment?
- MR. HAWS: Yes.
- 22 THE WITNESS: Approximately
- 23 250,000, 200-, 250,000 dollars, and that would
- 24 also include capital depreciation. When you

```
1 fully include capital depreciation, that would
```

- 2 be -- and that is based upon a similar size
- one, and the analysis that I did for that,
- 4 generated in user fees.
- 5 MR. HAWS: That includes the, I
- 6 guess the operator --
- 7 THE WITNESS: The operator,
- 8 analysis, maintenance of the drip fields, a
- 9 five-year replacement plan to replace every
- 10 pump, replacing wall works on a 15-year plan,
- 11 replacing all filters on a 20-year plan,
- 12 replacing the concrete tanks on a 75-year
- design life. All of that goes into
- 14 depreciation, along with your major cost is
- 15 labor, followed by electricity, followed by
- 16 sludge, followed by chemical production,
- followed by maintenance of the drip fields.
- 18 MR. HAWS: Thank you very much.
- MR. PINGAR: I have a few
- questions.
- MS. DEWOLF: Sorry, this is my
- last one.
- MR. HAWS: After that I have some
- 24 more. No.

```
1
                     MS. DEWOLF: You mentioned that
 2
      the system would need a generator and I didn't
 3
      see a generator located on the plan. Where
 4
      would that generator be for back-up power,
 5
      etcetera? And I assume it is an on-ground
 6
      structure like a mini --
 7
                     THE WITNESS: It is normally
      located in the control building. So it is
 8
 9
      normally located in the control building for
      the wastewater treatment plant. It could be
10
11
      located outside in a housing enclosure.
12
                     (Discussion off the record.)
13
                     MS. DEWOLF: Where on the plan is
14
      it shown?
15
                     THE WITNESS: I don't believe the
16
      treatment plant is shown on that plan.
17
                     MS. DEWOLF: Okay. Is it on any
18
      plan?
19
                     THE WITNESS: No.
20
                     MS. DEWOLF: It is not located on
      a plan as a building at this time?
21
22
                     THE WITNESS: That is correct.
23
                     MS. DEWOLF: Thank you.
24
                     MR. PINGAR: Good evening. A few
```

```
1 questions. There is a lot of talk about the
```

- 2 pharmaceuticals and what happens to them, and I
- 3 know there is concerns with them entering the
- 4 groundwater or a stream, and there was talk
- 5 earlier about a public system.
- Do you have an opinion on if the
- 7 public system has a better chance of removing
- 8 those pharmaceuticals than a system of this
- 9 type?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Definitely does,
- 11 for two reasons.
- Number one, dilution is a factor.
- 13 It is a larger plant. So what a larger plant
- does is it takes longer for it to flow through
- 15 the plant, so there is a more likely chance
- 16 that it would be caught and captured in the
- 17 sludge. So larger plants normally capture more
- 18 of those things.
- 19 Although we are treated to a
- 20 higher level, probably, than the municipal
- 21 plant would be here on a standard, the more
- 22 sludge you take out, the more chance you have
- of catching that pharmaceutical.
- MR. PINGAR: Thank you. My

- 1 questions are having to do with the footprint
- of this facility, and I think you just
- 3 testified that the location of the plant is not
- 4 shown on the plan.
- 5 THE WITNESS: It is not shown on
- 6 the.
- 7 MR. PINGAR: Can you approximate
- 8 where it could be? Can you point that out on
- 9 the plan?
- 10 THE WITNESS: I have looked at
- 11 various locations where it could go on the
- 12 plan, on the treatment plan. The primary
- location would be on the northeast corner of
- 14 the property, up close, up close to Route 202
- and the church property.
- So that, in that area we have the
- footprint of the treatment plant, and from the
- 18 perimeter of the treatment plant to the nearest
- 19 proposed or existing side yard setback, front
- 20 yard setback, building envelope, was more than
- 21 250 feet.
- 22 A second location that we have
- evaluated is on the south central portion of
- 24 it, below, south of the stream corridor, there

- is an area in there that would be more than
- 2 adequate for the treatment plant, including the
- 3 buffer area.
- 4 There is at least one other area
- on the western side that has sufficient area
- for the treatment plant, including the buffers.
- 7 So I have identified at least
- 8 three areas. Primary location was on the
- 9 northeast corner, basically being to the
- 10 proximity of the Route 202, and less existing
- 11 residential units in that area, and less
- 12 proposed residential units. It would have good
- 13 access off of Route 202 for municipal or
- third-party people to come in, have good access
- for three-phase power, all the other utilities
- that would be required in there.
- 17 But there are three locations
- 18 that I have identified. There may be
- 19 additional areas on the site.
- MR. PINGAR: And the pump station
- I will imagine would be near the bottom of the
- 22 grade?
- THE WITNESS: Yes.
- MR. PINGAR: Down closer to the

```
intersection of 926 and South New Street?
 1
 2
                      THE WITNESS: Yes.
 3
                      MR. PINGAR: Somewhere in that
       vicinity. So are you suggesting that the raw
 4
 5
       sewage would flow to that pump station, and
       then be pumped up to some distance away to the
 6
 7
      treatment facility?
 8
                     THE WITNESS: Yes.
 9
                     MR. PINGAR: And you had
10
      mentioned, did you anticipate there was going
11
      to be one or two treatment trains?
12
                     THE WITNESS: Oh, two treatment
13
      trains.
14
                     MR. PINGAR: But the thought was
15
      if you want to have room for possibly a third
16
      one, going to Mr. Haws' questions with future
      regulations and possible additional needs for
17
18
      treatment, you would want to have room for
19
      that?
20
                     THE WITNESS: Yes, yes.
21
                     MR. PINGAR: And would they
22
      essentially be identical in size?
23
                     THE WITNESS: Yes.
                                          I just
24
      reserve a space for future excavation. And I
```

```
1
       try to keep all utilities out of it, so my
 2
       internal yard piping, I try to keep one area
 3
      clear.
 4
                     MR. PINGAR: And so you would
 5
      need, if you were to design this and operate
 6
      it, you would need to have enough room for
 7
      potentially three treatment trains; is that a
 8
      fair statement?
 9
                     THE WITNESS: Yes.
                                          And it
10
      wouldn't be for a third treatment train.
                                                  Ιt
11
      would be for additional technology. But, yes,
12
      when I design it, I don't shoehorn myself in,
13
      because I never know when DEP is going to
14
      require an adjoining development to tie in, or,
15
      you know, becomes a regional treatment plant in
16
      the future. I always try to provide as much
17
      flexibility as possible, because I don't know
18
      what the future boards will do.
19
                     MR. PINGAR: And the 250-foot
20
      buffer would be, would consider that additional
21
      facility or facilities for other technology?
22
                     THE WITNESS: Yes.
                                         When I did my
      layout, I included that area, and then I did a
23
```

buffer zone extended beyond that.

```
1
                      MR. PINGAR: And finally, this
 2
       goes to both the pump station and the treatment
       facility, is it an accurate statement that they
 3
       could not be in the floodplain or wetlands or
 4
 5
       the stream buffer that's required by our
 6
       ordinances?
 7
                      THE WITNESS: I would say yes.
 8
                      Could they go in there through a
 9
       zoning waiver, have they done that? Yes. Have
10
      people built in floodplains?
                                     Yes.
11
                     Would that be where we are
12
      proposing it?
                     No.
13
                     MR. PINGAR: And there is
      sufficient room in these open space areas, I'll
14
15
      call them, outside of those sensitive areas
      that are typically not permitted by regulatory
16
17
      agencies?
18
                     THE WITNESS: Yes.
19
                     MR. PINGAR: That's all my
20
      questions.
                  Thank you.
21
                     MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Adelman,
22
      redirect?
23
                     MR. ADELMAN: I have no redirect.
24
                     MS. CAMP: Pat.
```

- 1 MR. MCKENNA: I presumed you
- 2 would, Ms. Camp, have additional questions.
- MS. CAMP: Very brief, very
- 4 brief.
- 5 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 6 BY MS. CAMP:
- 7 Q. More just clarification. Mr. Ebert,
- 8 you mentioned that your recommendation is a
- 9 250-foot separation between a treatment
- 10 building and a residence. Is that because
- 11 there is odors associated with the treatment
- 12 buildings?
- 13 A. Yes. It is a treatment plant. There
- 14 will be odors associated with it. And that's
- the recommended buffer so that houses aren't
- built up to what would cause a nuisance or
- impact the existing residents.
- 18 Q. So will the applicant make sure that
- 19 this treatment building is also 250 feet from
- residents off of the property?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And are there odors associated with
- 23 pump stations?
- A. There is potential for odors. Any

- 1 wastewater has potential for odors, yes.
- 2 Q. So the pump station buildings, also,
- 3 your recommendation would be that those
- 4 buildings be located at least 250 feet from the
- 5 residents?
- A. No, that's not. Only for the treatment
- 7 plant. And pump stations are routinely located
- 8 literally within 15 feet of a residence.
- 9 Q. But you are recommending that there are
- odors associated with pump stations?
- 11 A. Yes. So we try to identify locations
- 12 that are as far away as possible. I try to
- have 50 feet. But I design them, and haven't
- 14 had issues with them. But it is wastewater,
- 15 you don't want to put it right next to a
- 16 proposed residential or existing residential
- house.
- 18 Q. How large, and I know you haven't
- 19 specifically designed this one yet, but
- 20 typically how large for this type of a system,
- 21 this number of EDUs, would the treatment
- building be in terms of square footage?
- A. Well, the actual control building would
- probably be 30 by 40. The treatment plant

- 1 would probably be 80 by 40.
- 2 Q. What --
- 3 A. One plan, 30 by 40.
- 4 Q. So the total land area needed for the
- 5 treatment plant?
- A. Hard part is I configure it according
- 7 to the topography. Some of them are long and
- 8 skinny. Some of them are square. It is hard
- 9 to give a landmass, you know.
- Because some of them are spread
- 11 out, you know. If you're on the southern tier
- 12 it would be a long, long. If it would be up in
- the northeast, be more of a rectangular. So it
- 14 is hard to say.
- Does a physical footprint,
- without the buffers, fit in within an acre?
- 17 Probably does fit in within an acre, the
- 18 physical footprint of it.
- When you include the buffer area
- 20 are you at two acres? Probably.
- 21 Q. There was some conversation about the
- use of the drip fields for passive recreation
- and whatnot. Would you suggest that if the
- Board did approve the development with the use

- of drip fields that there would be some
- 2 condition imposed upon the residents of the
- 3 development that it cannot be using those
- 4 fields for even walking through?
- 5 A. It would be a great thing. Normally
- 6 what we do is we have to have an access road
- 7 around it, so we try to appease the residents.
- 8 You want to go. It is a beautiful piece of
- 9 green lawn. So we have a walking trail that
- 10 goes along with it.
- But it would be a great idea if
- 12 it were to be imposed that they couldn't. And
- 13 the education is the key.
- 14 Q. Is there something that's contained
- within the homeowners' declarations with
- 16 respect to restrictions on these fields, if you
- know, ones you have been involved with?
- 18 A. I honestly don't know, because by the
- 19 time I'm done my approval process, and I have
- left before the HOA documents are done.
- Q. But as an expert in this field, do you
- think that's a good recommendation, that if the
- Board, again, were to approve the development
- 24 with the use of drip irrigation that they could

- 1 impose upon the applicant to include within
- 2 their homeowners' declarations such
- 3 restrictions?
- A. Yeah, limited it down to passive
- 5 recreation or something, that they could only
- 6 walk through. Yes, anything that would
- 7 discourage that I would appreciate from a
- 8 wastewater standpoint.
- 9 Q. You wouldn't want to see actual trails
- 10 throughout these fields, correct?
- 11 A. No. The areas that are not wetted I
- 12 actually encourage trails to go around.
- Q. Around but not through?
- 14 A. Yeah. Unless I had a great -- you
- know, certain times, certain middle portions
- that aren't used, I wouldn't have a problem.
- And normally what we do is we actually pave a
- 18 trail around there.
- 19 Upper Uwchlan Township has
- 20 established trails around the upland farm
- 21 disposal fields that would go around it. But
- they fence the actual wetted areas to prevent
- them from going in.
- So I always encourage active

- 1 recreation around it. If we are going to put a
- 2 trail in for access, why not have the people
- 3 there, because people will follow the trail and
- 4 not go off of it, given the choice.
- 5 Q. You also talked about quarterly testing
- of monitoring wells, and you said that if there
- 7 was an issue that the testing of wells might
- 8 reveal higher levels of certain chemicals. If
- 9 that occurs, what happens then? What has to
- 10 happen?
- 11 A. Basically what happens is when it is
- 12 submitted to DEP, the professional engineer
- 13 would identify it, come up with a corrective
- 14 action plan. I don't know what it would be.
- Most likely the first thing it
- normally is, it is something malfunctioning.
- 17 Something is not programmed properly. A valve
- 18 has broken. It is overdosing one field. So
- 19 the first thing you do is an evaluation of the
- 20 physical field.
- The next thing you do is an
- 22 evaluation of the level of treatment coming
- out. Is it meeting the design.
- 24 And if it is doing both of that,

- 1 and it is not malfunctioning, it is meeting the
- design, then you look for outside influences.
- 3 And that's why we do upgrading at monitoring,
- 4 because it may not be caused by the drip
- 5 irrigation field. It may be because of failing
- 6 systems a half mile away that are polluting the
- 7 groundwater table.
- 8 We clearly do a detailed
- 9 evaluation, and that's why both DEP and
- 10 professional engineer are required to analyze
- 11 it. There is not a recipe for what the answer
- 12 is.
- Q. I mean, is there any way to know in
- 14 that situation where a well, monitoring well
- 15 reveals high level chemicals that shouldn't be
- there, is there also testing done downstream to
- make sure that the downstream wells and/or
- streams aren't being impaired as well?
- 19 A. Yeah, normally it would happen.
- Q. And how do you, if that occurs, how do
- those wells and streams get remedied?
- 22 A. I have never had it happen so I don't
- 23 know. But it would be no different than a gas
- 24 station contaminating a groundwater system.

- 1 DEP would become involved. They would take
- 2 enforcement action against the polluter, and it
- 3 would be remediated the same way gas station
- 4 pollution or any other pollution that goes into
- 5 groundwater in the Clean Streams Law.
- 6 MS. CAMP: Thank you.
- 7 MR. MCKENNA: Any other counsel
- 8 have questions at this point?
- 9 Any other parties have additional
- 10 questions?
- 11 Sir, I'm sorry, I don't know who
- 12 you are.
- MR. FOX: Could I ask a question
- on behalf of Mr. Moscharis?
- MR. MCKENNA: You are not his
- 16 attorney, though?
- MR. FOX: No.
- MR. MCKENNA: Then I can't have
- 19 you do that, unfortunately. You are not a
- 20 party; is that right?
- MR. FOX: Correct.
- MR. MCKENNA: Then I'm going to
- have to defer on that.
- Any further redirect, Mr.

```
1
       Adelman?
 2
                      MR. ADELMAN: I don't have any.
 3
                      MR. MCKENNA: Sir, thank you for
 4
       your testimony.
 5
                      (Witness excused.)
 6
                      MR. MCKENNA: Unless the Board
       has anything further, at this point we will
 7
      take a 15-minute recess and come back in with
 8
 9
      the next witness.
10
                      (Recess taken.)
11
                     MR. MCKENNA: Ladies and
      gentlemen, we are going to go back on the
12
      record and continue the hearing. I do want to
13
14
      take a brief moment to thank everyone here at
      Westtown School for hosting us this evening. I
15
16
      particularly would like to thank anyone and
17
      everyone responsible for the sound system this
      evening. It is a vast improvement over what we
18
19
      had the last time. So thank you again for
20
      facilitating the meeting this evening.
21
                     Mr. Adelman, we will turn the
22
      floor back over to you for your next witness.
```

MR. ADELMAN: Thank you, Mr.

McKenna. At this time I call Mr. Wise to be

23

- 1 sworn and testify.
- 2 ROBERT J. WISE, JR.,
- 3 the witness herein, having first been
- duly sworn on oath, was examined and
- 5 testified as follows:
- 6 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 7 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- 8 Q. Bob, if you could please state your
- 9 name and business address for the record.
- 10 A. Sure. Robert Wise. The business is
- 11 RGA, Incorporated. It is 259, 259 Prospect
- 12 Plains Road, Cranberry, New Jersey.
- 13 Q. Bob, I would like to show you what I
- 14 have marked as Exhibit A-18. Would you please
- identify this document for the record?
- A. Yes, this is my resume.
- 17 Q. If you could please briefly describe
- for the Board your educational background.
- 19 A. I have a degree in history from
- 20 Dickinson College, a Master in Science for
- 21 historic preservation, and master of business
- 22 management, business administration from Penn
- 23 State. And the preservation degree is from the
- 24 University of Pennsylvania.

```
1
               Thank you. Would you please describe
           Q.
      your professional work experience?
 2
 3
           A. Yes. I am an historic preservation
      planner. I'm a principal planner and
 4
 5
      architectural historian at RGA. I have been
 6
      there since 2015.
 7
                     Prior to that I had my own firm,
 8
      Wise Preservation Planning, for roughly 23
 9
      years. And before that I worked for the
10
      Brandywine Conservancy as their senior planner
11
      in historic preservation.
12
                     MR. ADELMAN: If it is the
13
      Board's pleasure, I can dispense with further
14
      qualifications. I'm offering Mr. Wise as an
15
      expert in historic preservation and planning.
16
                     MR. MCKENNA: I'm very familiar
17
      with Mr. Wise. Does any member, any of the
18
      parties or any counsel have any questions on
19
      Mr. Wise's credentials? Does the Board have
20
      any questions for him?
21
                     All right. We will accept him as
```

MR. ADELMAN: Thank you.

an expert in historic preservation planning.

24

- 1 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- 2 Q. Bob, could you please describe your
- 3 involvement with Toll Brothers' proposed
- 4 development at the Crebilly Farm?
- 5 A. Yes. I was retained by Toll Brothers
- 6 to produce a history and architectural
- description of the property.
- Q. I would like to show you what I have
- 9 marked as Exhibit A-19. Would you please
- 10 identify this letter report for the record.
- 11 A. Yes, this is a letter from me to Toll
- 12 Brothers, and it describes the historic
- 13 resources on the Crebilly Farm property.
- Q. And what is the date of the letter?
- A. The date is December 13th, 2016.
- Q. And did you prepare the entire letter?
- 17 A. Yes, or members of my firm.
- 18 Q. Okay. And what approach did you take
- in examining the structures on the property?
- A. Well, our approach was to go out into
- 21 the field and look at every single resource.
- We look at historic resources and evaluate
- 23 historic resources from many different angles,
- but it is based on the National Register,

- 1 excuse me, the criteria as set forth in the
- 2 National Register of Historic Places, and it
- 3 looks at several things including architecture,
- 4 history, setting, events that may have taken
- 5 place on the property, people associated with
- 6 the property, and the design of the buildings
- 7 and historic archeology.
- Q. Let's go through I quess the structures
- 9 on the property. How did you organize them in
- 10 terms of your evaluation?
- 11 A. Well, the property has, is a large
- 12 property containing two farms, two rather
- 13 historic farms, a 20th century equestrian
- 14 center in the center of the property, and then
- 15 there are some other buildings that are on the
- 16 eastern end of the property.
- 17 So we basically said there is
- 18 four areas of resources. There is the two Hunt
- 19 properties, the Joshua Hunt property which is
- the historic resources along New Street, there
- 21 is the Eli Hunt property, his brother, which is
- 22 the historic property along Street Road. It is
- where the sign Crebilly Farms is.
- 24 And then there is the equestrian

- 1 center, as I mentioned, which is sort of
- 2 between these two areas. And then the other
- 3 separated parcels near Route 926 and 202.
- 4 Q. And how did you evaluate each one of
- 5 their significance, if you want to take us
- 6 through by structure.
- 7 A. Well, I'll take you -- structure, there
- 8 is a lot of structures. I'll take you through
- 9 those clusters if I may.
- 10 O. Sure.
- 11 A. And we have looked at the, obviously,
- 12 the history of the resources and their
- architectural, their architecture, to see
- 14 whether there is any architectural significance
- in the resources and their historic setting.
- So we started with the Hunt
- 17 properties as they are the primary resources.
- 18 The Hunts came to the property, offered --
- 19 purchased the property around 1748, and then
- 20 these brothers ended up living on the property
- 21 during the American Revolution, and during the
- 22 Battle of the Brandywine William Hunt lived on
- the property, and then subsequently they were
- passed down or sold off in mid-1800s.

```
1
                      The McClure father and son owned
       both these farms at one time, and then the,
 2
 3
       again, they were passed through as we got into
       the 20th century, and the Robinsons purchased
 5
       the property in 1935, and soon after developed
 6
       the horse farm in the center of the property
 7
       and also greatly expanded the property out
 8
      towards 202, south of 926, and west of New
 9
      Street.
10
                     When you look at agricultural
11
      properties as these are, there is a specified
12
      historic context that the State of Pennsylvania
13
      has developed that, as you examine these
14
      properties, examine their historic resources,
15
      examine things such as how much did they
      produce on the farm and how that compares to
16
17
      other farms. So we looked at these.
      Unfortunately, both of them are missing major
18
19
      resources.
20
                     In the case of the Eli Hunt
21
      property, again off 926, their historic
22
      farmhouse is no longer there. It was replaced
      in 1959 by the current farmhouse. And their
23
24
      springhouse was greatly altered into a chapel I
```

- 1 believe around 2000 or 2005. The barn is
- 2 intact. However, what you see on that
- 3 beautiful barn is actually a rebuild from 1908
- 4 when it was damaged by fire.
- 5 So the stone structure is intact,
- but the framework on top really dates to 1908.
- 7 And likewise, the Joshua Hunt,
- 8 Joshua and Lydia Hunt property along New Street
- 9 no longer has its historic barn. That was
- 10 burned in I think 1886. It was rebuilt, and I
- 11 believe it was burned again in 1922, and then
- subsequently in the 1990s, if I have those
- 13 dates right.
- So, again, both these farms, as
- beautiful as they are, they both lack major
- buildings that are part of an agricultural
- 17 landscape.
- 18 Next we looked at the equestrian
- 19 center. Again, that was built primarily in the
- 20 1940s. When you look at resources to see if
- 21 they meet, among other things, National
- 22 Register criteria, first you have to say
- 23 whether they are 50 years and older, and so
- 24 this meets that mark. These buildings, again,

- 1 were built in the late '30s and through the
- 2 1940s. And that is an intact equestrian
- 3 center. It consists of the barn, the carriage
- 4 house, a manager's house, a stud barn, a
- 5 farrier's house, building, and also an
- 6 additional barn that was constructed by German
- 7 POWs during the Second World War who worked on
- 8 the farm.
- 9 Q. Is that all of the clusters?
- 10 A. Well, there is another cluster, there
- is buildings out near 202 and 926. One, of
- 12 course, is the Darlington Tavern which is a
- serpentine building right on the intersection,
- 14 which was constructed in 1823. And that
- building is actually eligible for the National
- 16 Register. The state has determined that some
- 17 years back.
- 18 And then there are two other
- 19 buildings. One is an outbuilding that's on the
- 20 north side of 926, a former tenant house on
- 21 926. And then the Michael Brennan house sits
- up towards the center of the property, just
- 23 south of the Presbyterian church.
- Q. And you just mentioned the Darlington

- 1 Tavern. Did you conclude that, in addition to
- 2 that structure, were there any structures on
- 3 that property that have historical
- 4 significance?
- 5 A. We, we were -- again, we concluded, at
- 6 least our conclusion was that the agricultural
- 7 clusters probably did not meet National
- 8 Register standards.
- 9 However, it was concluded that
- 10 the, because of the equestrian center and
- 11 because of this agricultural property's change
- 12 to more of a, quote-unquote, gentleman's farm,
- more of an estate setting with the equestrian
- 14 added center, that that would be eligible for
- 15 the National Register.
- 16 Q. Okay. In the report I see you
- 17 photographed the exterior of the buildings; is
- 18 that correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And is that common practice for
- 21 historic planning and preservation?
- 22 A. Yes, for a district type of resource of
- this size, yes.
- Q. Do you know which structures Toll

```
Brothers intends to save on the property?
 1
 2
           Α.
               Yes. Some of the property, some of the
 3
       buildings -- most of the buildings will be
       saved. The Joshua Hunt property, again, along
 4
       New Street, will be parcelled out, so it will
 5
       not be part of development. And some of the, I
 6
       think the corncrib and the barn ruin will also
 7
 8
      be on separate parcels. So those will be
       separate parcels, not part of the development.
 9
10
                     The only building that will not,
11
      that will be taken down is the former
12
      springhouse from the Joshua Hunt property.
13
      That probably dates to the early 1800s, but
      then it was enlarged as a residence.
14
15
                     On the Eli Hunt property off of
      926, the 1959 house will be taken down, as will
16
      some small outbuildings up on the hill. But
17
18
      the barn and the springhouse will remain.
19
                     The Darlington Tavern will
20
      remain, as will I believe the garage next to
21
      it, although I'm not exactly sure of the final
22
      plans for that. But I believe the tenant house
      on 926, which is the small frame 1890s house
23
24
      and the Brennan house in the, near 202 will be
```

- 1 taken down.
- 2 And then finally, the equestrian
- 3 center is going to be partly used for a
- 4 community center. So I believe at this point
- 5 the barn and maybe a couple of the other
- 6 buildings will remain as part of that center,
- 7 but I'm not exactly sure of the final plans.
- Q. Do you know how Toll Brothers intends
- 9 to use or reuse the structures that will be
- 10 saved?
- 11 A. The only two that I know exact, well, I
- 12 know what the plans are is the two barns will
- 13 be reused for community centers for the
- 14 development.
- 15 Q. Now, there has been a lot of discussion
- about this property, as I'm sure you are aware,
- 17 regarding its involvement in the Battle of the
- Brandywine; is that correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And do you have any professional
- 21 experience with respect to the preservation of
- land involved in the Battle of the Brandywine?
- 23 A. Yes. When I was employed by the
- 24 Brandywine Conservancy from 1993 to 1997, I was

- 1 part of the Brandywine Battlefield Conservation
- 2 Easement Initiative where we took the study
- 3 that was done in 1989 and determined I believe
- 4 30 or 33 of what we believe were the most
- 5 important properties to preserve in terms of
- 6 battlefield action, and we contacted property
- 7 owners, we also got grant money from a private
- 8 source and eventually the federal government to
- 9 contact property owners and really work with
- 10 them to donate conservation easements or to
- 11 otherwise sell, barter/sell the land, come up
- 12 with some means of preserving the property or
- properties, and through that effort we
- 14 preserved much of the land around the
- Birmingham Meetinghouse, Sandy Hollow.
- 16 Q. During your time at the Brandywine
- 17 Conservancy do you recall whether the Crebilly
- Farm was one of those properties identified for
- 19 conservation?
- A. No, it was not, to the best of my
- 21 knowledge.
- 22 Q. Have you researched how the Crebilly
- Farm may have been involved in the Battle of
- 24 Brandywine?

```
1
           Α.
               Yes, it is, well, the periphery of the
 2
       battlefield and it is not part of the national
       landmark that much of the rest of the
 3
 4
       battlefield is in.
 5
                      The British came up to Osborne
 6
      Hill, north of the property, and north of
 7
      Street Road, they formed up in the afternoon of
 8
      September 11th, 1777, some 17,000 troops, and
 9
      they began to march down to the south, towards
10
      Street Road.
11
                      The American Army, meanwhile, was
12
      being alerted to this flanking action on the
13
      part of the British Army, moved up from the
      vicinity of Chadds Ford, and set the divisions
14
      up or attempted to across Birmingham Road, so
15
16
      basically just south of Street Road as you go
17
      up the hill.
18
                     And while that was taking place,
19
      the British saw an opportunity and launched
20
      their attack on the American forces.
21
                     The far left flank of the British
22
      forces, which was I believe the British 14th
```

Infantry Regiment, and consists of German

Jaegers, which means hunters in German, they

23

- 1 were in the, again, far left flank, and that
- 2 far left flank passed in the vicinity of New
- 3 Street. New Street was not there at the time.
- 4 It was probably a farm lane.
- 5 As far as where exactly did the
- 6 troops enter the property or if they entered
- 7 the property is not certain. But maps show,
- 8 some maps show troops moving through the very
- 9 far western end of the property. Some maps do
- not show any troop movement on the property.
- 11 Q. Okay. What materials did you review or
- 12 have you reviewed with respect to the Battle of
- the Brandywine and Crebilly Farm's involvement
- in that battle?
- 15 A. Well, I have looked at various maps
- 16 that have been produced over the years. Some
- on site, like the Robertson map, that were
- 18 produced by the British just after the battle.
- 19 The British won, as you probably
- 20 know, and they were on the battlefield about
- 21 four or five days after the battle, so they
- 22 were able to map the battle action as they saw
- 23 it.
- There are several books, behind

- 1 me is a book by Michael Harris, which was done
- 2 in 2014, which I believe is a very
- 3 comprehensive study on the battlefield, taking
- 4 into account many, many other accounts and
- 5 also, of course, primary and secondary
- 6 information.
- 7 The county also through the
- 8 American Battlefield Protection Program just
- 9 produced a series of studies and maps on the
- 10 battlefield. And then in 1989, I'm going back,
- 11 the County of Delaware, and I believe with
- 12 Chester, developed a study, comprehensive study
- on landmark, which again provided history and
- mapping of the battle.
- 15 Q. And were you present at the Township
- 16 Planning Commission meeting or meetings when
- 17 this subject matter was discussed?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. So you are aware of what the township
- 20 presented with respect to the Crebilly Farm's
- involvement in the battle; is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes, I believe that was Sean Moir's
- 23 presentation.
- Q. Yes. I would like to show you what I

- 1 have marked as Exhibit A-20. Could you please
- 2 identify this document for the record, please.
- A. Yes, this is one of Chester County maps
- 4 that was part of the American Battlefield
- 5 Protection Study, showing the battlefield in
- 6 blue -- I'm sorry, let me backtrack.
- 7 The green basically shows the
- 8 national historic landmark boundaries, and the
- 9 blue in 1989 looks at areas that could be
- 10 extended.
- 11 Q. Just so we can identify it further for
- the record, it is entitled "Map 3.5"
- Cartographic Boundaries, 1977 to 1992," is that
- 14 correct?
- 15 A. Yes. Sorry, my contacts aren't on, so
- it is hard to read that last number.
- 17 Q. That's fine. Let's just rehash what
- 18 you said. What is defined by the solid black
- line and the green area again?
- A. Again, the solid black line is the
- 21 national historic landmark of the Brandywine
- 22 Battlefield.
- Q. When was that established?
- 24 A. That was established I believe in the

- 1 early 1960s.
- 2 Do you want me to go on?
- 3 Q. Yes, if I could then ask the next
- 4 question. You stated that the blue area was a
- 5 planning boundary area; is that correct?
- A. Yeah, the blue area was examined in the
- 7 1989 study and recommended for -- which
- 8 recommended that the battlefield landmark be
- 9 expanded into those areas.
- 10 Q. Do you know whether it was ever
- 11 expanded into those areas?
- 12 A. I don't believe it was ever expanded
- into those areas.
- 14 Q. And where is the Crebilly Farm located
- 15 on this Map 3.5?
- A. Sure, the Crebilly Farm is located on
- the north side of the, or the north side of the
- green national historic landmark area, up near
- 19 its upper right corner.
- 20 Q. So is it not located within the
- 21 national landmark boundary?
- 22 A. It is not located within the national
- 23 historic -- national landmark boundary,
- 24 correct.

- 1 Q. Is there any portion of the 1989
- 2 planning boundary that is on the Crebilly Farm?
- A. Yes, just the far east -- excuse me --
- 4 the far western end of the property, along New
- 5 Street.
- Q. Does it encompass the entire Crebilly
- 7 property or just a small portion?
- A. Just a small portion along New Street.
- 9 Q. I don't think you have a pointer with
- 10 you, do you?
- 11 A. I don't. I apologize.
- 12 Q. Could you come over to Map 3.5 and just
- maybe point it out, if you stand on your
- 14 tippy-toes.
- A. So Crebilly Farm property is --
- 16 Q. Hold on. Let me give you a portable
- mike.
- MR. HAWS: Maybe have him use the
- 19 computer and use the pointer. That may be
- 20 better.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Let me -- yes.
- 22 Right where the cursor is just showing, that is
- the Crebilly Farm property, and to the left of
- the cursor is New Street, which forms the

- 1 western end of the Crebilly Farm property. And
- 2 that blue area was recommended as an area to be
- 3 expanded, and it includes several hundred feet
- 4 of the western boundary of the property.
- 5 BY MR. ADELMAN:
- 6 Q. Bob, I would like to show you what I
- 7 have marked as Exhibit A-21. Could you
- 8 identify the map and the accompanying text for
- 9 the record?
- 10 A. Yes, this is the Robinson map. And it
- 11 was done by Archibald Robinson -- I'm sorry --
- 12 Archibald Robertson who was a British engineer
- who was on the battlefield, again, in that
- 14 four-or five-day timeframe after the battle and
- was able to develop a map and comments
- 16 narrating the battle. And the map and
- 17 narration is used by the Brandywine Battlefield
- 18 to interpret the battle for educational
- 19 purposes, and the comments provided by Tom
- 20 McGuire. Tom McGuire is one of the foremost
- 21 battlefield experts of probably the
- 22 Revolutionary War and certainly the battles
- associated with the Philadelphia Campaign,
- 24 which was a major component of that campaign.

- 1 Q. Why are these types of accounts
- 2 important in terms of the historic preservation
- 3 and planning?
- 4 A. Well, I think first most it is good to
- 5 have a firsthand account by someone who was
- 6 actually at the battle or there at the center.
- 7 Q. Okay. If I could have the Jaeger maps
- 8 up. I don't know, Andrew, if you can rotate
- 9 it.
- MR. SEMON: I can't.
- 11 Q. Could you please tell us, Bob, where
- 12 the Crebilly property is located on the
- Robertson map?
- 14 A. Yes, it is basically that square right
- where you are defining there.
- 16 Q. In the yellow circled area?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. Okay.
- 19 A. And the line right there where the
- 20 cursor is is New Street. Unfortunately, this
- 21 map is, north is to the left, so the map we
- just looked at north was to the top, so it is
- 23 spun around.
- Q. Spun around to the left?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Based on this map and the account that
- 3 Robertson put together, did any significant
- 4 battlefield action occur on the Crebilly Farm?
- 5 A. Not based on this account or this map,
- 6 this particular map.
- 7 Q. What does Robertson state in his
- 8 account regarding troop movements in the area
- 9 of the Crebilly Farm?
- 10 A. Well, he doesn't specifically -- first
- of all, Crebilly Farm and that name was not
- 12 there at that point. There is nothing
- specifically stated in this narrative of troops
- 14 moving through the Crebilly property. However,
- 15 there are some notes of troop movement nearby.
- Now, again, whether they came through or not,
- it is difficult to tell.
- But he concentrates on the
- British setting up forces along Osborne Hill,
- and then again coming south, in this case on
- 21 the west side of Birmingham Road, and then
- 22 coming across New Street -- excuse me -- Street
- 23 Road to attack the American forces on
- 24 Birmingham Hill.

- 1 Q. Does the Robertson account specifically
- 2 express the detail when the British or Hessians
- 3 received fire?
- 4 A. Specific timeframe?
- 5 O. Or locations?
- A. Locations. Not specific timeframe.
- 7 Q. Correct. What locations were those?
- 8 A. They are scattered throughout the map,
- 9 but generally they are in red, and they are
- 10 again scattered across Birmingham Hill, and
- 11 through the Meetinghouse, along Meetinghouse
- 12 Road.
- 13 Q. Is that located south of what is now
- 14 Crebilly Farm?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Have you reviewed other analysis of the
- 17 Battle of Brandywine relevant to the Crebilly
- 18 Farm?
- 19 A. Again, I heard the Sean Moir
- 20 presentation back in December at the Planning
- 21 Commission. I have looked at various accounts
- of the battle and the maps, and the American
- 23 Battlefield Protection/Chester County study
- that was done some years ago.

- Q. And I believe earlier you testified to some of this, but did you determine what extent the Crebilly Farm was involved in the Battle of Brandywine?
- A. It would appear that most likely troops from the, again, the far British left flank and the German Jaegers, who were aligned with them or fought with them, could have come into the far western end of the Crebilly Farm property, basically coming down New Street and maybe spilling over to the property.
- It would be very difficult to say
  from accounts exactly where these troops were.
  They could have been, you know, 25 yards on the
  west side of New Street. They could have been

  you know, 25 yards on the
- Again, this was the, from the
  accounts that I have looked at, the Sean Moir
  account notwithstanding, this is basically
  troop movement in preparation to attack the
  American troops on the south side of Street
  Road.
- Q. What has Toll Brothers proposed with respect to preserving a portion of the property

- where some of the troop movements may have
- 2 occurred?
- A. Well, the plan that is put before you
- 4 shows the bulk of the development,
- 5 approximately 600 feet east of New Street, and
- 6 then the wet areas on the southwest corner will
- 7 not be built on, and also there is more open
- 8 space on the northwest corner. So basically
- 9 pushes development back some 600 feet to start
- 10 from New Street.
- 11 Q. If you just bear with me a moment, I
- 12 wanted to pull up Exhibit A-6, which is a color
- 13 rendering of the plan just so you could
- 14 highlight those areas again. Just put up A-6.
- 15 If, Bob, you could go back and
- 16 highlight again, what is Toll proposing along
- New Street in terms of where troops may have
- occurred? You have a mike. Go ahead, please.
- 19 A. Yes, so the furthest extent of the
- building or the construction is roughly 600
- 21 feet from New Street. So the development
- 22 basically is pushed back well off New Street,
- 23 roughly in the vicinity of the 1989 recommended
- 24 additions to the National Historic Landmark.

```
1 Q. So would you say that's generally
```

- 2 consistent with the planning boundary from '89?
- A. That's generally consistent, give or
- 4 take, yes.
- 5 Q. And in order to note the potential
- 6 historical significance, do you know if Toll
- 7 Brothers is willing to provide some type of
- 8 historical marker or other cutout area with
- 9 respect to the troop movements that may have
- 10 occurred on the property?
- 11 A. I think Toll Brothers would have to
- 12 answer that. But we have briefly discussed it
- and there is space to provide some type of
- 14 pull-offs for interpretive purposes we will see
- of the battlefield.
- MR. ADELMAN: I have no further
- 17 questions for Mr. Wise.
- MR. MCKENNA: Ms. Camp, any
- 19 questions for the Planning Commission?
- MS. CAMP: My partner, Mr. Gill,
- 21 will be conducting the cross-examination for
- Mr. Wise.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you. Go
- 24 ahead, Mr. Gill.

- MR. GILL: Thank you, Mr.
- 2 McKenna.
- 3 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 4 BY MR. GILL:
- 5 Q. Thank you, Mr. Wise. Michael Gill on
- 6 behalf of the Westtown Township Planning
- 7 Commission.
- Before we talk about the Battle
- 9 of Brandywine, let's just double back to your
- 10 study of the historic resources on the Crebilly
- 11 Farm property. You have your letter there of
- 12 December 13th, 2016?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. That's marked as Exhibit A-19, I take
- 15 it?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. You identified a number of structures
- that are on the Crebilly Farm property. Did
- 19 you examine any of the structures individually
- 20 for National Register eligibility?
- 21 A. No. We looked at the grouping of
- 22 resources as you normally would do for an
- 23 agricultural type property.
- 24 Q. Is it your --

- 1 A. Let me just backtrack on that. We did
- 2 look at the tenant house and the Michael
- 3 Brennan house individually from an earlier
- 4 study.
- 5 Q. Okay. It is your conclusion, then,
- 6 that none of the individual structures, the
- 7 Darlington Tavern notwithstanding, are eligible
- 8 for listing on the National Register. Is my
- 9 understanding correct?
- 10 A. That's correct, individually.
- 11 Q. But collectively, the entire property
- is eligible as a gentleman's farm?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. What were the --
- 15 A. Probably a more technical term for
- 16 that, but, yes, as a 20th century agricultural
- 17 property to estate type setting.
- 18 Q. Okay. What will the impact of the Toll
- Brothers' proposed development have, be on that
- 20 eligibility?
- 21 A. I would think that it would, it would
- 22 probably delete the eligibility.
- Q. And since you haven't looked at any
- 24 individual resources other than the, or you

- 1 haven't concluded, excuse me, any of the
- 2 individual resources other than the Darlington
- 3 Tavern are eligible, the effect of the proposed
- 4 Toll Brothers' development upon eligibility of
- 5 any of portion of the property, again, other
- 6 than Darlington Tavern will be that all
- 7 eligibility will be lost, correct?
- 8 A. I think what it would cause is an
- 9 adverse effect on the, let's call it historic
- 10 district. It would create an adverse effect on
- 11 the district.
- Now, whether or not there are
- ways to mitigate that effect, to reduce that
- 14 adverse effect and enable the eligibility to be
- maintained is a different story. I have not
- delved into that. It is not part of my purview
- as a historian for this project.
- 18 Q. For this project?
- 19 A. For this project, yes.
- Q. Looking at ways to mitigate adverse
- 21 effects of development upon historic resources
- is within your purview as an historic planner,
- 23 correct?
- 24 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And you just haven't been asked to do
- 2 that for this particular project?
- A. No. Only examine the historic
- 4 resources, the physical description and with
- 5 the history.
- 6 Q. Okay. With regard to the Darlington
- 7 Tavern property, you mentioned that it is
- 8 Toll's -- I'm sorry -- it is the applicant's
- 9 intention to maintain or to preserve that
- 10 resource, correct?
- 11 A. To save it. In terms of what they
- 12 actually will do with it, I do not know.
- 13 Q. Are you familiar with the scope of
- 14 roadway improvements which will be necessary,
- necessarily associated with the project?
- A. I am somewhat familiar with it. I
- 17 realize the intersection I believe will be
- 18 expanded.
- 19 Q. What will the impact of that expansion,
- to use your word, be on the Darlington Tavern?
- 21 A. Again, I haven't studied that. I've
- just looked at the map. Certainly, whenever
- you expand towards an historic resource it can
- create a direct impact, and when you bring a

- 1 busy intersection close to an historic resource
- 2 that usually constitutes an adverse effect.
- Q. Can you offer -- let me take a step
- 4 backwards. Can I assume that you haven't
- 5 examined ways to mitigate that adverse impact
- 6 upon the Darlington Tavern?
- 7 A. No.
- Q. Can you offer any thoughts as you
- 9 testified here this evening with regard to what
- 10 that mitigation might look like?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. Would examining the mitigation of the
- 13 adverse impacts on that resource in particular
- 14 be within the normal purview of an historic
- 15 planner?
- 16 A. If asked for a particular project,
- 17 certainly.
- 18 Q. You haven't been asked to look at that
- with regard to this particular property?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Am I understanding correctly that what
- you have been asked to do is to go out and look
- at each of the individual structures on the
- 24 property, and to inventory them, and to produce

- 1 what has become Exhibit A-19?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 Q. Have you had the opportunity to review
- 4 a letter which Ms. Camp wrote to the Board of
- 5 Supervisors on behalf of the Planning
- 6 Commission, dated February 16th, 2017, in which
- 7 she articulated the Planning Commission's
- 8 recommended conditions, should the Board be
- 9 inclined to approve this project?
- 10 A. I don't believe so.
- MR. GILL: Okay. Mr. Adelman, do
- 12 you have Exhibit B-21?
- Q. While Mr. Adelman is looking for that--
- A. I have it.
- Okay. Before we get to B-21, were you
- 16 present at the meeting of the Planning
- 17 Commission when the Planning Commission voted
- upon these, voted upon the conditions which it
- 19 would suggest the Board impose if the Board is
- inclined to grant conditional use approval?
- A. I don't believe so. Can you tell me
- the date of that meeting?
- Q. I cannot.
- A. I have been to one meeting in December,

- 1 I think it was the 21st. I do not believe I
- 2 was at that meeting that you are talking about.
- 3 Q. Okay. Well, let's just move on then to
- 4 Exhibit B-21. Would you turn, please, to page
- 5 7 of that letter. Do you see there what is
- 6 identified as item number 25?
- 7 A. Yes.
- Q. Where Ms. Camp, on behalf of the
- 9 Planning Commission, informs the Board or
- 10 suggests to the Board that it impose a
- 11 condition with regard to retention or
- 12 preservation, excuse me, of certain resources
- on the property?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Is the list of resources that's
- 16 identified there coextensive with the list of
- 17 resources that you said earlier Toll is
- 18 proposing to preserve?
- 19 A. I believe it is, yes. Without getting
- 20 my report out and looking at it, appears these
- are the resources that are to be preserved.
- 22 Q. The chapel and springhouse, that's not
- 23 the springhouse that you just said during your
- 24 direct testimony is going to be removed?

- 1 A. That's correct. This is the
- 2 springhouse on the Crebilly Farm that's off of
- 3 Street Road.
- 4 Q. Okay. So, and that's the springhouse
- 5 that was converted to a chapel?
- A. That's correct.
- 7 Q. In the late 20th century?
- A. That's correct, serpentine building.
- 9 Q. Okay. So as far as you are aware, your
- 10 client, the applicant, doesn't have any concern
- 11 with agreeing to condition number, proposed
- 12 condition No. 25?
- MR. ADELMAN: I'm sorry, can we
- 14 go off the record for a moment so my client can
- 15 review that list again.
- MR. GILL: Sure.
- MR. ADELMAN: Thank you.
- 18 (Discussion off the record.)
- MR. ADELMAN: We can go back on
- the record. Thank you for the opportunity.
- MR. GILL: Thank you, Mr.
- 22 Adelman.
- 23 BY MR. GILL:
- Q. Do you need me to repeat the question?

- 1 A. Yes, please.
- 2 Q. My question was: Is there any reason,
- 3 to your knowledge, of why the applicant should
- 4 not or will not accept, again assuming that the
- 5 Board is inclined to grant conditional use
- 6 approval, why the applicant would not accept
- 7 condition No. 25 as proposed in Mrs. Camp's
- 8 letter?
- 9 A. I don't know of any reason they would
- 10 not. But I can't speak for them.
- 11 Q. Would it be your recommendation as an
- 12 historic planner that they do accept that
- 13 condition?
- 14 A. Again, I was brought in to examine the
- 15 history and the historic resources and not --
- Q. Well, based upon your -- excuse me. Go
- 17 ahead. I'm sorry.
- 18 Based upon your examination of
- 19 the resources and identification of their
- 20 historic merit or historic worth, are any of
- 21 the resources that Mrs. Camp identified here
- not worthy of preservation?
- A. I don't think any of them are not
- 24 worthy of historic preservation. I will say

- 1 the one garage, stable that's on New Street, is
- 2 a relatively new building. I think it dates to
- 3 the 1970s. It is a very nice stable building.
- 4 But I wouldn't consider it historic.
- 5 Q. Okay. I want to make sure I understand
- 6 your answer to that question, because I think
- 7 it was phrased in a double negative. You said
- 8 you do not know of any reason why they would
- 9 not be, should not be preserved. Is it your
- 10 testimony that it is your opinion that they
- should be preserved, subject to your caveat
- 12 about the garage?
- A. It is -- again, I am not here to say
- 14 whether what should be or not, or shouldn't be
- 15 preserved.
- 16 Q. Why not?
- 17 A. I was retained to do the history of the
- 18 project, of the property, and come up with a
- 19 physical description of the historic resources.
- I have not been retained to examine how the
- 21 development may impact the historic resources.
- Q. Well, I think you have already
- 23 testified about how the development is going to
- 24 impact the historic resources, and that was

- 1 that it would delete the eligibility, correct?
- 2 A. It could delete the eligibility. There
- 3 are mitigation, methods to mitigate that
- 4 adverse effect.
- 5 Q. But you can't offer any --
- 6 A. No.
- 7 Q. You can't offer any thoughts on what
- 8 that mitigation might look like?
- 9 A. No, not at this point.
- 10 Q. Well, you can because of your
- 11 expertise. You just haven't been asked?
- 12 A. I would have to study it more.
- 13 Q. Taking a look at condition or proposed
- 14 condition No. 26, which is with regard to the
- Darlington Tavern, do you see that?
- A. Yes, yes.
- 17 Q. You testified just a moment ago that
- 18 construction of the roadway improvements would
- 19 likely have an adverse impact upon the
- Darlington Taverns resource, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. The Planning Commission recommends that
- the resource be moved to another location on
- the property. Is movement of an historic

- 1 resource to another location that might be out
- of context an acceptable, a generally accepted
- 3 means of mitigation of adverse impacts upon
- 4 that resource?
- 5 A. Yes. And I think when you say
- 6 generally out of context, if you were to cross
- 7 the street into the parking lot of the shopping
- 8 center, that would be out of context, and it
- 9 could lose its eligibility for the National
- 10 Register.
- 11 Q. I hadn't suggested the shopping center.
- 12 A. The old shopping center. If you move
- the building a hundred yards back into the
- 14 existing farmland there or field, that would
- 15 stay within its existing context, so that is an
- 16 acceptable means of dealing with an adverse
- impact.
- 18 Q. But, again, based on your lack of
- 19 having examined how the impacts could be
- 20 mitigated, you can't offer any thoughts as we
- 21 stand here tonight, or as I sit here this
- 22 evening, on whether or not that movement should
- take place, where it should take place to?
- A. No. I haven't studied where it should

- 1 take place or if it should take place.
- Q. You are familiar with the property,
- 3 correct?
- A. Yes, I am.
- 5 Q. And you are familiar with the
- 6 development plan?
- 7 A. Yes.
- Q. And you are familiar with the resource?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you have been qualified as an
- 11 expert in historic planning?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Based on all of that I'll ask you
- 14 again: Can you offer any thoughts as to where,
- 15 to where on the property the Darlington Tavern
- should be moved?
- 17 A. As I said before, if it was moved a
- 18 hundred feet back, I think I said a hundred
- 19 feet back or something, so it is just off the
- 20 road, that might be a good way of addressing
- 21 that adverse effect.
- 22 A better way of maybe addressing
- 23 adverse effect is putting a new or expanded
- 24 highway into the new building across the street

- 1 and that would avoid that issue altogether.
- Q. Which new building is that?
- 3 A. I think it is a CVS. Used to be an
- 4 Exxon. That's south of 926.
- 5 Q. Yes, I'm familiar.
- A. But I have not studied traffic plans, I
- 7 have not studied the specific traffic plans
- 8 with respect to the impact of the building, and
- 9 I have not examined means of addressing any
- 10 impact that that would create.
- 11 Q. And, again, not to belabor the point,
- 12 but that's because you have been retained only
- to inventory the resources, not to offer
- suggestions or recommendations with regard to
- mitigation of the adverse impacts of this
- development?
- 17 A. Exactly.
- 18 Q. Are you familiar with the concept --
- 19 let me rephrase it. Can I assume that you are
- 20 familiar with the concept of adaptively reusing
- 21 historic resources?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. What does that mean, to adaptively
- 24 reuse a resource?

- 1 A. To take a resource, say maybe a
- 2 residential building, and adaptively reuse it
- 3 into another use, perhaps commercial or office
- 4 or something like that, or other type of
- 5 residence.
- Q. A use that would be consistent with the
- 7 historic nature of the structure?
- A. Sometimes. Not often. Often with
- 9 federal tax credit programs it is not the use,
- 10 it is how the building is rehabilitated.
- 11 Q. Okay. I understand. We will get to
- that in just a moment.
- 13 Then can you take a look at
- proposed condition No. 28, also on page 27 --
- 15 I'm sorry -- on page 7.
- MR. MCKENNA: Have you had a
- 17 chance to read it?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Is there any reason, based on your
- 20 expertise as an historic planner, why you
- 21 wouldn't recommend to the applicant that it
- accept condition No. 28?
- A. I did not know it was permitted by the
- ordinance, so I can't really answer that

- 1 question.
- 2 Q. Subject to that caveat, Mr. Wise, is it
- 3 your testimony that you can't recommend to your
- 4 client that it agree to a condition that their
- 5 client adaptively reuse historic resources that
- 6 are going to be preserved? Is that your
- 7 testimony?
- A. That I can't? No, that's not my
- 9 testimony. I could. I have not been retained
- 10 to do that.
- 11 Q. I'm asking you the question right now
- 12 whether you have any reason, from the
- perspective of an expert in historic planning,
- 14 why the applicant should not accept condition
- 15 No. 28?
- 16 A. I don't know all the plans from the
- 17 applicant. I have nothing to do with the plan
- of this project. So that would be my hesitance
- 19 to say that it should or I recommend that they
- adaptively reuse these buildings.
- 21 Q. Well --
- 22 A. Certainly, if they could, it would be
- 23 great. But I have not been retained to
- recommend one way or another for these

- 1 buildings.
- Q. I understand. From the perspective of
- 3 an expert in historic planning, would adaptive
- 4 reuse be preferable to demolition of the
- 5 resources?
- A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Are there any other alternatives that
- 8 you are aware of between, other than demolition
- 9 or reuse?
- 10 A. You mentioned moving the buildings.
- 11 There is mitigation. You may have a
- 12 development that impacts a historic resource in
- one way or another, and there may be ways to
- 14 mitigate that impact.
- 15 Q. Again, you can't offer us any thoughts
- on what that mitigation might look like
- specifically to this particular project?
- A. Not, not at this time, no.
- 19 Q. With regard to the renovation or
- 20 rehabilitation of historic resources, that
- 21 typically takes place on the exterior of a
- building, on the facades, correct?
- A. Or interior.
- Q. Okay. But renovation or rehabilitation

- of exteriors of historic structures is not
- 2 uncommon, correct?
- A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And is it your understanding, I know
- 5 you are not a lawyer, but is it your
- 6 understanding that the extent of historic
- 7 preservation ordinances or regulations
- 8 generally goes to the exterior of structures or
- 9 that which is visible from public
- 10 rights-of-way?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. So I'm going to ask you then to take a
- look at condition No. 29, proposed condition 29
- on page 8 of Mrs. Camp's letter.
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. As an expert in the field of historic
- 17 preservation planning, is there any reason why,
- in your mind, why the applicant should not
- agree to condition No. 29 as proposed?
- 20 A. I have not been inside these buildings.
- I have not or had -- I have not seen a
- 22 structural analysis that's been done on these
- 23 buildings. They may not be worthy of a
- 24 conservation easement.

- 1 Q. If the buildings are preserved and
- 2 adaptively reused, would that change your
- 3 opinion or change your answer?
- A. I, I -- I don't know, to answer your
- 5 question. Buildings can be adaptively reused
- 6 and preserved in other ways. Certainly a
- 7 facade easement or some type of restriction on
- 8 a building can certainly help maintain that
- 9 building.
- 10 Q. Okay. Are there any, moving on, are
- 11 there any or were there any structures on the
- 12 Crebilly Farm property which, to your
- knowledge, were demolished in the months or 12
- 14 to 24 months leading up to the time when the
- 15 applicant filed the conditional use
- 16 application?
- 17 A. There may have been buildings that were
- demolished along 202, near the intersection of
- 19 926 and 202.
- 20 Q. There may have been or there were?
- A. Well, there were, but I don't know when
- they were demolished or why or who demolished
- 23 them.
- Q. Were those buildings of historic

- 1 significance?
- 2 A. The Darlington Corners District was
- determined to be a district several years ago,
- 4 and then that determination was withdrawn by
- 5 the Pennsylvania Historical Museum Commission.
- I don't believe any of the buildings, either
- 7 collectively as a district or individually,
- 8 were eligible for the National Register.
- 9 Q. Okay. Let's talk about the events of
- 10 September 11th, 1777. You made reference to
- 11 the Michael Harris text. Do you have a copy of
- 12 that there?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Before we get to that, you mentioned
- 15 that you had served as a consultant to the
- Brandywine Conservancy with regard to its
- 17 conservation easement program, correct?
- 18 A. I was employed at the conservancy, yes.
- 19 Q. You were directly employed?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 MR. GILL: Can we go back to
- 22 Exhibit A-20, is it? The different study
- 23 areas.
- MR. ADELMAN: He is going to pull

- 1 it up. A-20.
- 2 BY MR. GILL:
- Q. Mr. Wise, am I correct in my
- 4 understanding of the development or the
- 5 progression of our modern understanding of the
- 6 Battle of Brandywine that the scope of areas on
- 7 your study has expanded from the time that the
- 8 battlefield landmark was created to the present
- 9 day?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. So it is not your testimony, is it,
- 12 that the current study areas or the current
- scope of our understanding of the battle is
- 14 exhausted, correct?
- A. I didn't know if that was my testimony.
- But history is always evolving, so I would say
- yes.
- 18 Q. So the fact that --
- 19 A. I mean, it is not exhausted is what I
- 20 mean to say.
- 21 Q. So the fact that the property at
- 22 Crebilly Farm property may or may not be
- included in either the 1977 or the 1989 or the
- 24 1992 study areas is not determinative of

- 1 whether or not there was action associated with
- 2 the battle on the Crebilly Farm property,
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. That is correct.
- 5 Q. And we can agree before we even open up
- 6 Mr. Harris' book that there was action
- 7 associated with the battle in close proximity,
- 8 we can at least agree on that, in close
- 9 proximity to the Crebilly Farm property,
- 10 correct?
- 11 A. Yes, generally south of Street Road.
- 12 Q. Well, the property itself is north of
- 13 Street Road?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. Generally speaking, before we get into
- any specific questions, is protection and
- 17 preservation of the landscapes and viewscapes,
- 18 the orientation of natural resources as they
- 19 would have appeared on the day of an historic
- event, is that important to our modern
- 21 understanding and interpretation of that event?
- 22 A. I think it was at one time. But as you
- just alluded to, things have expanded, and
- certainly the way this battlefield, and now the

- 1 Battle of the Clouds, such as it was, the
- 2 process has expanded to be far more than just
- 3 the battlefields where bloodshed may have
- 4 occurred, troop movements may have occurred,
- 5 but it entails bringing the population into the
- 6 mix and what was happening with the civilians
- 7 at the time, etcetera.
- 8 And so certainly part of that is
- 9 the knowledge of what the features were during
- 10 the time of the battle. But just because they
- are encompassing a much greater area, you would
- 12 have things that certainly were not there at
- 13 the time of battle.
- 14 Q. Okay. But given the opportunity to
- 15 preserve a landscape that existed at the time
- of the battle, it is, from an historic
- 17 preservation planning perspective, is it more
- 18 preferable than not to retain that landscape,
- 19 even if other portions of the surrounding area
- 20 have been adulterated?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. And again, from an historic
- 23 preservation planning perspective, do you see
- 24 completion of a full and thorough investigation

- 1 of a property that at the very least was in
- 2 close proximity to the action on that day, do
- 3 you see that as important to our, again, as we
- 4 have agreed, our ever-evolving understanding of
- 5 the events of that day?
- A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Short of a no development alternative,
- 8 what would that full investigation and inquiry
- 9 look like, again from an historic preservation
- and planning perspective?
- 11 A. Well, I think to a large degree it has
- 12 been done. You have the same book I have,
- which really doesn't talk about anything
- occurring on that particular property, showing
- 15 troop movements through the area certainly on a
- 16 map.
- So as far as the history goes, as
- 18 I said, at the Planning Commission meeting back
- in December, you know, it is ever evolving and
- 20 new things come to light, and Sean Moir has
- 21 brought things to light, his perspective on
- 22 what he believes happened that day on the
- 23 battlefield.
- Otherwise, other than the

- 1 possibility of troop movement through this
- 2 particular property, I have not encountered
- 3 anything that shows actual battle, any type of
- 4 battle happening there. Skirmish, certainly,
- 5 certainly a possibility.
- Q. Okay. I'm not sure that answered my
- 7 question. My question was -- and if you
- 8 disagree, please let me know. My question was:
- 9 Given the indisputable proximity of the
- 10 Crebilly Farm property to activities associated
- 11 with the battle, short of not building anything
- 12 at all on the property, and other than placing
- a pull-off area and a marker, what, if
- anything, should be done to examine the scope
- of activities that may or may not have happened
- on the Crebilly Farm property on the day of the
- 17 Battle of Brandywine?
- 18 A. You are sort of asking two different
- 19 things. One, you are asking what kind of
- investigation, what more investigation should
- 21 take place. Is that --
- Q. That's one of my questions.
- 23 A. Okay. I think your other question is
- 24 what can be done in light of that

- 1 investigation.
- Q. Let's take the one first. What
- 3 investigation should be done?
- A. So I think I answered that before. I
- 5 think a lot of history has been written about
- 6 the battle by this point, and you have read
- 7 this book, or you have at least looked at it,
- 8 and the very beginning it's all the accounts
- 9 the battle and how he addresses those accounts,
- and then with his additional primary resource,
- 11 secondary research, etcetera, he then goes in
- 12 to write this book.
- This is a rather, my opinion,
- 14 comprehensive book, as is other works by Tom
- 15 McGuire and this 1989 study primarily by a
- Nancy Webster, the Delaware Planning
- 17 Commission, and then, of course, we have the
- 18 American Battlefield Protection Program that
- 19 Sean Moir has done maps for, which has a
- 20 comprehensive review using a military comp
- 21 analysis to describe the battle.
- So a lot of the investigation,
- short of I guess walking the property or doing
- any type of physical investigation of the land,

- 1 a lot of that investigation has been done.
- Q. Is it your testimony, then, that no
- 3 further investigation of, whether it is the
- 4 Crebilly Farm property or anywhere, is
- 5 necessary for our, as we both now agreed, our
- 6 ever-evolving understanding of the battle?
- 7 A. As an historian I could never say no
- 8 and shut the door to something like that.
- 9 Q. Well, I don't mean to be flippant, but
- 10 I think you are saying that.
- MR. ADELMAN: I object. I don't
- 12 think that's what he said. We could read back
- 13 the record if you like.
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Gill, do you
- want to ask another question?
- MR. GILL: I will.
- 17 BY MR. GILL:
- 18 Q. Have you received the Chester County
- 19 Planning Commission review letter with regard
- 20 to this application, which is marked as Exhibit
- 21 В --
- MR. ADELMAN: B-12.
- 23 Q. -- B-12?
- A. No, I have not.

- 1 Q. You haven't seen that? I think Mr.
- 2 Adelman is giving it to you now.
- A. I have not seen this, no.
- Q. Okay. Well, I do believe that's what
- 5 Mr. Adelman just handed you, so if you want to
- 6 take a moment to look at it and, in particular,
- 7 page 4 of the letter.
- MR. MCKENNA: While Mr. Wise is
- 9 doing that I just want to point out to everyone
- present it is 9:30. We are going to conclude
- 11 this evening at 10:00 o'clock regardless of
- 12 where we are in the testimony, and we already
- 13 have another hearing date scheduled, which we
- 14 will discuss at the end of the proceedings. So
- if the witness isn't done, he can come back for
- 16 the next set of hearings. But I just want to
- point out that 30-minute, last 30 minutes.
- 18 BY MR. GILL:
- 19 Q. Have you had a chance to look at that
- 20 page 4?
- 21 A. Very briefly. But --
- Q. Do you see the image there?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. The area in pink is defined or

- described, excuse me, as the "Brandywine
- 2 Battlefield Swath." Is it your testimony that
- 3 you disagree -- and I'm sorry, in parenthesis
- 4 it says "troop movements and battlefield
- 5 skirmishes."
- Is it your testimony that you
- 7 disagree with the Chester County Planning
- 8 Commission's characterization of the area in
- 9 pink as a Brandywine Battlefield swath of troop
- 10 movements and battlefield skirmish area?
- 11 A. I don't disagree with it. I question
- it, but I don't disagree with it.
- 13 Q. And you would question it because of
- 14 the, again, I don't want to mischaracterize
- 15 your testimony, but because in your opinion
- 16 there has already been exhaustive research done
- on the scope of activities associated with
- 18 that?
- 19 A. That's partly, and my examination of
- 20 historic maps and, again, this other
- 21 information about it. There is discrepancy as
- 22 far as how far the eastern flank of the British
- 23 Army was. So when I said before give or take,
- 24 really don't know whether this swath is correct

```
1 by 10 feet or by 500 feet. That would be my
```

- 2 only -- this is, this line, this pink line, it
- 3 would be tough to say that this is the
- 4 definitive line of the battlefield.
- 5 And, now, I don't know exactly
- 6 how they came up with this definitive line. It
- 7 may be based on some investigations. It may be
- 8 based on what the KOCOA analysis believes is
- 9 the troop movement. I believe this roughly
- 10 follows that KOCOA analysis. But whether or
- 11 not it is simply troop movement or whether
- 12 there was skirmish activity there, I don't
- 13 know.
- I know the KOCOA analysis also
- shows that artillery basically ended or the
- 16 extent of the artillery was Street Road, or
- maybe just over, as you get to the southeast --
- 18 excuse me -- southwest corner of the property,
- 19 very southwest.
- But, so I'm not disagreeing with
- 21 this. I just want to make it clear that this
- line I don't think should be looked at as a
- 23 definitive place where the battle occurred and
- 24 the battle didn't occur.

- 1 Q. Okay.
- 2 A. And I don't know where that line is.
- 3 Q. Thank you for saying that, because I
- 4 don't know either, and I don't know anybody who
- 5 does.
- But it was your testimony on
- direct, if I'm not mistaken, that there were
- 8 no, other than the possibility of skirmishes
- 9 and troop advances, that there was no military
- 10 action on the Crebilly Farm property, maybe 25
- 11 feet on, maybe 50 feet off, we can't say for
- sure whether there was or there wasn't,
- 13 correct?
- A. We can't say for sure. I do know this
- 15 fact, as far as I know, that the William Hunt
- farm that was there did not sue for any
- 17 sufferages for the battle or state any losses
- 18 for the battle.
- And one of the things that often
- go missing or get broken or damaged in these
- 21 battles as you try to get hundreds of troops or
- thousands of troops is the fences are often
- 23 knocked down and taken down to facilitate troop
- 24 movement, especially under fire. And that was

- 1 not mentioned or not brought up at all. So
- 2 there were no sufferages by the Hunt family.
- 3 They may have got lucky. Troops may have
- 4 walked around them. But that's -- and, again,
- 5 that's not an indication nothing occurred here.
- 6 I just need to bring that to light.
- 7 Q. Understood. Before we move on from
- 8 this point of trying to define or at least
- 9 state you can't definitively state, you can't
- 10 definitively exclude, I want to come back to
- 11 your work on behalf of the Brandywine
- 12 Conservancy. You were there from 1993 to 1997,
- 13 correct?
- A. Correct.
- 15 Q. Was the area around the Brandywine
- 16 Battlefield under development pressure at that
- point in time?
- 18 A. Absolutely.
- 19 Q. Did the conservancy establish
- 20 priorities as to which property that it would
- 21 target for conservation associated with the
- 22 battle activities?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. It is not your testimony, is it, that

- 1 the absence of the Crebilly Farm property from
- 2 that priority list demonstrates that no
- 3 activity occurred at the Crebilly Farm
- 4 property?
- 5 A. That's correct.
- 6 Q. Just that it wasn't a funding priority
- 7 at that point in time for the Brandywine
- 8 Conservancy?
- 9 A. Well, we, because of the funding and
- 10 lack thereof, we concentrated on properties
- 11 that we thought were most threatened or most
- 12 bloodshed, and also there was a scenic element
- 13 to that as well.
- So most of the major and priority
- 15 battle -- excuse me -- properties were in the
- 16 vicinity of the Brandywine -- I apologize --
- 17 the meetinghouse, Birmingham Meetinghouse, in
- 18 that vicinity, in Sandy Hollow. That was one
- base priority area, and then there were some
- 20 others I believe down in Chadds Ford and others
- 21 west of the Brandywine River.
- Q. Okay. If we could turn to Mr. Harris'
- 23 text.
- MR. GILL: If we can bring up,

- 1 I'm not sure what the exhibit number is, the
- 2 development plans up. A-4?
- MR. MCKENNA: A-6.
- 4 MR. GILL: A-6.
- 5 MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Gill, for our
- 6 benefit, can you tell us the name of the book
- 7 that we are referring to again and the author?
- MR. GILL: It is called
- 9 Brandywine A Military History of the Battle
- 10 that Lost Philadelphia but Saved America,
- 11 September 11th, 1777, by Michael C. Harris.
- MR. MCKENNA: Thank you.
- 13 BY MR. GILL:
- Q. Mr. Wise, I'm sorry, we are trying to
- 15 toggle back and forth between this and
- 16 Exhibit A-21, the Archibald map.
- So, Mr. Wise, would you please
- turn to page 282 in the Harris text.
- 19 A. Yes, the map.
- Q. So that's a map that is titled "Assault
- on Birmingham Hill," 4:00 o'clock p.m. to 5:30
- p.m. on the day of the battle, correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And the extreme right flank -- excuse

- 1 me -- left flank of the British advance is
- 2 identified as the Hessian Jaegers?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Using Exhibit A-6 and taking that on
- 5 its face, the map on page 282, where would the
- 6 Jaeger advance be relative to the Crebilly Farm
- 7 property?
- 8 A. Bear with me. These are small maps.
- 9 But essentially it would be this western end,
- 10 probably over these two ends of the development
- 11 pieces, and then swinging down possibly as far
- as, to the immediate east of the creek.
- Q. What do you mean by the "two ends"?
- A. Well, I'm sorry, these two road
- 15 systems, so it would come across somehow and
- then sort of swing down right in here.
- 17 Q. Is that generally consistent with the
- 18 battlefield swath that the Chester County
- 19 Planning Commission identified?
- 20 A. Yeah, again, give or take -- oh, that
- 21 swath. I would say that's generally
- 22 consistent, yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, the map on page 282 -- and
- 24 perhaps, Mr. Adelman, is there any objection if

- 1 we simply mark the text, mark the book itself
- 2 as an exhibit? Or would you prefer we mark
- 3 individual --
- 4 MR. ADELMAN: I would rather mark
- 5 individual exhibits that are testified to.
- 6 MR. GILL: We will provide
- 7 photocopies then.
- MR. MCKENNA: I would much rather
- 9 have the pages rather than the entire book.
- MR. ADELMAN: I don't want to
- 11 have to bring the author in to cross-examine
- 12 him on each page.
- MR. GILL: Then we will offer, we
- 14 will mark -- excuse me -- the map on page 282
- of the text as Exhibit PC-1, and we will
- 16 provide copies.
- 17 BY MR. GILL:
- 18 Q. Now, the map does indicate that the
- 19 extreme left flank of the British advance,
- 20 British Hessian advance, engaged with Stephen's
- 21 Division of the American line north of
- 22 Dilworth, correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. Is that consistent with your statement

- 1 that there might have been troop movements
- 2 across the property, if not necessarily combat?
- A. I would say that's consistent with.
- 4 Q. Thank you. Can we move to
- 5 Exhibit A-21, the Archibald map. Okay.
- We can't turn it, correct?
- 7 MR. SEMON: Correct.
- MS. DEWOLF: Rotate it.
- 9 THE WITNESS: You are going to
- 10 have to lean to the left.
- 11 BY MR. GILL:
- 12 Q. I'm afraid that's quite impossible for
- $13 \quad \text{me.}$
- A. Well, I mean, I can help a little bit,
- with the British coming in this direction.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. If that helps.
- 18 MR. MCKENNA: Wait.
- 19 THE WITNESS: This is Street
- 20 Road.
- MR. MCKENNA: Hang on. That
- doesn't help, for the record. In this
- 23 direction, I need you to tell me a little bit
- 24 better what we are talking about when you talk

- 1 about this direction.
- THE WITNESS: Okay. The left
- 3 side of this map is oriented to the north. The
- 4 British came from the north. So they were
- 5 moving in this direction, across Street Road
- 6 and then --
- 7 MR. ADELMAN: Bob, what is "this
- 8 direction"?
- 9 THE WITNESS: Right or south.
- 10 And they moved south across Street Road and
- 11 then generally encountered the American forces
- 12 on Birmingham Hill.
- MR. MCKENNA: For purposes of
- 14 clarification for the record, realizing this
- exhibit is tilted, let's use north-south for my
- 16 purposes, because it is going to make it a lot
- easier when we look back at the record, please.
- 18 THE WITNESS: Okay.
- 19 BY MR. GILL:
- Q. All right. Where on Exhibit A-21 is
- 21 Birmingham Hill?
- A. Well, Birmingham Meetinghouse is, you
- can see it marked here. That's the Birmingham
- 24 cemetery just to the, to the -- move that hand

- 1 over a little bit more. Right there. So
- 2 Birmingham Meetinghouse is to the south of
- 3 that, and there is a knoll there, but the main
- 4 Birmingham Hill moves across here as you see
- 5 all the letters, that's where Stephen's forces
- 6 generally were, according to this map.
- 7 Q. Stephen's forces were to the east of,
- 8 east and south of the meetinghouse?
- 9 A. Yes. They actually held the
- 10 meetinghouse area, and then came across
- Birmingham Road as it goes towards Route 202.
- 12 Q. Okay. And again, the meetinghouse
- would have been in the center point of the
- 14 battle, while the extreme right side of the
- 15 American line would have been east of the
- 16 meetinghouse?
- 17 A. Extreme right side, yes.
- 18 Q. Okay.
- A. Although these weren't fixed
- 20 fortifications. This is an extremely fluid
- 21 battle. So things were moving throughout the
- 22 day.
- Q. So my question to you was: Where is
- 24 Birmingham Hill? You pointed out where the

- 1 Birmingham Meetinghouse is. But where is
- 2 Birmingham Hill?
- 3 A. Birmingham Hill is basically to the
- 4 south of the hand, excuse me, and then going
- 5 east towards, the sub degree towards Route 202
- 6 which is that, that other line.
- 7 MR. ADELMAN: Bob, for the
- 8 record, when you said "south of the hand,"
- 9 where was the hand located on?
- 10 THE WITNESS: The hand at that
- 11 point was located at the Birmingham cemetery.
- 12 The Birmingham Meetinghouse is just south of
- 13 the cemetery.
- MR. ADELMAN: Thank you.
- 15 THE WITNESS: And the hill sort
- of generally goes in that direction to the east
- of, before it gets to Route 202.
- 18 BY MR. GILL:
- 19 Q. Okay. If you could grab the text
- 20 again. I ask you to turn to page 315 through
- 21 page 321. We are going to focus really on page
- 22 315 and 316. There is a section of text called
- "Assault on Stephen's Division," do you see
- 24 that?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Down at the bottom of page 315 there is
- 3 a reference made to a Lieutenant Colonel Ludwig
- 4 von Wurmb. Do you see that?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know who he was?
- 7 A. He was a Jaeger commander. I don't
- 8 know much more about him other than that.
- 9 Q. Was he present at the battlefield that
- 10 day?
- 11 A. Yes, I believe he was.
- 12 Q. Would he have been in command of or
- associated with the Jaeger troops that were
- marching, according to the map on page 282,
- across the, what is now the Crebilly Farm
- 16 property?
- 17 A. I believe he was in that general area.
- 18 Q. Okay. So if you turn to page 316 --
- well, excuse me, stay on 315. And, I'm sorry,
- 20 I'm going to do great injustice to his name
- 21 again. Ludwig von Wurmb said: "I saw that the
- 22 enemy wanted to form for us on a bare hill, so
- I had them greeted by our two amusettes and
- this was the beginning of General Howe's

- 1 column's [arrival]."
- 2 And the next sentence says: "The
- 3 bare hill described by von Wurmb was the
- 4 eastern extension of the rise that Birmingham
- 5 Meetinghouse sits upon. The jaegers
- 6 encountered American skirmishes on the end of
- 7 this rise about 1500 feet east of Birmingham
- 8 Road."
- 9 Can you show us on Exhibit A-21
- where that would have been?
- 11 A. I don't think I can, because this map
- is not worthy of showing that. You need a topo
- 13 map.
- 14 There are two hills here that he
- may be speaking about. They are both,
- 16 according to the Michael Harris book, appear to
- 17 be south of Street Road.
- There is a knoll that Birmingham
- 19 -- the cemetery area sits on, and that sort of
- 20 moves almost in a, in a slight curve to the
- 21 northeast.
- There is then a larger ridge.
- 23 This is Birmingham Hill that runs across
- 24 generally where all these letters are, where

- 1 the main American lines were. And what the
- 2 Jaegers were trying to do, and that British
- 3 contingent which had split, part of it went
- 4 after his forces at the cemetery and the
- 5 meetinghouse. The other force was attacking
- 6 head on and then also trying to flank them on
- 7 American's far eastern end of their line, and
- 8 that is where they talk about this happening in
- 9 the book.
- Now, exactly where they
- 11 encountered skirmishers, I don't know where.
- 12 It could have been on Crebilly Farm. It could
- have been south of the road. I don't know
- 14 exactly the land formations at that time, and
- where the force, where it also describes.
- I have looked at those pages very
- 17 carefully, and I have not determined exactly
- where he is talking about. I'm not denying
- 19 where it is. I just don't know where he is
- 20 talking about.
- 21 Q. In light of that uncertainty, and in
- 22 light of the importance of the Battle of
- 23 Brandywine, is it still your testimony that a
- 24 marker or a pull-off area is the most

- 1 appropriate way to further our modern
- 2 understanding of the battle? Or are you, can
- 3 you now be prepared to offer any thoughts on
- 4 what any additional investigation or inquiry of
- 5 the Crebilly Farm property might be relative to
- 6 the Battle of Brandywine?
- 7 A. Well, I think because this skirmish
- 8 element that Sean Moir has brought up, in light
- 9 of these plans, there may be further
- 10 investigation into that.
- 11 The problem is the extent that
- may have occurred there. I'm not trying to
- diminish it. Just in terms of the battle at
- hand, where there were some 26,000 troops
- involved, this is, it appears, a very tiny part
- of that entire battle. It may have occurred in
- 17 this property. There may have been some
- 18 skirmish. Skirmishers during this war were
- 19 often put out in front of troops, in front of
- the lines.
- 21 Again, this line was newly
- formed, so it wasn't like they were there for a
- 23 week waiting for the British to come. But they
- 24 would ride out. They would do reconnaissance.

- 1 And they would also try to disrupt any advance,
- 2 even demoralize the advancing armies.
- 3 So whether they were there and
- 4 whether they were there in force, or whether
- 5 there were a few soldiers there forming up, it
- 6 is difficult to know exactly what was going on
- 7 at that time, because the bulk of that
- 8 description that you have in your hand then
- 9 concentrates almost solely on what was
- 10 happening south of Street Road and the actual
- 11 assault on Birmingham Road, and then the
- 12 retreat by the American Army as they moved back
- 13 towards Dilworth.
- 14 Q. Was Stephen's Division -- Stephen's
- Division held the line, correct?
- A. Stephen's Division, from what I
- 17 understand, held the line. Sullivan's and
- 18 Stirling's dissolved and moved up towards
- 19 Radley Road.
- Q. I don't claim to be an expert here, Mr.
- 21 Wise. But is Stephen's Division holding of the
- line integral to the, was that integral to the
- 23 ability for the Americans to organize an
- orderly retreat from the battlefield that day?

- 1 A. It certainly didn't hurt.
- Q. Given that, and given --
- A. I don't mean -- and I mean that it
- 4 certainly wouldn't have hurt. Did they prevent
- 5 the British from demolishing the American Army
- 6 at that point? I don't know that.
- 7 Q. Given that possibility, and in light of
- 8 the title of the book, the battle which we lost
- 9 but saved America, isn't the activity of
- 10 Stephen's Division, in light of that Jaeger
- 11 advance, critically important to our modern
- 12 understanding of the importance of the Battle
- of Brandywine?
- 14 A. Absolutely, I think that is. And there
- were some other British contingents that found
- 16 themselves on the far western flank and ended
- 17 up coming down the Brandywine to, in my
- opinion, scare Washington, who his fort,
- 19 General Wayne, by now was still down in Chadds
- 20 Ford, waiting, thinking that was the main
- 21 British assault.
- 22 And I think if these few
- 23 detachments hadn't come down here and started
- 24 to attack the American right flank at Chadds

- 1 Ford, Wayne may have stayed there, and then
- 2 they definitely would have been encircled and
- 3 defeated.
- 4 So that's my interpretation of
- 5 what is happening in the far end of the
- 6 battlefield. But certainly holding on and then
- 7 retreating, other troops then came in I think
- 8 under General Greene -- I may be wrong on
- 9 that -- around Dilworth, and really stopped the
- British in their tracks. By that time the
- armies were exhausted and it was the end of the
- 12 day.
- 13 Q. Bear with me one moment, please.
- 14 Okay. Mr. Wise, just a couple of
- final questions. Again, in light of how we
- 16 ended our conversation a moment ago, from
- 17 historic preservation planning perspective,
- again, in light of these uncertainties that we
- 19 have identified here this evening, is it not
- 20 prudent to shift, if it is possible, to shift
- 21 development out of an area where such an
- 22 important aspect of the battle might have taken
- 23 place into an area of the property, the
- 24 Crebilly Farm property, where we all agree the

- 1 likelihood of action associated with the battle
- 2 is null?
- A. I don't know the particulars of why
- 4 they planned it this way, and how they planned
- 5 it, and for what purpose. So you would have to
- 6 talk to the developer.
- 7 MR. GILL: Okay. That's all the
- 8 questions I have on cross for Mr. Wise.
- 9 . MR. MCKENNA: All right. Thank
- 10 you, Mr. Gill.
- 11 Mr. Adelman, at this point it is
- 12 almost five minutes of 10:00. My preference
- would be to conclude the hearing for this
- 14 evening, because I have a feeling there is
- 15 going to be sufficient additional questions to
- bring Mr. Wise back in May.
- MR. ADELMAN: I didn't want to
- interrupt you. Can we poll the other
- 19 attorneys, to ask Mr. Thompson --
- MR. MCKENNA: We can, but there
- is also 38 parties and Board members.
- MR. ADELMAN: I am aware of that,
- 23 Mr. McKenna. I just ask the other attorneys,
- 24 do they have a sufficient number of questions

- based upon Mr. Wise's testimony?
- MR. MCKENNA: Mr. Thompson, were
- you going to have some extensive cross?
- 4 MR. THOMPSON: I would like to
- 5 reserve some time for cross, yes.
- MR. MCKENNA: Ms. Labrum, are you
- 7 going to have any questions?
- MS. LABRUM: No, I'm not.
- 9 MR. ADELMAN: Frone is not here.
- MR. MCKENNA: Frone is not here.
- 11 MR. ADELMAN: He is just one.
- MR. MCKENNA: In terms of
- 13 counsel, correct.
- MR. ADELMAN: Absolutely. I'm
- just talking about, I meant counsel as in
- 16 attorneys.
- MR. HAWS: I'm just letting you
- 18 know, I will have extensive questions.
- MR. ADELMAN: I'm sure you will.
- 20 I'm not going to try to do it tonight. I was
- 21 just curious.
- MR. MCKENNA: Any objection to
- continuing the hearing tonight at this point,
- 24 Mr. Adelman?

```
1
                      MR. ADELMAN: Not at this time,
 2
      no.
 3
                     MR. MCKENNA: Okay. Ladies and
 4
      gentlemen, we are going to continue the hearing
 5
      until Tuesday, May 23rd, at 6:00 p.m. The
      hearing that evening will be back at Rustin.
 6
 7
      can assure you all that the sound quality will
      be improved from the last time we were there.
 8
 9
                     I would like to also apologize
10
      for the fact that we have to keep moving the
11
      hearings, but that's a bit out of our control.
12
      We do not have further meeting dates beyond May
13
      scheduled at this time. However, I anticipate
14
      over the next month that will be a discussion
15
      among the Board and counsel to try to pick
16
      additional dates.
17
                     Mr. Wise will be back to finish
18
      his testimony. I believe Mr. Babbitt will
19
      likely go then, who is the fiscal impact
20
      analysis for Toll.
21
                     Outside of that I can't tell you
22
      who is going to testify that evening. I hope
23
      to have more of that information prior to the
```

hearing, and when we do it will go out on the

24

```
LISTSERV and it will be posted on the website.
 1
 2
                       Is there anything additional from
       the Board at this point? Anything additional
 3
 4
       from counsel?
 5
                       MR. ADELMAN:
                                      N \circ .
                       MR. MCKENNA: Thank you, ladies
 6
       and gentlemen. We will stand in continuance.
 7
 8
                       (Proceedings conclude at 9:56
 9
       p.m.)
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```

1	I N D E X
2	
3	WITNESS DIRECT CROSS REDIRECT RECROSS
4	Paul S. Scott 413
5	Frederick E. Ebert 426
6	By Ms. Camp 440
7	By Mr. Thompson 450
8	By Ms. Camp 521
9	Robert J. Wise 530
10	By Mr. Gill 555
11	
12	EXHIBITS_
13	
14	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS EXHIBITS
15	B-27 - Pennsbury Township Resolution
16	2017-03-15-1, March 14th, 2017, expressing
17	concerns with conditional use application
18	B-28 - Review letter, Al Federico, Kimley Horn,
19	Westtown Township Traffic Engineer, April 3rd,
20	2017
21	B-29 - Party status forms for individuals and
22	entities that were granted party status
23	B-30 - Party status forms for individuals and
24	entities that were denied party status

1	APPLICANT'S EXHIBITS
2	A-18 - Robert J. Wise CV
3	A-19 - RGA historic structures letter, 12/13/16
4	A-20 - Cartographic Map 3.5 of Brandywine
5	Battlefield
6	A-21 - Archibald Robertson manuscript may and
7	text of the Battle of Brandywine
8	A-22 - GTA Supplemental Preliminary On-Site
9	Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Evaluation,
10	4/13/17
11	A-23 - Frederick Ebert CV
12	A-24 - Ebert Engineering, Inc. Wastewater
13	Engineering Report, 4/18/17
14	
15	PLANNING COMMISSION EXHIBITS
16	PC-1 - Map, page 282, Brandywine A Military
17	History of the Battle that Lost Philadelphia
18	but Saved America
19	
20	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER PAGE 608
21	
22	
23	
24	

1	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania )
2	Chester County )
3	
4	
5	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
6	
7	I, Eleanor J. Schwandt, Registered
8	Merit Reporter and Notary Public, do hereby
9	certify that the foregoing record, pages 408 to
10	608 inclusive, is a true and accurate
11	transcript of my stenographic notes taken on
12	April 19, 2017, in the above-captioned matter.
13	
14	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto
15	set my hand and seal this 1st day of May, 2017.
16	
17	
18	
19	Eleanor J. Schwandt
20	
21	
22	
23	
2.4	

569:15

4

1970s [1] - 564:3 25-and-a-half [1] -70[1] - 434:17 '30s [1] - 537:1 1977 [2] - 545:13, 423:4 4 [4] - 499:12, 509:5. **75**[1] - 499:4 '89 [1] - 554:2 575:23 25.5 [4] - 437:16, 582:7, 582:20 75-year [1] - 513:12 1989 [8] - 541:3, 437:23, 483:14, 484:6 4.4[1] - 480:10 7:00[1] - 431:24 1 544:10, 545:9, 546:7, 250 [10] - 454:6, 4/13/17 [1] - 607:10 547:1, 553:23, 455:4, 465:21, 4/18/17 [1] - 607:13 8 1.2[1] - 452:5 493:22, 495:17, 575:23, 580:15 40 [7] - 473:2, 10[4] - 455:5, 496:6, 1990 [1] - 471:4 497:4, 497:5, 516:21, 8 [1] - 572:14 493:19, 493:20, 496:12, 584:1 1990s [1] - 536:12 521:19, 522:4 80 [1] - 523:1 522:24, 523:1, 523:3 10,000 [2] - 452:2, 1992 [2] - 545:13, 250,000 [2] - 512:23 80,000 [1] - 496:5 400,000 [1] - 452:19 452:12 575:24 250-foot [2] - 519:19, 408 [1] - 608:9 80,750 [5] - 438:4, 100 [2] - 473:8, 488:8 1993 [2] - 540:24, 521:9 454:7, 463:11, 4092 [1] - 426:6 100,000 [1] - 452:4 586:12 259 [2] - 530:11 482:20, 495:18 413[1] - 606:4 10:00 [2] - 582:11, 1997 [2] - 540:24, 26 [1] - 565:14 89[1] - 453:20 426 [1] - 606:5 602:12 586:12 26,000 [1] - 598:14 89,000 [5] - 438:1, 440 [1] - 606:6 110 [2] - 438:2, 496:9 1st [1] - 608:15 27 [1] - 569:14 453:22, 454:13, 450 [1] - 606:7 482:19, 495:20 11th [3] - 542:8, 28 [3] - 569:14, 4:00 [1] - 588:21 574:10, 588:11 2 569:22, 570:15 12 [11] - 428:2. **282** [6] - 588:18, 9 5 434:11, 445:2, 20 [5] - 427:13, 589:5, 589:23, 446:22, 447:24, 476:9, 483:15, 926 [11] - 518:1, 590:14, 595:14, **5** [1] - 436:6 449:4, 475:7, 476:20, 499:10, 512:2 534:3, 535:8, 535:21, 607:16 50 [11] - 428:8, 476:23, 500:2, 573:13 20-year[1] - 513:11 537:11, 537:20, 29 [3] - 572:13, 436:12, 447:5, 12/13/16 [1] - 607:3 200 [2] - 456:7, 537:21, 539:16, 572:19 448:18, 463:23, 539:23, 568:4, 573:19 512:23 13th [4] - 414:6, 29th [2] - 410:10, 499:3, 499:10, 94 [1] - 497:20 510:21, 532:15, 2000 [1] - 536:1 413:7 522:13, 536:23, 555:12 975[1] - 408:10 2005 [1] - 536:1 552:16, 585:11 9:00[1] - 431:23 14[1] - 428:5 2014 [1] - 544:2 3 500 [1] - 584:1 146 [1] - 497:2 2015 [1] - 531:6 9:30[1] - 582:10 512[2] - 422:21 3 [1] - 408:5 9:56 [1] - 605:8 14th [3] - 411:7, 2016 [2] - 532:15, 512-1 [1] - 422:21 542:22, 606:16 555:12 3,000 [1] - 482:23 **521** [1] - 606:8 15[6] - 415:10, 2017 [16] - 408:11, 3,500 [4] - 435:5, Α 530 [1] - 606:9 458:1, 458:4, 489:16, 437:20, 437:22, 484:7 410:11, 411:7, 537 [1] - 443:17 505:19, 522:8 A-18 [2] - 530:14, 411:12, 414:6, 429:9, 3.5[4] - 545:12, 555 [1] - 606:10 546:15, 547:12, 607:4 607:2 15-minute [1] - 529:8 443:3, 509:7, 509:12, 5:00 [1] - 431:24 A-19 [4] - 532:9, 15-year[1] - 513:10 510:11, 511:7, 560:6, 30 [5] - 505:14, 5:30 [1] - 588:21 555:14, 560:1, 607:3 606:16, 606:20, 522:24, 523:3, 541:4, 1500 [1] - 596:7 A-20 [4] - 545:1. 163 [1] - 468:12 608:12, 608:15 582:17 6 574:22, 575:1, 607:4 16th [1] - 560:6 2017-03-15-1 [2] -30-minute [1] -A-21 [6] - 548:7, 17,000 [1] - 542:8 411:6, 606:16 582:17 6[1] - 434:16 588:16, 591:5, 1748 [1] - 534:19 202 [12] - 516:14, 300,000 [2] - 452:5, 6,000 [5] - 435:7, 592:20, 596:9, 607:6 517:10, 517:13, 508:18 1777 [3] - 542:8, 437:18, 452:3, A-22 [4] - 413:12, 534:3, 535:8, 537:11, 300-some [1] -574:10, 588:11 482:22, 484:10 413:24, 415:7, 607:8 539:24, 573:18, 504:18 **18** [2] - 432:4, 483:16 6.4[1] - 469:20 573:19, 593:11, A-23 [2] - 426:9, 315 [4] - 594:20, 1800s [1] - 539:13 60 [1] - 463:23 594:5, 594:17 594:22, 595:2, 595:19 607:11 1823 [1] - 537:14 60,000 [1] - 452:18 A-24 [2] - 429:3, 20th [4] - 533:13, 316 [2] - 594:22, 1886 [1] - 536:10 60-degree [1] - 447:5 607:12 535:4, 556:16, 562:7 595:18 1890s [1] - 539:23 600 [3] - 553:5, A-4[1] - 588:2 21st [1] - 561:1 **317** [2] - 454:1, 18th [1] - 429:9 553:9, 553:20 A-6 [5] - 553:12, 23[1] - 531:8 504:14 **19**[2] - 408:11, 608 [2] - 607:20, 553:14, 588:3, 588:4, 23rd [1] - 604:5 321 [1] - 594:21 608:12 608:10 589:4 24 [5] - 428:7, 323 [3] - 454:3, **1908** [2] - 536:3, 6:00 [2] - 431:23, ability [6] - 422:22, 441:23, 465:15, 483:20, 495:16 536:6 604:5 435:19, 436:20, 509:4, 573:14 33 [1] - 541:4 1922 [1] - 536:11 6:09[1] - 408:11 440:18, 440:21, 24-hour[1] - 432:4 35-degree [1] - 464:3 1935 [1] - 535:5 6th [1] - 443:3 599:23 242,250 [1] - 463:13 38[1] - 602:21 1940s [2] - 536:20, able [6] - 446:2, 242,350 [1] - 463:11 3rd [2] - 411:11, 7 537:2 466:5, 480:16, 25 [6] - 505:20, 606:19 1959 [2] - 535:23, 491:12, 543:22, 552:14, 561:6, 7 [3] - 434:17, 561:5, 539:16

562:12, 563:7, 585:10

1960s [1] - 546:1

548:15 above-captioned [1] - 608:12 above-grade [1] -464:14 absence [1] - 587:1 absolutely [15] -427:21, 444:24, 457:22, 469:4, 485:13, 485:21, 486:8, 486:11, 488:19, 496:14, 502:12, 512:12, 586:18, 600:14, absorb [4] - 456:4, 456:19, 456:20, 501:22 absorbs [1] - 502:5 accept [7] - 439:17, 531:21, 563:4, 563:6, 563:12, 569:22, 570:14 acceptable [2] -566:2, 566:16 accepted [2] -450:18, 566:2 access [4] - 517:13, 517:14, 524:6, 526:2 accidents [1] - 486:3 accompanying [1] -548:8 accomplish [1] -431:17 accordance [4] -439:6, 439:22, 474:4, 506:21 according [4] -523:6, 593:6, 595:14, account [9] - 496:19, 497:17, 544:4, 549:5, 550:2, 550:5, 550:8, 551:1, 552:19 accounts [7] - 544:4, 549:1, 551:21, 552:13, 552:18, 580:8, 580:9 accurate [2] - 520:3, 608:10 achieve [1] - 435:11 acid [5] - 436:21, 494:11, 494:14, 495:8, 498:11 acknowledge [1] -511:10 acknowledging [1] -510:11 acre [5] - 435:5, 437:18, 482:22,

523:16, 523:17 acreage [5] - 483:19, 484:17, 490:2, 493:11, 504:19 acres [9] - 423:4, 437:16, 437:23, 482:24, 483:14, 483:16, 493:10, 523:20 Act [1] - 443:17 action [14] - 494:24. 498:2, 498:5, 526:14, 528:2, 541:6, 542:12, 543:22, 550:4, 576:1, 576:6, 578:2, 585:10, 602:1 actions [1] - 476:18 activated [3] -429:14, 429:23, 429:24 active [2] - 475:14, 525:24 activities [4] -579:10, 579:15, 583:17, 586:22 activity [6] - 448:10, 448:12, 448:21, 584:12, 587:3, 600:9 actual [10] - 423:15, 454:17, 473:14, 486:18, 496:23, 522:23, 525:9, 525:22, 579:3, 599:10 adaptive [1] - 571:3 adaptively [7] -568:20, 568:23, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20 573:2, 573:5 add [5] - 430:13, 445:11, 481:9, 492:3, added [1] - 538:14 addendum [1] -425:5 addition [1] - 538:1 additional [30] -411:3, 414:10, 416:10, 429:19, 445:11, 459:10, 473:19, 489:21, 491:17, 492:3, 492:9, 493:17, 493:20,

493:21, 493:24,

509:20, 510:17,

517:19, 518:17,

519:11, 519:20,

580:10, 598:4,

602:15, 604:16,

605:2, 605:3

521:2, 528:9, 537:6,

additions [1] -553:24 address [2] - 426:4, 530:9 addresses [1] -580:9 addressing [3] -567:20, 567:22, 568:9 Adelman [17] -412:18, 413:13, 417:6, 422:3, 425:10, 440:4, 520:21, 529:1, 529:21, 560:11, 560:13, 562:22, 582:2, 582:5, 589:24, 602:11, 603:24 **ADELMAN** [47] -409:3, 412:19, 413:5, 413:16, 413:21, 413:22, 417:3, 422:4, 425:11, 425:17, 426:2, 426:12, 427:18, 428:9, 428:14, 428:15, 440:1, 451:19, 512:16, 520:23, 529:2, 529:23, 530:7, 531:12, 531:23, 532:1, 548:5, 554:16. 562:13, 562:17, 562:19, 574:24, 581:11, 581:22. 590:4, 590:10, 592:7, 594:7, 594:14, 602:17, 602:22, 603:9, 603:11, 603:14, 603:19, 604:1, 605:5 adequate [4] -437:13, 441:12, 493:5, 517:2 adequately [1] -430:17 adhere [1] - 489:18 adjacent [1] - 469:13 adjoining [1] -519:14 adjust [2] - 440:18, 441:9 administration [1] -530:22 admitted [1] - 427:8 admitting [1] - 427:3 adulterated [1] -577:20 advance [7] - 412:7. 589:1, 589:6, 590:19. 590:20, 599:1, 600:11 advances [1] - 585:9

advancing [1] -

599:2 advantage [3] -433:2, 436:2, 460:24 advantages [1] -440:16 adverse [15] - 469:3, 557:9, 557:10, 557:14, 557:20, 559:2, 559:5, 559:13, 565:4, 565:19, 566:3, 566:16, 567:21, 567:23, 568:15 adversely [1] -470:24 advice [2] - 442:1, 442:4 aerated [1] - 448:2 aeration [6] - 430:13, 432:6, 432:22. 472:14, 472:15, 472:23 aerobic [2] - 431:1, 505:13 affecting [1] - 470:24 afraid [1] - 591:12 afternoon [1] - 542:7 agencies [1] -520:17 agent [1] - 466:21 ago [6] - 428:2, 447:16, 551:24, 565:17, 574:3, 601:16 agree [6] - 509:11, 570:4, 572:19, 576:5, 576:8, 601:24 agreed [2] - 578:4, 581:5 agreeing [1] - 562:11 agreement [5] -488:18, 498:4, 506:24, 507:1 agricultural [6] -535:10, 536:16, 538:6, 538:11, 555:23, 556:16 ahead [6] - 415:9, 427:20, 453:10, 553:18, 554:24, 563:17 air [3] - 431:2, 448:5, 473:23 AI [2] - 411:10, 606:18 alerted [1] - 542:12 algae [1] - 473:18 aligned [1] - 552:7 Allison [2] - 419:21, 467:16

allow [3] - 447:18,

460:20, 493:16

allowed [3] - 435:4, 435:7, 475:12 allowing [1] - 476:20 alluded [1] - 576:23 almost [3] - 596:20, 599:9, 602:12 ALSO [1] - 408:17 altered [1] - 535:24 alternative [4] -441:16, 442:1, 443:23, 578:7 alternatives [1] -571:7 altogether [1] -568:1 amending [1] -443:17 America [3] - 588:10, 600:9, 607:18 American [18] -439:21, 534:21, 542:11, 542:20, 544:8, 545:4, 550:23, 551:22, 552:21, 580:18, 590:21, 592:11, 593:15. 596:6, 597:1, 599:12, 600:5, 600:24 American's [1] -597:7 Americans [1] -599:23 ammonia [2] - 430:6, 432:8 amount [7] - 434:20, 439:5, 458:15, 461:1, 466:22, 470:1, 490:13 amusettes [1] -595:23 Amy [4] - 419:8. 420:5, 467:4, 468:1 analyses [2] - 444:2, 449:8 analysis [23] - 444:7, 444:8, 457:1, 480:20, 480:21, 480:22, 483:8, 483:24, 484:2, 496:11, 509:18, 511:22, 512:4, 512:7, 513:3, 513:8, 551:16, 572:22, 580:21, 584:8, 584:10, 584:14, 604:20 analyze [1] - 527:10 analyzed [2] -465:23, 497:23 Andrew [1] - 549:8 Andy [1] - 419:14 angles [1] - 532:23 annual [4] - 459:23,

470:9, 489:9, 512:14 annually [1] - 497:21 anoxic [3] - 431:3, 432:9, 432:20 answer [12] - 492:11, 502:20, 503:21, 504:7, 504:8, 510:16, 527:11, 554:12, 564:6, 569:24, 573:3, 573:4 answered [3] -446:7, 579:6, 580:4 anticipate [4] -412:15, 496:14, 518:10, 604:13 apart [1] - 434:14 apologize [4] -422:10, 547:11, 587:16, 604:9 appear [2] - 552:5, 596:16 appearance [1] -416:1 APPEARANCES [1] -409:1 appeared [2] -416:11, 576:19 appease [1] - 524:7 applecross [1] -508:16 applicant [13] -411:20, 412:9, 443:14, 521:18, 525:1, 562:10, 563:3, 563:6, 569:21, 570:14, 570:17, 572:18, 573:15 Applicant [1] - 409:4 applicant's [2] -507:7, 558:8 APPLICANT'S [1] -607:1 APPLICATION [1] -408:7 application [14] -411:8, 452:21, 474:5, 481:20, 481:23, 482:17, 482:18, 482:21, 486:16, 509:22, 510:3, 573:16, 581:20, 606:17 appreciate [2] -462:23, 525:7 approach [2] -532:18, 532:20 appropriate [3] -412:1, 412:15, 598:1 approval [7] -438:24, 444:16,

483:17, 496:10, 524:19, 560:20, 563:6 approve [4] - 443:13, 523:24, 524:23, 560:9 approved [5] -433:12, 439:7, 444:15, 482:15, 506:7 approximate [1] -516:7 April [11] - 408:11, 411:11, 414:6, 429:8, 509:12, 510:11, 510:20, 510:21, 511:16, 606:19, 608:12 Aqua [1] - 439:21 aquifers [1] - 486:18 Arborview [3] -418:13, 418:14, 461:19 archeology [1] -533:7 Archibald [5] -548:11, 548:12, 588:16, 591:5, 607:6 architectural [4] -531:5, 532:6, 534:13, 534:14 architecture [2] -533:3, 534:13 area [71] - 422:22, 422:24, 423:7, 423:9, 423:18, 423:22, 424:21, 435:5, 436:5, 448:18, 448:19, 468:22, 480:11, 480:17, 481:10, 481:18, 481:20, 482:3, 482:6, 482:8, 482:18, 484:3, 484:15, 485:2, 490:2, 490:19, 492:9, 493:3, 493:24, 494:4, 497:15, 499:20, 504:19, 510:22, 510:24, 516:16, 517:1, 517:3, 517:4, 517:5, 517:11, 519:2, 519:23, 523:4, 523:19, 545:19, 546:4, 546:5, 546:6, 546:18, 548:2, 549:16, 550:8, 554:8, 577:11, 577:19, 578:15, 579:13, 582:24, 583:8, 583:10, 586:15,

587:19, 593:10,

595:17, 596:19,

597:24, 601:21,

601:23 areas [53] - 414:10, 414:13, 414:19, 415:12, 415:13, 415:17, 415:18, 423:11, 423:17, 424:1, 435:9, 445:13, 449:6, 453:20, 453:21, 455:20, 465:18, 480:23, 482:10, 482:16, 482:20, 483:2, 484:3, 484:15, 492:9, 496:2, 496:7, 501:13. 504:23, 505:1. 509:21, 509:22, 509:23, 511:4, 517:8, 517:19, 520:14, 520:15, 525:11, 525:22, 533:18, 534:2, 545:9, 546:9, 546:11, 546:13, 553:6, 553:14, 574:23, 575:6, 575:12, 575:24 argument [1] - 412:1 armies [2] - 599:2, 601:11 Army [5] - 542:11, 542:13, 583:23, 599:12, 600:5 arrival] [1] - 596:1 articulated [1] -560:7 artillery [2] - 584:15, 584:16 aspect [1] - 601:22 assault [2] - 599:11, 600:21 Assault [2] - 588:20, 594:23 assessment[1] -449:13 asset [1] - 442:9 assigned [1] - 454:2 associated [16] -447:20, 488:15, 521:11, 521:14, 521:22, 522:10, 533:5, 548:23, 558:15, 576:1, 576:7, 579:10, 583:17, 586:21, 595:13, 602:1 Associates [1] -427:23 Association [2] -419:2, 462:10 assume [4] - 437:21,

514:5, 559:4, 568:19

assuming [4] -

443:12, 484:5, 498:17, 563:4 assure [1] - 604:7 atmosphere [1] -448:5 attached [1] - 415:3 attack [4] - 542:20, 550:23, 552:20, 600:24 attacking [1] - 597:5 attempted [1] -542:15 attention [1] - 476:16 attorney [1] - 528:16 attorneys [3] -602:19, 602:23, 603:16 audience [1] -449:23 audio [1] - 410:23 auditorium [1] -449:21 author [2] - 588:7, 590:11 authority [12] -439:14, 439:16, 439:18, 442:20, 450:8, 478:11, 478:15, 478:17, 479:21, 489:7, 491:9, 498:6 Authority [3] -506:15, 506:16, 508:17 available [5] - 423:4, 437:9, 441:17, 491:1, 492:24 avoid [1] - 568:1 aware [18] - 443:1, 443:6, 443:8, 445:17, 447:16, 455:14, 471:3, 471:17, 471:19, 500:16, 502:13, 502:18, 503:15, 540:16, 544:19, 562:9, 571:8, 602:22 В

B-12 [2] - 581:22, 503:21 503:

606:21

**B-30** [2] - 411:16, 606:23 Babbitt [1] - 604:18 back-up [1] - 514:4 background [2] -463:3, 530:18 backtrack [2] -545:6, 556:1 backwards [1] -559:4 backyards [1] -477:7 bacteria [1] - 504:2 bailed [1] - 445:5 balances [2] -470:17, 470:19 ball [1] - 492:12 Bardenpho [5] -431:14, 432:5, 434:2, 452:13, 453:3 bare [2] - 595:22, 596:3 barn [9] - 536:1, 536:3, 536:9, 537:3. 537:4, 537:6, 539:7. 539:18, 540:5 barns [1] - 540:12 barter/sell [1] -541:11 Barton [1] - 408:10 base [5] - 442:18, 442:21, 478:1, 478:12, 587:19 based [31] - 416:22, 417:7, 433:9, 437:5, 444:9, 449:12, 458:4, 481:4, 481:5, 484:11, 491:1, 495:16, 496:24, 509:9, 509:12, 509:18, 510:14, 511:6, 511:8, 513:2, 532:24, 550:2. 550:5, 563:16, 563:18, 566:18, 567:13, 569:19, 584:7, 584:8, 603:1 baselines [1] -489:17 basis [5] - 433:19, 458:3, 470:9, 471:9, 503:21 batch [9] - 430:22, 440:15, 440:22, 451:9, 452:10, 452:19, 508:13, 508:15, 508:20

544:21, 548:14,

548:16, 548:18, 549:6, 551:22, 575:13, 576:2, 576:7, 577:10, 577:13, 577:16, 579:3, 579:4. 579:11, 580:6, 580:9, 580:21, 581:6. 584:23, 584:24, 585:17, 585:18, 586:22, 587:15, 588:22, 593:14, 593:21, 598:2, 598:13, 598:16, 600:8, 601:22, 602:1 Battle [17] - 534:22, 540:17, 540:22, 541:23, 543:12, 551:17, 552:3, 555:8, 575:6, 577:1, 579:17, 588:9, 597:22, 598:6, 600:12, 607:7, 607:17 Battlefield [11] -541:1, 544:8, 545:4, 545:22, 548:17, 551:23, 580:18, 583:2, 583:9, 586:16, battlefield [22] -541:6, 542:2, 542:4, 543:20, 544:3, 544:10, 545:5, 546:8, 548:13, 548:21, 550:4, 554:15, 575:8, 576:24, 578:23, 583:4, 583:10, 584:4, 589:18, 595:9, 599:24, 601:6 battlefields [1] -577:3 battles [2] - 548:22, 585:21 bear [5] - 461:11, 488:8, 553:11, 589:8, 601:13 beautiful [3] - 524:8, 536:3, 536:15 became [1] - 428:1 become [8] - 431:3, 460:22, 478:10, 501:22, 502:10, 502:16, 528:1, 560:1 becomes [3] -476:13, 502:2, 519:15 BEFORE [2] - 408:1, 408:14 began [1] - 542:9 beginning [3] -408:11, 580:8, 595:24 behalf [14] - 409:2, 409:4, 409:6, 409:8,

409:9, 427:5, 440:5, 484:22, 491:11, 528:14, 555:6, 560:5, 561:8, 586:11 behind [1] - 543:24 belabor[1] - 568:11 believes [2] - 578:22, 584:8 below [4] - 447:7, 448:1, 463:16, 516:24 benefit [2] - 487:21, 588:6 Benjamin [1] -467:17 Bertinatti [1] -418:10 BESST [2] - 434:3, 453:3 best [9] - 428:22, 441:14, 452:21, 452:24, 456:5, 491:1, 494:5, 508:22, 541:20 better [10] - 435:9, 486:22, 487:2, 487:12, 487:14, 487:15, 515:7, 547:20, 567:22, 591:24 between [7] - 442:1, 452:18, 481:3, 521:9, 534:2, 571:8, 588:15 Bevilacqua [4] -418:15, 418:18, 418:20, 462:1 BEVILACQUA [3] -418:17, 418:21, 462:4 beyond [2] - 519:24, 604:12 big [2] - 493:1, 512:18 biological [19] -429:16, 429:24, 430:5, 430:20, 432:3, 432:6, 432:22, 436:17, 436:21, 455:23, 458:9, 459:7, 460:16, 466:19, 486:7, 486:24, 487:9, 495:12, 500:20 biologically [7] -445:7, 446:18, 460:17, 461:3, 485:5, 487:5, 502:8 Biologically [1] -432:17 biology [4] - 430:3.

456:13, 501:19, 502:5

biomass [5] - 431:7,

460:23, 461:1,

487:14, 502:5

Birmingham [26] -417:22, 541:15, 542:15, 550:21, 550:24, 551:10, 587:17, 588:21, 592:12, 592:21, 592:22, 592:23, 593:2, 593:4, 593:11, 593:24, 594:1, 594:2, 594:3, 594:11, 594:12, 596:4, 596:7, 596:18, 596:23, 599:11 bit [4] - 591:14, 591:23, 593:1, 604:11 black [4] - 472:16, 508:1, 545:18, 545:20 bloodshed [2] -577:3, 587:12 blower [1] - 499:18 blue [5] - 545:6, 545:9, 546:4, 546:6, 548:2 Board [28] - 409:2, 409:19, 411:3, 412:17, 413:7, 426:12, 428:9, 429:1, 429:22, 443:4, 443:5, 443:13, 477:21, 523:24, 524:23, 529:6, 530:18. 531:19, 560:4, 560:8, 560:19, 561:9, 561:10, 563:5. 602:21, 604:15, 605:3 BOARD [2] - 408:1, 606:14 Board's [1] - 531:13 boards [1] - 519:18 Bob [8] - 468:11, 530:8, 530:13, 548:6, 549:11, 553:15, 592:7, 594:7 bob [1] - 532:2 bodies [3] - 460:17, 461:4, 501:20 body [5] - 460:21, 500:21, 500:24, 503:23, 504:4 book [12] - 544:1, 576:6, 578:12, 580:7, 580:12, 580:14, 588:6, 590:1, 590:9, 596:16, 597:9, 600:8 books [1] - 543:24 borings [1] - 511:9 borne [2] - 455:7, 479:7 bottom [5] - 431:7, 432:12, 465:12,

517:21, 595:2 boundaries [1] -545:8 Boundaries [1] -545:13 boundary [6] -546:5, 546:21, 546:23, 547:2, 548:4, 554:2 boy [1] - 410:20 BOYER [1] - 467:23 Boyer [3] - 420:3, 420:4, 467:21 boys [1] - 475:18 Bradley [2] - 419:8, 467:4 Brandywine [35] -418:7, 461:8, 508:16, 531:10, 534:22, 540:18, 540:22, 540:24, 541:1, 541:16, 541:24, 543:13, 545:21, 548:17, 551:17, 552:4, 555:9, 574:16, 575:6, 579:17, 583:1, 583:9, 586:11, 586:15, 587:7, 587:16, 587:21, 588:9, 597:23, 598:6, 600:13, 600:17, 607:4, 607:7, 607:16 BRAXTON [3] -410:17, 410:20, 410:24 Braxton [1] - 410:17 break [5] - 436:3. 460:20, 464:22, 498:24, 499:1 breaks [2] - 460:16, 500:24 Brennan [3] -537:21, 539:24, 556:3 brief [4] - 427:12, 521:3, 521:4, 529:14 briefly [3] - 530:17, 554:12, 582:21 bring [7] - 472:20, 485:11, 558:24, 586:6, 587:24, 590:11, 602:16 bringing [1] - 577:5 British [23] - 542:5, 542:13, 542:19, 542:21, 542:22, 543:18, 543:19, 548:12, 550:19, 551:2, 552:6, 583:22, 589:1, 590:19, 590:20, 591:15,

592:4, 597:2, 598:23, 600:5, 600:15. 600:21, 601:10 broken [6] - 436:9, 503:24, 504:1, 504:5, 526:18, 585:20 brother [1] - 533:21 Brothers [12] -409:16, 422:14, 422:17, 426:23, 497:2, 532:5, 532:12, 539:1, 540:8, 552:23, 554:7, 554:11 brothers [1] - 534:20 Brothers' [4] -428:17, 532:3, 556:19, 557:4 brought [6] - 432:1, 502:4, 563:14, 578:21, 586:1, 598:8 Bruns [2] - 421:3, 474:14 BRUNS [2] - 421:4, 474:16 Bucks [1] - 451:16 buffer [7] - 493:21, 517:3, 519:20, 519:24, 520:5, 521:15, 523:19 buffering [1] -493:13 buffers [2] - 517:6, 523:16 bugs [5] - 430:3, 501:19, 501:21, 503:23, 505:15 bugs' [1] - 502:5 build [1] - 478:8 builder [3] - 488:5, 488:9, 488:15 building [27] -488:23, 514:8, 514:9, 514:21, 516:20, 521:10, 521:19, 522:22, 522:23, 537:5, 537:13. 537:15, 539:10, 553:20, 562:8, 564:2, 564:3, 566:13, 567:24, 568:2, 568:8, 569:2, 569:10, 571:22, 573:8, 573:9, 579:11 buildings [23] -521:12, 522:2, 522:4, 533:6, 533:15, 536:16, 536:24, 537:11, 537:19, 538:17, 539:3, 540:6, 570:20, 571:1,

571:10, 572:20, 572:23, 573:1, 573:5, 573:17, 573:24, 574:6 built [6] - 493:8, 520:10, 521:16, 536:19, 537:1, 553:7 bulk [2] - 553:4, 599:7 burned [2] - 536:10, 536:11 business [6] - 410:9, 426:4, 530:9, 530:10, 530:21, 530:22 busy [1] - 559:1 BY [21] - 413:5, 413:22, 426:2, 428:15, 440:9, 450:5, 451:21, 521:6, 530:7, 532:1, 548:5, 555:4, 562:23, 575:2, 581:17, 582:18, 588:13, 590:17, 591:11, 592:19, 594:18 by-products [1] -501:2

## C

Cahill [3] - 420:19, 420:20, 472:4 calculated (3) -481:7, 481:13, 495:17 calculation [1] -484:16 calculations [1] -510:13 calculator[1] -512:17 CAMP [11] - 409:5, 417:19, 427:5, 440:7, 440:9, 449:14, 520:24, 521:3, 521:6, 528:6, 554:20 camp [6] - 417:17, 521:2, 554:18, 560:4, 561:8, 563:21 Camp [3] - 440:5, 606:6, 606:8 camp's [2] - 563:7, 572:14 Campaign [1] -548:23 campaign [1] -548:24 Canada [3] - 447:10, 447:11, 447:12 cannot [3] - 480:4. 524:3, 560:23 cantered [1] - 431:9

516:23

century [4] - 533:13,

535:4, 556:16, 562:7

certain [7] - 457:5,

capability [1] -436:19 capable [1] - 445:19 capacity [19] - 436:7, 437:14, 437:24, 438:1, 439:1, 440:20, 454:14, 454:21, 455:8, 455:9, 463:6, 463:9, 479:6, 479:13, 479:14, 483:13, 489:19, 496:4, 499:13 capital [3] - 499:16, 512:24, 513:1 captioned [1] -608:12 capture [1] - 515:17 captured [1] - 515:16 carbon [1] - 458:21 carefully [1] - 597:17 Carey [3] - 421:8, 421:9, 474:20 CAROL [1] - 408:15 Carol [2] - 409:21, 421:20 carriage [1] - 537:3 Carroll [1] - 443:2 Cartographic [2] -545:13, 607:4 case [8] - 446:14, 463:6, 472:17, 473:12, 484:5, 535:20, 550:20 cases [1] - 502:13 cast [2] - 473:1, 473:13 catching [1] - 515:23 catercorner[1] -424:7 caught [1] - 515:16 caused [3] - 477:8, 486:13, 527:4 caveat [2] - 564:11, 570:2 cemetery [5] -592:24, 594:11, 594:13, 596:19, 597:4 center [17] - 533:14, 534:1, 535:6, 536:19, 537:3, 537:22, 538:10, 538:14, 540:3, 540:4, 540:6, 549:6, 566:8, 566:11, 566:12, 593:13 centers [3] - 454:2, 499:21, 540:13 central [2] - 415:18,

505:18, 525:15, 526:8, 543:7, 561:12 certainly [15] -548:22, 558:22, 559:17, 570:22, 573:6, 573:8, 576:24, 577:8, 577:12, 578:15, 579:4, 579:5, 600:1, 600:4, 601:6 CERTIFICATE [2] -607:20, 608:5 certify [1] - 608:9 Chadds [4] - 542:14, 587:20, 600:19, 600:24 chair[1] - 409:22 Chair [1] - 409:24 Chairman [2] -408:14, 410:7 CHAIRMAN [3] -409:13, 508:4, 508:23 Chambers [1] -427:23 chance [8] - 448:7, 464:2, 500:12, 515:7, 515:15, 515:22, 569:17, 582:19 change [6] - 422:24, 454:13, 500:13, 538:11, 573:2, 573:3 changing [3] -459:19, 489:12, 489:18 chapel [3] - 535:24, 561:22, 562:5 Chapter [1] - 497:20 characteristics [1] -459:20 characterization [1] - 583:8 checked [1] - 470:16 checks [2] - 470:17, 470:19 chemical [2] -460:14, 513:16 chemicals 151 -466:22, 500:20, 504:23, 526:8, 527:15 CHESTER [1] - 408:3 Chester [8] - 408:11, 418:19, 544:12, 545:3, 581:18, 583:7, 589:18, 608:2 chill [1] - 463:24 chlorine [2] - 466:9, 466:13 choice [1] - 526:4 chose [3] - 456:21, 508:6, 508:7 chosen [1] - 445:5

Chris (1) - 419:1 church [4] - 418:23. 462:6, 516:15, 537:23 circled [1] - 549:16 civilians [1] - 577:6 claim [1] - 599:20 clarification [3] -503:23, 521:7, 592:14 clarified [2] - 491:20, 501:7 clarifier [2] - 432:11, 433:2 clarifiers [2] -452:16, 492:1 clarifies [1] - 492:3 clarify [2] - 475:11, 488:12 class [1] - 437:16 classification [1] -434:24 classifications [3] -435:1, 454:12, 456:6 Clean [1] - 528:5 clean [4] - 457:21, 473:21, 497:8, 502:6 clean-out [1] - 497:8 cleanest [2] -441:14, 456:3 clear [4] - 431:8, 432:12, 519:3, 584:21 clearly [1] - 527:8 clears [1] - 472:15 client [4] - 562:10, 562:14, 570:4, 570:5 clients [5] - 426:23, 427:14, 428:8, 506:10, 506:11 clippings [1] - 445:4 close [8] - 462:22, 468:13, 516:14, 559:1, 576:7, 576:8, closely [1] - 456:17 closer [2] - 493:24, 517:24 closest [1] - 508:11 Clouds [1] - 577:1 cluster [1] - 537:10 clusters [3] - 534:9, 537:9, 538:7 Cocoran [3] -419:21, 419:22, 467:16 coextensive [1] -561:16 cold [3] - 446:10, 462:19, 463:1 collect [1] - 494:20 collection [5] -

465:8, 479:5, 479:10,

488:4, 488:14 collectively [2] -556:11, 574:7 College [2] - 427:22, 530:20 Colonel [1] - 595:3 color[1] - 553:12 column's [1] - 596:1 combat [1] - 591:2 comfortable [2] -496:3, 496:6 coming [14] -421:13, 432:20, 447:17, 459:8, 462:17, 475:21, 504:3, 507:13, 526:22, 550:20, 550:22, 552:10, 591:15, 600:17 command [1] -595:12 commander[1] -595:7 comment [3] - 412:3, 480:2, 498:10 commented (1) comments [2] -548:15, 548:19 commercial [2] -451:2, 569:3 Commission [20] -409:6, 417:18, 427:6, 439:20, 439:24, 440:6, 544:16, 551:21, 554:19, 555:7, 560:6, 560:17, 561:9, 565:22, 574:5, 578:18, 580:17, 581:19, 589:19 COMMISSION [1] -607:15 Commission's [2] -560:7. 583:8 commissioner[1] -409:23 common [4] -445:14, 447:10, 507:16, 538:20 commonly [1] -453:9 Commonwealth [2] -426:18, 608:1 community [10] -442:14, 442:16, 444:1, 444:4, 444:17, 454:2, 478:8, 508:18,

540:4, 540:13

comp [1] - 580:20

compact [1] - 476:15

compacted [1] -475:5 compaction [4] -448:20, 448:21, 448:22, 475:13 companies [1] -427:11 company [2] -427:11, 489:8 comparable [2] -444:3, 490:2 compared [3] -448:1, 486:23, 487:6 compares [1] -535:16 compile [1] - 424:24 complete [1] - 510:5 completed [1] -483:23 completely [1] -472:16 completion [1] -577:24 component [3] -438:18, 487:9, 548:24 components [2] -435:23, 455:18 compounds [1] comprehensive [4] -544:3, 544:12, 580:14, 580:20 comprised [1] -479:16 computer [1] -547:19 concentrated [6] -461:1, 501:11, 504:16, 504:17, 504:23, 587:10 concentrates [2] -550:18, 599:9 concentration [1] -501:13 concept [2] - 568:18, 568:20 concern [5] - 475:22, 496:18, 504:20, 507:11, 562:10 concerned [1] -459:17 concerns [4] - 411:7, 501:11, 515:3, 606:17 conclude [4] - 538:1, 582:10, 602:13, 605:8 concluded [4] -484:2, 538:5, 538:9, 557:1 conclusion [4] -412:4, 510:4, 538:6,

556:5 concourse [1] -465:12 concrete [4] - 464:9, 473:1, 473:13, 513:12 condition [16] -431:4, 524:2, 561:11, 562:11, 562:12, 563:7, 563:13, 565:13, 565:14, 569:14, 569:22, 570:4, 570:14, 572:13, 572:19 CONDITIONAL [1] -408:7 conditional [7] -409:15, 411:8, 443:13, 560:20, 563:5, 573:15, 606:17 conditions [3] -430:14, 560:8, 560:18 conduct [1] - 413:9 conducted [1] -449:7 conducting [1] -554:21 conference [1] -502:19 confident[1] - 510:3 configuration [1] configure [1] - 523:6 confirm [1] - 461:15 confused [2] - 475:2, 475:9 connect [6] - 442:4, 443:6, 444:6, 449:9, 478:7, 478:9 connected [3] -479:4, 488:2, 491:15 connecting [2] -442:3, 444:15 connection [6] -444:10, 445:14, 478:13, 479:23, 488:18, 512:12 consent [2] - 471:18, 498:3 Conservancy [6] -531:10, 540:24, 541:17, 574:16, 586:12, 587:8 conservancy [2] -574:18, 586:19 Conservation [1] -541:1 conservation [5] -

541:10, 541:19,

572:24, 574:17,

586:21

605:7

continue [2] -

529:13, 604:4

conservative [1] -453:23 conservatively [1] -458:1 consider [2] -519:20, 564:4 consideration [1] -468:23 considered [1] -510:12 consistent [8] -416:20, 554:2, 554:3, 569:6, 589:17, 589:22, 590:24, 591:3 consists [2] - 537:3, 542:23 constantly [2] -455:16, 489:12 constitutes [1] -559:2 constructed [3] -433:21, 537:6, 537:14 constructing [1] construction [2] -553:20, 565:18 consultant [1] -574:15 consulting [1] -470:14 consume [1] -487:15 consuming [1] -444:18 contact [1] - 541:9 contacted [1] - 541:6 contacts [1] - 545:15 contained [2] -416:16, 524:14 containing [1] -533:12 contains [2] - 445:8, 473:4 contaminant [1] -458:19 contaminated [1] -502:24 contaminating [1] -527:24 context [5] - 535:12, 566:2, 566:6, 566:8, 566:15 contingent [1] -597:3 contingents [1] -600:15 continuance [1] -

continued [2] -410:10, 412:14 continuing [1] -603:23 continuous [1] -465:16 contract [4] - 446:4. 505:17, 507:14, 507:17 contractor [1] -501:24 contracts [1] - 506:9 control [8] - 430:13, 441:9, 470:4, 475:17, 514:8, 514:9, 522:23, 604:11 controlled [1] -441:8 controller [1] -435:22 conversation [2] -523:21, 601:16 converted [3] -430:7, 432:8, 562:5 convey [3] - 434:15, 479:11, 479:23 conveyance [3] -479:5, 479:20, 488:3 conveyed [3] -431:10, 463:15, 466:23 conveying [1] -504:15 copies [1] - 590:16 copy [2] - 429:5, 574:11 corncrib [1] - 539:7 corner [9] - 415:14, 415:15, 422:24, 516:13, 517:9, 546:19, 553:6, 553:8, 584:18 corners [1] - 424:7 Corners [1] - 574:2 correct [51] - 412:23. 415:7, 446:3, 450:14. 451:10, 451:11, 453:18, 478:20, 488:15, 514:22, 525:10, 528:21, 538:18, 540:18, 544:21, 545:14, 546:5, 546:24, 549:17, 551:7, 556:9, 556:10, 557:7, 557:23, 558:10, 559:20, 560:2, 562:1, 562:6, 562:8, 565:1, 565:20, 567:3, 571:22, 572:2,

574:17, 575:3, 575:14, 576:3, 576:4, 576:10, 583:24, 585:13, 586:13, 587:5, 588:22, 590:22, 591:6, 591:7, 599:15, 603:13 Correct [5] - 415:8. 572:3, 586:14, 588:23, 590:23 corrective [2] -498:5, 526:13 correctly [1] - 559:21 correspondence [1] - 443:3 corridor [2] - 494:1, 516:24 cost [9] - 442:15, 444:5, 488:9, 507:12, 511:22, 512:7, 512:14, 513:14 costs [9] - 442:19, 442:24, 444:3, 477:24, 478:2, 478:21, 491:17, 507:20, 512:11 counsel [7] - 427:2. 528:7, 531:18, 603:13, 603:15, 604:15, 605:4 country [1] - 451:15 county [2] - 485:10, 544:7 COUNTY [1] - 408:3 County [8] - 451:16, 544:11, 545:3, 551:23, 581:18, 583:7, 589:18, 608:2 couple [6] - 411:2, 415:19, 472:9, 488:1, 540:5, 601:14 course [4] - 459:2, 537:12, 544:5, 580:17 COURT [3] - 408:23, 451:17, 466:10 cover [4] - 412:10, 491:16, 500:8, 500:9 covered [3] - 473:15, 473:16, 473:23 crack [1] - 497:12 Cranberry [1] -530:12 crashes [1] - 498:15 Crawford [1] -417:21 create [4] - 507:8, 557:10, 558:24, 568:10 created [1] - 575:8

creates [1] - 456:12

Crebilly [53] - 409:9, 409:16, 415:5, 418:4, 428:18, 429:6, 450:3, 468:13, 468:19, 468:20, 468:21, 469:2, 532:4, 532:13, 533:23, 541:17, 541:22, 543:13, 544:20, 546:14, 546:16, 547:2, 547:6, 547:15, 547:23, 548:1, 549:12, 550:4, 550:9, 550:11, 550:14, 551:14, 551:17, 552:3, 552:9, 555:10, 555:18, 562:2, 573:12, 575:22, 576:2, 576:9, 579:10, 579:16, 581:4, 585:10, 587:1, 587:3, 589:6, 595:15, 597:12, 598:5, 601:24 credentials [1] -531:19 credit [2] - 484:8, 569:9 Creek [1] - 506:18 creek [1] - 589:12 creeping [1] - 469:22 criteria [2] - 533:1, 536:22 critically [1] - 600:11 Crognale [3] - 420:9, 420:10, 468:5 crop [10] - 445:1, 445:4, 445:8, 446:17, 446:21, 446:22, 449:4, 458:23, 500:8, 500:9 CROSS [4] - 440:8, 450:4, 555:3, 606:3 cross [6] - 554:21, 566:6, 590:11, 602:8, 603:3, 603:5 **CROSS-EXAMINATION** [3] -440:8, 450:4, 555:3 cross-examination [1] - 554:21 cross-examine [1] -590:11 Crossing [1] -451:15 crystal [1] - 492:12 cumbersome [2] -444:23, 445:15 curious [2] - 498:18, 603:21 current [6] - 482:3, 507:9, 510:15,

535:23, 575:12 curriculum [1] -427:16 cursor [3] - 547:22, 547:24, 549:20 curve [1] - 596:20 customer[1] -478:11 customers [2] -442:17, 478:3 cut [1] - 477:2 cutout[1] - 554:8 cuts [1] - 448:15 CV [2] - 607:2, 607:11 CVS [1] - 568:3 cycle [1] - 441:10 cycles [4] - 441:2, 441:5, 447:3, 447:4

de-cantered [1] -

debt[1] - 491:17

December [5] -

532:15, 551:20,

555:12, 560:24,

578:19

466:21

430:4

485:5

dealing [1] - 566:16

decades [1] - 426:19

dechlorination [1] -

declarations [2] -

decompose [1] -

decomposed [1] -

524:15, 525:2

431:9

dedicate [1] - 493:11 dedicated [1] -439:13 D dedication [8] -439:15, 439:17, dad [1] - 497:9 450:10, 450:18, daily [2] - 495:15, 450:23, 489:4, 489:6, 496:18 507:22 damage [2] - 476:5 deep [7] - 434:11, damaged [2] - 536:4, 435:3, 435:6, 435:9. 585:20 437:19, 482:20, 484:8 Darlington [13] defeated [1] - 601:3 537:12, 537:24, defer[1] - 528:23 539:19, 556:7, 557:2, define [1] - 586:8 557:6, 558:6, 558:20, defined [5] - 423:1, 559:6, 565:15, 454:4, 454:6, 545:18, 565:20, 567:15, 574:2 582:24 data [6] - 425:1, defines [1] - 457:16 428:22, 470:6, defining [1] - 549:15 509:12, 509:20, definitely [3] -511:13 497:17, 515:10, 601:2 date [7] - 412:6, definitive [3] - 584:4, 412:14, 414:5, 584:6, 584:23 532:14, 532:15, definitively [2] -560:22, 582:13 586:9, 586:10 dated [5] - 411:6, degrade [2] - 461:3, 411:11, 429:8, 509:7, 487:6 560:6 degree [4] - 530:19, dates [6] - 536:6, 530:23, 578:11, 594:5 536:13, 539:13, degrees [1] - 463:23 564:2, 604:12, 604:16 Delaware [3] - 453:8. Dauli [6] - 420:11, 544:11, 580:16 420:12, 468:7, Delcora [1] - 506:16 468:11, 471:22 delete [3] - 556:22, DAULL [4] - 468:9, 565:1, 565:2 468:11, 470:23, delved [1] - 557:16 471:20 demand [5] - 430:5, David [2] - 420:21, 432:7, 432:22, 458:9, 472:5 459:8 days [3] - 435:20, demolished [4] -473:14, 543:21 573:13, 573:18, days' [1] - 505:14 573:22 de [1] - 431:9 demolishing [1] -

600:5 demolition (2) -571:4, 571:8 demonstrates [1] -587:2 demoralize [1] -599:2 denied [2] - 411:18, 606:24 denitrification [8] -429:17, 430:8, 431:4, 432:10, 432:21, 438:22, 441:11, 458:8 Dennis [2] - 421:16, 474:23 denying [1] - 597:18 DEP [35] - 435:18, 438:10, 439:7, 439:23, 443:22, 444:13, 444:15, 444:19, 450:13, 453:13, 454:15, 454:23, 455:4, 457:6, 457:13, 457:15, 459:6, 460:2, 470:7, 470:16, 481:14, 483:7, 483:22, 489:12, 489:21, 491:5, 498:1, 503:17, 504:22, 506:7, 509:17, 519:13, 526:12, 527:9, 528:1 DEP's [2] - 483:4, 483:10 DEP-witnessed [1] -483:22 Department [5] -433:13, 433:18, 438:8, 438:10, 470:11 depreciation [3] -512:24, 513:1, 513:14 depth [2] - 432:4, 434:10 describe [6] -428:16, 428:24, 530:17, 531:1, 532:2, 580:21 described [6] -438:21, 440:11, 486:11, 492:17, 583:1, 596:3 describes [2] -532:12, 597:15 description [4] -532:7, 558:4, 564:19, 599:8 design [30] - 433:10, 436:18, 437:7, 439:4,

444:3, 444:5, 453:24,

454:20, 454:23,

458:1, 458:4, 473:15, 491:24, 492:13, 493:9, 495:12, 496:9, 496:13, 497:4, 497:5, 513:13, 519:5, 519:12, 522:13, 526:23, 527:2, 533:6 designated [1] -453:20 designed [11] -433:20, 434:15, 441:3, 451:12, 453:14, 455:2, 471:3, 495:19, 495:24, 505:24, 522:19 designing [4] -442:2, 455:12, 457:24, 492:14 desirable [1] - 486:8 desire [1] - 439:12 detachments [1] -600:23 detail [1] - 551:2 detailed [10] - 415:1, 424:21, 439:4, 444:8, 483:5, 483:6, 483:22, 509:20, 512:10, 527:8 details [1] - 510:9 detention [1] -505:14 determination [1] -574:4 determinative [1] -575:24 determine [9] -424:4, 428:19, 428:22, 460:6, 481:2, 496:1, 509:24, 511:3, 552:2 determined [6] -443:23, 505:7, 537:16, 541:3, 574:3, 597:17 develop [2] - 428:18, 548:15 developed [4] -490:20, 535:5, 535:13, 544:12 developer [4] -479:8, 507:14, 507:18, 602:6 developers [1] -409:17 development [36] -429:13, 430:19, 443:5, 443:15, 449:9, 468:14, 477:24, 478:2, 479:3, 488:17, 489:20, 519:14, 523:24, 524:3,

524:23, 532:4, 539:6. direct [4] - 503:13, 429:18, 434:4, 434:5, dollars [2] - 491:9, 437:15, 454:12, 456:6 539:9, 540:14, 553:4, 558:24, 561:24, 585:7 434:6, 436:3, 436:6, 512:23 drained [9] - 435:4, 553:9, 553:21. DIRECT [3] - 426:1, 437:6, 437:9, 437:14, donate [1] - 541:10 435:6, 435:9, 437:16, 556:19, 557:4, 530:6, 606:3 437:24, 438:1, 439:1, 437:19, 454:11, done [37] - 424:20, 557:21, 564:21, direction [6] -449:12, 454:9, 430:10, 434:1, 441:3, 482:21, 484:7, 484:8 564:23, 567:6, 591:15, 591:23, 454:13, 454:20, 444:2, 444:7, 444:8, draining [1] - 456:8 568:16, 571:12, 455:8, 456:12, 592:1, 592:5, 592:8, 448:6, 456:19, 460:2, drawing [1] - 510:4 575:4, 578:7, 586:16, 594:16 457:19, 458:4, 464:15, 471:16, drill [1] - 480:22 588:2, 589:10, 601:21 459:12, 464:3, 466:6, directly [2] - 436:23, 475:22, 483:24, drinking [2] - 469:10, developments [1] -574:19 469:14, 471:5, 488:7, 497:21, 503:10 468:24 disagree [5] - 579:8, 477:12, 477:13, 500:16, 500:17, drip [66] - 414:13, **DEWOLF** [40] -583:3, 583:7, 583:11, 480:11, 480:23, 504:4, 512:3, 520:9, 416:7, 416:12, 408:15, 422:11, 583:12 481:17, 482:2. 524:19, 524:20, 422:23, 423:2, 434:8, 422:15, 422:19, 483:13, 494:22, disagreeing [1] -527:16, 541:3, 544:1, 434:9, 435:2, 435:13, 423:10, 423:19, 584:20 495:21, 496:4, 548:11, 551:24, 436:2, 436:15, 424:2, 477:23, 503:14, 506:7, discharged [5] -572:22, 578:12, 436:22, 437:9, 478:14, 478:19, 508:12, 510:12, 447:23, 457:18, 579:14, 579:24. 437:24, 442:2, 444:4, 480:1, 480:13, 482:1, 511:2, 525:21 501:8, 502:6, 502:11 580:3, 580:19, 581:1, 444:17, 444:21, 482:7, 482:12, disposal/spay [1] discourage [4] -582:15, 583:16 445:13, 445:19, 483:18, 484:12, 503:13 475:12, 476:2, door[1] - 581:8 446:2, 446:7, 446:11, 484:20, 485:3, 485:9, dispose [5] - 429:20, 476:14, 525:7 dose [5] - 435:8, 447:1, 447:9, 447:11, 485:14, 485:19, 474:3, 487:18, discouraged [1] -436:11, 447:2, 447:4, 447:21, 447:22, 485:22, 486:15, 506:11, 509:8 486:9 466:6 447:24, 448:8, 487:2, 487:23, disposed [3] discouragement [1] dosed [3] - 434:22, 453:21, 454:8, 508:24, 509:3, 510:7. 481:10, 490:14, - 476:15 439:6, 470:4 455:20, 456:21, 511:5, 511:16. 506:21 discourages [2] doses [1] - 436:12 457:18, 469:7, 472:8, 511:19, 512:6. disposing [5] -449:5, 476:21 dosing [3] - 439:5, 480:3, 484:14, 485:5, 513:21, 514:1, 447:1, 476:1, 480:17, discouraging [2] -466:9, 466:13 485:20, 486:6, 489:5, 514:13, 514:17, 486:19, 500:1 476:8, 484:14 double [3] - 470:16, 495:3, 495:6, 496:21, 514:20, 514:23, 591:8 disrupt [1] - 599:1 discrepancy [1] -555:9, 564:7 498:19, 500:11, DeWolf[1] - 409:21 dissolved [1] -583:21 502:6, 502:11, down [45] - 417:10, diana [1] - 467:19 599:18 discuss [2] - 412:13, 436:9, 438:20, 441:5, 502:16, 503:13, Diana [1] - 420:1 distance [1] - 518:6 508:5, 508:12, 582:14 447:7, 449:23, Dickinson [1] -508:19, 510:8, discussed [4] distribute [1] - 481:4 456:21, 458:12, 530:20 451:8, 488:17. distributed [2] -460:15, 460:17, 511:24, 512:8, DIDOMENICO [1] -415:11, 432:3 544:17, 554:12 460:20, 460:22, 512:15, 513:8, 408:14 distributes [1] -513:17, 523:22, Discussion (3) -465:12, 468:20. DiDomenico [1] -425:20, 514:12, 456:22 475:13, 485:18, 524:1, 524:24, 527:4 409:24 distribution [1] -562:18 485:24, 486:2, 498:1. Drip [1] - 429:7 diesel [1] - 465:16 discussion [3] -423:15 500:2, 500:22, dripping [2] - 434:9, difference [1] -District [2] - 418:19, 500:23, 500:24, 473:20 504:22, 540:15, 432:24 574:2 503:24, 504:1, 504:5, Drive [3] - 468:12, 604:14 different [10] district [6] - 462:3, 505:16, 517:24, 468:14, 468:15 disinfected [1] -430:20, 456:12, 525:4, 534:24, 538:22, 557:10, drive [2] - 477:4, 429:21 472:10, 491:24, 557:11, 574:3, 574:7 539:11, 539:16, disinfection [7] -497:8 499:10, 527:23, 540:1, 542:9, 552:10, 431:11, 432:14, diurnal [1] - 431:21 drives [1] - 498:15 532:23, 557:15, 585:23, 587:20, 433:6, 433:7, 466:16, Division [7] - 590:21, drop [2] - 486:3, 574:22, 579:18 589:11, 589:16, 466:17 594:23, 599:14, 500:22 difficult [5] - 444:23, 595:2, 600:17, 599:15, 599:16, disk[1] - 500:7 dropped [1] - 501:23 446:11, 550:17, 600:19, 600:23 dispense [2] -599:21, 600:10 drove [1] - 473:7 552:12, 599:6 divisions [1] downgradient [2] -426:13, 531:13 drug [3] - 484:24, digestion [1] -542:14 459:12, 469:14 dispersed [1] - 501:9 501:3, 504:5 505:13 document (6) downstream [3] -Disposal [3] - 414:4, drugs [1] - 485:11 dilute [2] - 436:21, 414:1, 426:10, 429:4, 469:14, 527:16, 429:7, 607:9 DuFault [2] - 418:6, 495:7 509:4, 530:15, 545:2 527:17 disposal [52] -461:8 diluted [1] - 501:9 dozen [1] - 451:20 documents [1] -414:12, 414:19, DUFAULT [2] dilution [1] - 515:12 524:20 drain [2] - 475:2, 415:12, 415:13, 418:8, 461:10 Dilworth [3] -500:23 415:18, 416:12, dog [1] - 448:23 duly [3] - 413:2, 590:22, 599:13, 601:9 drainage [5] -416:24, 422:22, dokie [1] - 477:14 425:23, 530:4 diminish [1] - 598:13 434:23, 435:1, 423:5, 428:23, dollar[1] - 491:8 duration [3] -

435:10, 439:5, 441:9 during [17] - 435:13, 436:1, 440:17, 440:23, 446:19, 447:2, 447:4, 464:1, 483:17, 488:20, 534:21, 537:7, 541:16, 561:23, 577:9, 598:18 dwelling [2] - 454:5, 465:22

## Ε

early [4] - 423:14, 469:7, 539:13, 546:1 Easement [1] - 541:2 easement [3] -572:24, 573:7, 574:17 easements [1] -541:10 easier [2] - 444:14, 592:17 East [2] - 506:14, 508:16 east [10] - 547:3, 552:16, 553:5, 589:12, 593:7, 593:8, 593:15, 594:5, 594:16, 596:7 eastern [4] - 533:16, 583:22, 596:4, 597:7 eat (2) - 430:3. 501:21 eating [1] - 505:15 eats [1] - 502:5 Ebert [14] - 425:18, 426:5, 426:14, 426:22, 427:18, 428:2, 428:16, 440:10, 450:6, 521:7, 606:5, 607:11, 607:12 EBERT [1] - 425:21 Ed [3] - 420:3, 421:6, 467:21 EDU [6] - 454:4, 454:6, 454:7, 455:2, 483:19, 495:18 educate [1] - 487:17 education [2] -486:10, 524:13 educational [2] -530:18, 548:18 **EDUs** [4] - 454:3, 495:16, 522:21 effect [11] - 469:3, 486:20, 557:3, 557:9, 557:10, 557:13, 557:14, 559:2, 565:4, 567:21, 567:23

effects [1] - 557:21 efficient [2] - 433:3, 452:22 effluent [32] -429:21, 431:12, 433:7, 434:6, 435:17, 435:20, 435:24, 436:14, 441:14, 445:7, 447:23, 453:1, 456:3, 456:16, 456:20, 457:7, 457:21, 463:22, 464:3, 470:1, 472:10, 476:2, 477:13. 481:10, 481:23, 490:13, 491:13, 492:4, 501:8, 504:17, 508:22 effluents [1] - 463:6 effort [1] - 541:13 eight [11] - 434:11, 445:2, 446:22, 447:3, 447:24, 449:4, 469:22, 475:7, 476:20, 476:23, 500:1 Eileen [2] - 421:8, 474:20 either [18] - 437:16. 439:13, 449:21, 460:12, 463:18, 476:12, 489:4, 489:6, 491:5, 491:9, 501:2, 501:11, 501:24, 503:24, 506:2, 574:6, 575:23, 585:4 Eleanor [2] - 608:7, 608:19 ELEANOR [1] -408:23 electrical [1] -464:22 electricity [1] -513:15 element [2] - 587:12, 598:8 elevate [1] - 480:16 elevated [1] - 482:3 elevation [1] -481:21 Eli [3] - 533:21, 535:20, 539:15 eligibility [9] -555:20, 556:20, 556:22, 557:4, 557:7, 557:14, 565:1, 565:2,

eligible [6] - 537:15,

556:12, 557:3, 574:8

elsewhere [1] -

538:14, 556:7.

475:23 emergency [3] -465:14, 466:4 emitter [5] - 434:17, 434:21, 436:15, 495:3, 495:6 emitters [6] - 434:9, 434:12, 434:15, 447:12, 447:24, 457:3 employed [3] -540:23, 574:18, 574:19 employees [2] -428:4, 445:18 empty [1] - 505:19 enable [1] - 557:14 encircled [1] - 601:2 enclosure [1] -514:11 encompass [1] -547:6 encompassing [1] -577:11 encountered [4] -579:2, 592:11, 596:6, 597:11 encourage [2] -525:12, 525:24 encouraging [1] end [17] - 424:9, 452:8, 459:24, 466:14, 469:18, 490:20, 533:16, 543:9, 547:4, 548:1, 552:9, 582:14, 589:9, 596:6, 597:7, 601:5, 601:11 ended [4] - 534:20, 584:15, 600:16, 601:16 ends [3] - 449:21, 589:10, 589:13 enemy [1] - 595:22 energy [1] - 452:22 enforcement [1] -528:2 engaged [1] - 590:20 Engineer [3] -411:11, 426:17, 606:19 engineer [10] -427:23, 443:2, 469:17, 470:8, 470:13, 470:14, 470:15, 526:12, 527:10, 548:12 Engineered [1] -432:18 Engineering [8] -

426:6, 427:24, 428:3, 428:4, 429:6, 443:2, 607:12, 607:13 engineering [7] -426:16, 426:19, 427:4, 427:14, 433:10, 437:7, 477:11 engineers [1] - 428:5 enhanced [1] - 430:2 enjoy [1] - 479:3 enlarged [1] - 539:14 entails [1] - 577:5 enter [2] - 498:3, 543:6 entered [2] - 470:5, 543:6 entering [1] - 515:3 entire [10] - 436:7, 436:8, 451:4, 456:23, 479:9, 532:16, 547:6, 556:11, 590:9, 598:16 entirely [1] - 457:21 entities [5] - 411:14, 411:17, 451:3, 606:22, 606:24 entitled [2] - 415:4, 545:12 entity [4] - 438:5, 438:6, 439:21, 442:8 envelope[1] -516:20 environment [3] -430:2, 430:13, 441:8 Environmental [5] -433:13, 433:18, 438:9, 438:11, 470:11 EPA [1] - 503:17 equal [1] - 455:8 equalization [6] -431:9, 431:20, 432:2, 432:13, 433:5, 440:23 equalized [1] -431:20 equals [1] - 454:7 equestrian [7] -533:13, 533:24, 536:18, 537:2, 538:10, 538:13, 540:2 equivalent [2] -454:5, 458:24 Eric [1] - 426:5 especially [3] -433:4, 446:14, 585:24 Esquire [6] - 409:2, 409:3, 409:5, 409:5, 409:7, 409:9 essentially [2] -518:22, 589:9 establish [3] -

446:21, 481:4, 586:19

established [8] -438:17, 442:8, 490:6, 491:1, 500:10, 525:20, 545:23, 545:24 establishes [1] -490:8 estate [2] - 538:13, 556:17 etcetera [3] - 514:5, 577:7, 580:11 evaluate [7] -415:24, 416:6, 469:17, 509:12, 511:8, 532:22, 534:4 evaluated [3] -430:20, 431:13, 516:23 Evaluation [3] -414:4, 509:7, 607:9 evaluation [12] -416:5, 422:18, 423:16, 424:20, 428:20, 490:10, 509:13, 511:6, 526:19, 526:22, 527:9, 533:10 evaluations [1] -415:23 evening [35] -409:14, 410:12, 411:4, 411:20, 411:22, 412:2, 412:10, 412:13, 412:18, 417:11, 417:23, 419:13, 419:15, 419:17, 420:14, 449:22, 450:6, 467:20, 468:4, 468:6, 468:8, 471:24, 472:2, 508:7, 514:24, 529:15, 529:18, 529:20, 559:9, 566:22, 582:11, 601:19, 602:14, 604:6, 604:22 evenly [1] - 432:2 event [2] - 576:20, 576:21 events [3] - 533:4, 574:9, 578:5 eventually [3] -455:21, 499:6, 541:8 ever-evolving [2] -578:4, 581:6 evidence [1] - 412:5 evolving [4] -575:16, 578:4, 578:19, 581:6 exact [2] - 483:15,

540:11 exactly [14] - 443:21, 452:9, 459:2, 539:21. 540:7, 543:5, 552:13, 568:17, 584:5, 597:10, 597:14, 597:17, 599:6 examination [3] -554:21, 563:18, 583:19 EXAMINATION [7] -413:4, 426:1, 440:8, 450:4, 521:5, 530:6, 555:3 examine [9] -535:13, 535:14, 535:15, 555:19, 558:3, 563:14, 564:20, 579:14, 590:11 examined [7] -413:2, 425:23, 530:4, 546:6, 559:5, 566:19, 568:9 examining [2] -532:19, 559:12 excavation [1] -518:24 exceeds [1] - 507:20 excess [9] - 452:14, 454:19, 455:13, 460:6, 482:10, 482:23, 492:9, 505:21, 510:2 exclude [1] - 586:10 excluded [3] - 482:9, 482:12, 483:4 excrete [1] - 502:8 excreted [1] - 501:1 excuse [17] - 418:10, 422:15, 510:7, 512:7, 533:1, 547:3, 550:22, 557:1, 561:12, 563:16, 583:1, 584:18, 587:15, 588:24, 590:14, 594:4, 595:19 excused [2] -425:16, 529:5 exhausted [3] -575:14, 575:19, 601:11 exhaustive [1] -583:16 Exhibit [27] - 411:5, 411:9, 411:13, 411:16, 413:12, 413:24, 415:7, 426:9, 429:3, 509:4, 530:14, 532:9, 545:1, 548:7,

553:12, 555:14, 560:1, 560:12, 561:4, 574:22, 581:20, 588:16, 589:4, 590:15, 591:5, 592:20, 596:9 exhibit [3] - 588:1, 590:2, 592:15 EXHIBITS [3] -606:14, 607:1, 607:15 exhibits [2] - 411:3, 590:5 exist [1] - 471:19 existed [1] - 577:15 existing [17] -423:20, 442:17, 442:20, 478:3, 478:10, 479:12, 479:18, 479:21, 488:13, 488:24, 503:14, 516:19, 517:10, 521:17, 522:16, 566:14,

566:15
expand [1] - 558:23
expanded [10] 535:7, 546:9, 546:11,
546:12, 548:3,
558:18, 567:23,
575:7, 576:23, 577:2
expansion [3] 492:7, 493:12, 558:19
expect [2] - 438:15,

expectation [3] -478:23, 483:20, 488:7 expensive [2] -444:11, 511:24

492:13

experience [8] -426:19, 427:13, 427:14, 433:9, 437:6, 512:3, 531:2, 540:21 expert [16] - 426:15,

426:21, 427:4, 427:8, 428:24, 484:1, 510:23, 511:3, 524:21, 531:15,

531:22, 567:11, 570:13, 571:3, 599:20

**expertise** [7] - 484:4, 484:19, 485:2, 511:1, 565:11, 569:20

experts [1] - 548:21 explain [3] - 478:2, 480:15, 501:16

exposure [1] - 448:4 express [1] - 551:2

**expressing** [2] - 411:7, 606:16

extend [1] - 423:21 extended [2] -519:24, 545:10 extension [1] - 596:4 extensive [2] -603:3, 603:18 extent [5] - 552:2, 553:19, 572:6, 584:16, 598:11 exterior [3] - 538:17, 571:21, 572:8 exteriors [1] - 572:1 extra [2] - 423:18, 493:3 extreme [4] - 588:24, 590:19, 593:14, 593:17 extremely [1] -593:20

## F

Exxon [1] - 568:4

facade [1] - 573:7 facades [1] - 571:22 face [1] - 589:5 facilitate [1] - 585:23 facilitating [1] -529:20 facilities [2] -480:19, 519:21 facility [9] - 491:21, 501:6, 506:4, 506:7, 512:15, 516:2, 518:7, 519:21, 520:3 fact [5] - 455:2, 575:18, 575:21, 585:15, 604:10 factor [9] - 454:15, 454:23, 455:1, 455:5, 455:6, 458:6, 469:19, 515:12 factors [1] - 454:16 fail [1] - 456:10 failing [1] - 527:5 failure [3] - 435:22, 463:7 failures [1] - 486:13 fair [2] - 450:9, 519:8 fairly [1] - 447:9 fake [1] - 470:15 fallen [1] - 456:6 falls [1] - 431:7 familiar [15] - 465:9, 473:10, 478:14, 480:7, 484:23, 489:12, 531:16, 558:13, 558:16, 567:2, 567:5, 567:8,

568:5, 568:18, 568:20

family [1] - 586:2 far [25] - 409:22. 438:18, 445:15, 451:23, 503:9, 522:12, 542:21, 543:1, 543:2, 543:5, 543:9, 547:3, 547:4, 552:6, 552:9, 562:9, 577:2, 578:17, 583:22, 585:15, 589:11, 597:7, 600:16, 601:5 Farm [42] - 415:5, 419:5, 428:18, 429:6, 462:13, 468:13, 468:19, 532:4, 532:13, 541:18, 541:23, 546:14, 546:16, 547:2, 547:15, 547:23, 548:1, 550:4, 550:9, 550:11, 551:14, 551:18, 552:3, 552:9, 555:11, 555:18, 562:2, 573:12, 575:22, 576:2, 576:9, 579:10, 579:16, 581:4, 585:10, 587:1, 587:3, 589:6, 595:15, 597:12, 598:5, 601:24 farm [9] - 476:6. 525:20, 535:6. 535:16, 537:8, 538:12, 543:4, 556:12, 585:16 Farm's [2] - 543:13, 544:20 farmer [1] - 500:7 farmhouse [2] -535:22, 535:23 farming [1] - 463:4

farmland [1] - 566:14 farms [5] - 533:12, 533:13, 535:2, 535:17, 536:14 Farms [1] - 533:23 farrier's [1] - 537:5 fast [2] - 474:3, 474:4 father [1] - 535:1 feasibility [3] -416:7, 428:20, 510:1 Feasibility [3] -414:4, 509:6, 607:9 feasible [2] - 416:24, 443.24 features [1] - 577:9 February [1] - 560:6 feces [1] - 501:1 federal [2] - 541:8,

569:9 Federico [2] -411:10, 606:18 fee [3] - 442:16, 479:14, 479:16 fees [2] - 479:15, 513:4 feet [28] - 434:13, 434:14, 457:3, 465:22, 480:10, 481:15, 482:5, 493:19, 493:20, 493:22, 499:21, 516:21, 521:19, 522:4, 522:8, 522:13, 548:3, 553:5, 553:9, 553:21, 567:18, 567:19, 584:1, 585:11, 596:7 felt [2] - 453:16, 496:3 fence [3] - 475:4, 477:3, 525:22 fences [2] - 448:15, 585:22 fertilization [1] -459:1 fertilizing [1] -458:23 Feryo [2] - 419:2, FERYO [2] - 419:3, 462:11 few [5] - 450:24, 513:19, 514:24, 599:5, 600:22 fewer [1] - 424:19 field [26] - 436:8, 436:9, 439:1, 439:2, 439:3, 439:5, 439:6, 448:9, 456:23, 459:13, 464:4, 469:14, 470:4, 476:6, 476:19, 481:17, 484:19, 511:1, 524:21, 526:18, 526:20, 527:5, 532:21, 566:14, 572:16 fields [28] - 435:2, 436:3, 436:12, 436:22, 439:8, 444:24, 447:21, 447:22, 454:9, 454:20, 457:19, 458:4, 466:6, 469:7, 475:2, 475:23, 477:12, 499:1, 502:17, 510:8, 513:8,

513:17, 523:22,

524:1, 524:4, 524:16, 525:10, 525:21 figured [1] - 483:18 filed [1] - 573:15 fill [1] - 505:18 filters [1] - 513:11 filtration [1] - 473:19 final [8] - 432:11, 483:23, 505:8, 506:24, 512:13, 539:21, 540:7, 601:15 finally [2] - 520:1, 540:2 finances [1] - 507:12 findings [1] - 510:15 fine [3] - 414:24, 428:13, 545:17 finish [1] - 604:17 fire [3] - 536:4, 551:3, 585:24 firm [3] - 428:2, 531:7, 532:17 first [18] - 410:8, 425:22, 430:21, 431:22, 432:20, 439:12, 447:14, 450:11, 469:5, 480:21, 504:5, 526:15, 526:19, 530:3, 536:22, 549:4, 550:10, 580:2 firsthand [1] - 549:5 fiscal [2] - 412:12, 604:19 fit [2] - 523:16, 523:17 five [13] - 434:1, 441:4, 447:2, 459:24, 482:24, 489:16, 490:9, 492:2, 513:9, 543:21, 548:14, 602:12 five-day [1] - 548:14 five-vear (1) - 513:9 fixed [2] - 442:19, 593:19 flank [11] - 542:21, 543:1, 543:2, 552:6, 583:22, 588:24, 589:1, 590:19, 597:6, 600:16, 600:24 flanking [1] - 542:12 flexibility [1] -519:17 flippant [1] - 581:9 floating [1] - 449:22 floc [1] - 433:4 floodplain [1] - 520:4 floodplains [1] -520:10 forming [2] - 447:7,

floor [2] - 417:6, 529:22 flow [13] - 431:15, 432:4, 432:5, 433:1, 440:21, 452:12, 452:15, 454:6, 455:2, 496:18, 499:7, 515:14, 518:5 flowing [1] - 433:5 flows [10] - 431:22, 431:24, 432:9, 432:12, 432:20, 441:6, 442:11, 452:11, 495:15 fluid [1] - 593:20 flush [4] - 436:13, 485:17, 485:24, 497:16 flushed [5] - 460:15, 460:22, 486:2, 494:11, 494:19 focus [1] - 594:21 follow [2] - 465:11, 526:3 followed [9] - 431:6, 432:10, 432:21, 433:6, 513:15, 513:16, 513:17 following [2] - 500:9, 500:13 follows [4] - 413:3, 425:24, 530:5, 584:10 foot[1] - 481:21 footage [1] - 522:22 footprint [7] -491:23, 492:5, 493:2, 516:1, 516:17, 523:15, 523:18 force [3] - 597:5, 597:15, 599:4 forces [8] - 542:20, 542:22, 550:19, 550:23, 592:11, 593:5, 593:7, 597:4 Ford [4] - 542:14, 587:20, 600:20, 601:1 foregoing [1] - 608:9 foremost [1] -548:20 forever [1] - 477:8 forgot [1] - 410:11 form [2] - 473:18, 595:22 formations [1] -597:14 formed [3] - 428:2, 542:7, 598:22 former [2] - 537:20, 539:11

599:5 forms [5] - 411:14, 411:17, 547:24, 606:21, 606:23 fort [1] - 600:18 forth [2] - 533:1, 588:15 fortifications [1] -593:20 forward [1] - 424:23 fought [1] - 552:8 four [13] - 431:23, 434:14, 441:4, 457:3, 481:15, 481:21, 482:4, 494:8, 494:12, 499:21, 533:18, 543:21, 548:14 four-foot [1] - 481:21 four-or[1] - 548:14 fourth [1] - 441:19 FOX [4] - 419:19, 528:13, 528:17, 528:21 fraction [1] - 423:6 frame [1] - 539:23 framework [1] -536:6 Fred [6] - 425:18, 426:3, 426:8, 427:19, 429:2, 438:5 FREDERICK [1] -425:21 Frederick [3] - 426:5, 606:5, 607:11 frequency [1] -446:24 frequent [1] - 442:22 frequently [2] -435:10, 512:5 Frone [2] - 603:9, 603:10 front [4] - 449:23, 516:19, 598:19 full [2] - 577:24, 578:8 fully [8] - 429:21, 430:24, 442:19, 447:23, 490:20, 501:7, 504:24, 513:1 function [1] - 435:13 funding [2] - 587:6, 587:9 furthest [1] - 553:19 future [10] - 412:6, 479:2, 490:4, 493:4, 493:12, 497:7, 518:16, 518:24, 519:16, 519:18

G GADALETO [1] -467:11 Gadaleto [3] -419:14, 467:9 gallon [1] - 508:18 gallons [31] - 434:16, 435:5, 435:7, 437:18, 437:20, 437:23, 438:1, 438:4, 452:3, 452:5, 452:12, 452:14, 452:18, 452:19, 453:22, 454:7, 454:13, 455:4, 463:8, 463:11, 463:12, 463:13, 464:12, 482:22, 484:10, 495:17, 495:18, 495:20, 497:3 game [1] - 476:9 garage [3] - 539:20, 564:1, 564:12 Gary [1] - 418:15 gas [4] - 430:9, 431:5, 527:23, 528:3 gases [1] - 448:7 geese [1] - 472:20 general [3] - 415:24, 429:10, 595:17 General [3] - 595:24, 600:19, 601:8 generally [16] -416:14, 465:8, 551:9, 554:1, 554:3, 566:2, 566:6, 572:8, 576:11, 576:15, 589:17, 589:21, 592:11, 593:6, 594:16, 596:24 generate [1] - 507:7 generated [4] -429:12, 430:18, 438:3, 513:4 generator [6] -465:14, 465:15, 466:4, 514:2, 514:3, 514:4 gentleman's [2] -538:12, 556:12 gentlemen [5] -411:19, 461:12, 529:12, 604:4, 605:7 geologist [2] -413:17 geotechnical[1] -480:9 geothermal [1] -463:24

German [4] - 537:6,

542:23, 542:24, 552:7

535:24

GILL [23] - 409:5, 555:1, 555:4, 560:11, 562:16, 562:21, 562:23, 574:21, 575:2, 581:16, 581:17, 582:18, 587:24, 588:4, 588:8, 588:13, 590:6, 590:13, 590:17, 591:11, 592:19, 594:18, 602:7 Gill [7] - 554:20, 554:24, 555:5, 581:14, 588:5, 602:10, 606:10 given [11] - 430:8, 431:5, 445:6, 484:12, 511:12, 526:4, 577:14, 579:9, 600:2, 600:7 Glen [2] - 418:15, 462:2 glossed [1] - 501:16 goal [5] - 448:20, 458:14, 464:17, 474:2, 487:17 gobble [1] - 458:21 golf [1] - 459:2 Goose [1] - 506:17 gorgeous [1] -458:24 gosh [1] - 476:4 government[1] -541:8 grab [1] - 594:19 grade [6] - 448:1, 464:6, 464:13, 464:14, 464:15, 517:22 grading [1] - 473:3 graduated [1] -427:22 grant [3] - 541:7, 560:20, 563:5 granted [2] - 411:15, 606:22 grass [10] - 445:1, 445:4, 445:8, 449:4, 457:10, 458:23, 466:19, 475:7, 476:20, 476:23 gravity [1] - 465:3 great [10] - 428:14, 458:20, 486:10, 502:4, 506:23, 524:5, 524:11, 525:14, 570:23, 595:20 greater [1] - 577:11 greatly [2] - 535:7,

green [4] - 524:9, hang [1] - 591:21 411:20, 582:16, 533:13, 533:20, 464:12, 524:18 545:7, 545:19, 546:18 hard [4] - 523:6, 604:11 533:22, 534:15, Greene [1] - 601:8 523:8, 523:14, 545:16 heat [2] - 464:7 535:12, 535:14, greeted [1] - 595:23 Harkins [2] - 419:9, held [5] - 408:10, 535:21, 536:9, 604:22 Gregg [1] - 428:12 463:15, 593:9, 538:21, 545:8, GREGG [1] - 409:3 HARKINS [2] -599:15, 599:17 545:21, 546:18, 606:18 ground [11] - 437:9, 419:10, 467:6 546:23, 549:2, hello [1] - 462:18 horse [1] - 535:6 447:6, 456:7, 457:9, 555:10, 557:9, Harris [5] - 544:1, help [3] - 573:8, 463:15, 463:16, 574:11, 588:11, 557:21, 557:22, 591:14, 591:22 hour[1] - 434:16 480:5, 486:18, 588:18, 596:16 558:3, 558:23, 559:1, helping [1] - 463:1 494:24, 501:12, 514:5 559:14, 563:12, Harris' [2] - 576:6, helps [2] - 442:16, 465:15 groundwater [28] -587:22 563:15, 563:20, 591:17 445:12, 457:2, 563:24, 564:4, Hatfield [1] - 506:15 hemo [1] - 504:4 459:20, 466:24. haul [1] - 496:24 564:19, 564:21, hereby [1] - 608:8 537:20, 537:21, 471:7, 480:3, 480:5, hauled [2] - 505:10, 564:24, 565:24, herein [2] - 425:22, 539:16, 539:22, 480:6, 480:8, 480:10, 567:11, 568:21, 505:17 530:3 539:23, 539:24, 480:14, 480:16, 569:7, 569:20, 570:5, hauler [2] - 501:24, hereunto [1] -556:2, 556:3 480:24, 481:5, 481:6, 505:17 570:13, 571:3, 608:14 481:7, 481:17, 571:12, 571:20, Haws [2] - 409:22, hesitance [1] -411:2 481:19, 481:22, 572:1, 572:6, 572:16, 427:19 570:18 482:4, 483:3, 486:17, 573:24, 576:19, HAWS [45] - 408:15, Hessian [2] - 589:2, 521:15 487:11, 503:1, 515:4, 577:16, 577:22, 422:7, 424:3, 424:13, 590:20 527:7, 527:24, 528:5 578:9, 583:20, 424:16, 424:23, Hessians [1] - 551:2 601:17, 607:3 grouping [1] -425:7, 427:9, 487:24, hi [1] - 468:11 555:21 Historic [2] - 533:2, 488:11, 488:21, hide [1] - 497:9 566:13, 567:18 growing [1] - 500:10 553:24 489:3, 491:19, high [14] - 434:19, hundreds [1] -Historical [1] - 574:5 grown [2] - 445:1, 491:23, 493:6, 494:6, 436:16, 445:8, 452:8, 585:21 457:10 historical [3] - 538:3, 494:14, 494:18, 475:7, 476:21, growth [3] - 436:17, 554:6, 554:8 494:23, 495:4, 476:23, 481:5, 533:19, 533:21, 436:22, 495:12 History [2] - 588:9, 495:14, 495:22, 481:12, 481:18, 534:16, 534:22, GTA [1] - 607:8 496:16, 498:9, 607:17 481:22, 483:3, history [15] - 427:12, GTA's [1] - 437:1 500:18, 501:5, 503:2, 486:18, 527:15 539:4, 539:12. guarantee [1] - 483:5 503:11, 503:22, 427:17, 447:9, high-water[1] -504:21, 530:19, guaranteed [1] -504:10, 505:5, 505:8, 481:12 491:11 506:1, 506:23, 507:3, 532:6, 533:4, 534:12, higher [3] - 509:22, 507:23, 508:2, 509:2, 544:13, 558:5, guess [16] - 424:8, 515:20, 526:8 hurt [2] - 600:1, 563:15, 564:17, 457:10, 458:5, 512:13, 512:21, highest [3] - 481:6, 600:4 484:13, 484:20, 513:5, 513:18, 575:16, 578:17, 580:5 481:7, 481:16 hmm [1] - 501:4 489:18, 491:19, 513:23, 547:18, highlight [2] -509:16 603:17 HOA [9] - 418:7, 494:5, 496:17. 553:14, 553:16 Haws' [1] - 518:16 418:10, 418:12, 498:13, 501:5, 504:6, highly [1] - 461:1 470:10, 483:9 418:14, 418:16, head [2] - 459:15, 504:20, 513:6, 533:8, highway [1] - 567:24 461:18, 461:19, 580:23 597:6 Hill [12] - 542:6, 462:2, 524:20 gut [1] - 504:2 healthy [1] - 446:21 550:19, 550:24, hypochlorite [1] -HOFFMAN [2] hear [5] - 410:7, 551:10, 588:21, 494:17 461:20, 461:24 Н 418:11, 450:1, 592:12, 592:21, Hoffman [3] -478:19, 495:8 593:4, 593:24, 594:2, 500:15 half [3] - 482:20, 418:13, 461:21, heard [5] - 472:9, 594:3, 596:23 482:22, 527:6 461:22 475:3, 475:6, 494:19, hill [6] - 468:20, I hammer [1] - 493:7 551:19 hold [1] - 547:16 539:17, 542:17, hand [9] - 511:20, holding [4] - 463:5, Hearing [1] - 408:10 594:15, 595:22, 596:3 1&1 [4] - 497:22,

592:24, 594:4, 594:8, 594:9, 594:10, 598:14, 599:8, 608:15 handed [1] - 582:5 handle (3) - 453:19. 453:22, 460:13 handled [2] - 486:6, 490:6 handles [1] - 431:21

hearing [15] -409:15, 410:10, 410:13, 412:6, 413:8, 421:11, 427:7, 428:11, 529:13, 582:13, 602:13, 603:23, 604:4, 604:6, 604:24 hearings [3] -

hills [1] - 596:14 historian [3] - 531:5, 557:17, 581:7 historic [62] -412:10, 530:21, 531:3, 531:11, 531:15, 531:22, 532:12, 532:22, 532:23, 533:7,

463:8, 599:21, 601:6 Hollow [2] - 541:15, 587:18 home [1] - 496:17 homeowners' [2] -524:15, 525:2

homes [3] - 465:4,

honestly [3] - 452:2,

483:20, 504:18

hooking [1] - 496:19 hope [2] - 412:12, Horn [2] - 411:10, hosting [1] - 529:15 hours [2] - 431:23, house [13] - 497:3, 522:17, 537:4, 537:5, housekeeping [1] houses [2] - 497:2, housing [1] - 514:11 Howe's [1] - 595:24 hundred [4] - 548:3, Hunt [13] - 533:18, 535:20, 536:7, 536:8, 539:15, 585:15, 586:2 hunters [1] - 542:24 Hunts [1] - 534:18 hydrogeologic [1] hydrogeologist [2] hydrogeologists [3] - 460:3, 483:4, 483:10 hypothetically [1] -

497:24, 498:14, 498:16 ice [2] - 447:6, 447:17 idea [1] - 524:11 identical [1] - 518:22 identification [1] -563:19 identified [17] -

437:15, 454:18,
457:13, 488:20,
496:2, 497:24, 510:8,
517:7, 517:18,
541:18, 555:17, 561:6, 561:16,
563:21, 589:2,
589:19, 601:19
identify [15] - 414:1,
426:10, 429:4,
438:19, 439:1, 439:2, 470:16, 498:7,
522:11, 526:13,
530:15, 532:10,
545:2, 545:11, 548:8
identifying [1] -
410:16
III [3] - 418:10, 418:11, 461:17
image [1] - 582:22
imagine [1] - 517:21
immediate [2] -
410:2, 589:12
<b>impact</b> [20] <b>- 470:21</b> , 475:19, 481:9,
490:12, 496:21,
503:13, 511:18,
521:17, 556:18,
558:19, 558:24,
559:5, 564:21, 564:24, 565:19,
566:17, 568:8,
568:10, 571:14,
604:19
impacts [6] - 412:12, 559:13, 566:3,
566:19, 568:15,
571:12
impaired [1] - 527:18
implementation [1] -
416:7 importance [2] -
597:22, 600:12
important [6] -
541:5, 549:2, 576:20,
578:3, 600:11, 601:22
importantly [1] - 452:24
impose [3] - 525:1,
560:19, 561:10
imposed [2] - 524:2,
524:12 impossible[1] -
591:12
impressive [1] -
465:2
improved [1] - 604:8
improvement [1] - 529:18
improvements [3] -
fel

492:21, 558:14, 565:18 IN [2] - 408:7, 608:14 527:2 Inc [1] - 607:12 inches [9] - 434:11, 440:23 445:2, 446:23, 448:1, 449:4, 475:7, 476:21, 476:23, 500:2 incinerated [1] -502:1 incinerator [2] -506:14, 506:16 inclined [3] - 560:9, 560:20, 563:5 include [8] - 459:17, 479:13, 493:3, 510:18, 512:24, 442:11 513:1, 523:19, 525:1 included [4] -447:14, 488:17, 519:23, 575:23 includes [2] - 513:5, 548:3 598:4 including [4] -512:19, 517:2, 517:6, 533:3 inclusive [1] -608:10 income [2] - 507:13, 507:19 Incorporated [1] -530:11 447:15 increase [7] -442:24, 446:24, 447:3, 466:20, 480:14, 490:13, 497:22 509:18 increased [3] -460:9, 490:22, 491:16 increases [1] -442:22 indicate [1] - 590:18 540:8 indicated [5] -414:14, 414:17, 416:14, 450:7, 457:8 indication [1] - 586:5 indisputable [1] -579:9 individual [13] -456:9, 486:23, 487:8, 554:14 497:1, 502:22, 504:11, 504:13, 556:6, 556:24, 557:2, 559:23, 590:3, 590:5 individually [5] -503:17, 555:19, 556:3, 556:10, 574:7 individuals [4] -411:14, 411:17,

606:21, 606:23

Infantry [1] - 542:23 influences [1] influent [2] - 431:20, information [5] -415:2, 510:17, 544:6, 583:21, 604:23 informs [1] - 561:9 infrastructure [4] -442:12, 465:2, 479:11, 479:22 inhibit [1] - 423:24 inhibitor[1] - 436:19 inhibits [1] - 456:13 initial [2] - 440:17, Initiative [1] - 541:2 inject [1] - 436:19 injecting [1] - 447:5 injustice [1] - 595:20 inquiry [2] - 578:8, inside [1] - 572:20 install [6] - 444:4, 444:5, 448:14, 479:9, 479:21, 500:11 installation [2] -446:22, 479:5 installed [1] - 447:24 installing [1] instead [1] - 497:15 insulator[1] - 464:9 insure [4] - 441:11, 441:12, 483:10, intact [3] - 536:2, 536:5, 537:2 integral [2] - 599:22 intends [2] - 539:1, intention [1] - 558:9 interior [1] - 571:23 internal [1] - 519:2 interpret [1] - 548:18 interpretation [2] -576:21, 601:4 interpretive [1] interrupt [2] -414:20, 602:18 intersection [5] -518:1, 537:13, 558:17, 559:1, 573:18 intestines [1] - 504:3 introduce [2] -409:19, 409:20 inventory [2] -

559:24, 568:13

579:20, 580:1, 580:3, 580:22, 580:24, 581:1, 581:3, 598:4, 598:10 investigations [1] -584:7 involved [10] -444:12, 444:22, 453:11, 460:1, 524:17, 528:1, 540:22, 541:23, 552:3, 598:15 involvement [5] -428:17, 532:3, 540:17, 543:13, 544:21 involves [1] - 432:19 irrigating [1] - 459:1 irrigation [38] -414:13, 416:7, 416:12, 422:23, 423:2, 434:8, 435:2, 435:13, 442:2, 444:5, 445:13, 445:20, 446:2, 446:8, 446:12, 447:9, 448:2, 453:21, 455:20, 456:21, 472:9, 480:4, 484:15, 485:6, 485:20, 489:5, 496:22, 498:19, 502:17, 503:14, 508:6, 508:19, 512:1, 512:8, 512:15, 524:24, 527:5 issue [8] - 448:17, 448:24, 449:1, 470:3, 477:8, 502:16, 526:7. issues [6] - 442:11, 447:16, 457:15, 464:22, 471:17, 522:14 item [1] - 561:6 itself [2] - 576:12, 590:1 J Jaeger [5] - 549:7, 589:6, 595:7, 595:13, 600:10 Jaegers [4] - 542:24, 552:7, 589:2, 597:2 jaegers [1] - 596:5

January [1] - 443:3

Jeff [1] - 474:10

Jeffrey [1] - 421:1

Jennifer [2] - 421:1,

investigation [12] -

577:24, 578:8.

474:10 Jersey [2] - 453:8, 530:12 Jim [3] - 421:10, 472:4, 474:22 job [1] - 458:20 John [3] - 410:17, 418:9 joining [1] - 478:12 Joint [1] - 506:14 Jones [3] - 419:16, 467:13 Joshua [5] - 533:19, 536:7, 536:8, 539:4, 539:12 JR [1] - 530:2

K KATHRYN [1] -409:7 keep [7] - 449:4, 463:21, 464:6, 473:22, 519:1, 519:2, 604:10 key [2] - 434:18, 524:13 kid [1] - 497:7 kidney [1] - 503:24 kids [4] - 448:24, 475:6, 475:17, 476:4 kills [1] - 466:18 Kimley [2] - 411:10, 606:18 kind [2] - 498:19, 579:19 knocked [1] - 585:23 knoll [2] - 593:3, 596:18 knowing [1] - 483:14 knowledge [8] -433:9, 437:6, 471:18, 502:14, 541:21, 563:3, 573:13, 577:9 known [9] - 430:22, 436:13, 456:24, 481:11, 497:20, 498:2, 498:4, 502:16, 510:2 KOCOA [3] - 584:8, 584:10, 584:14 Kramer [2] - 421:1, 474:10 KRAMER [1] -474:12 Kramers [1] - 421:2 **KRISTIN** [1] - 409:5 Kristin [2] - 440:5, 511:21 Kurt [2] - 420:7,

L

L.P[1] - 408:8 labor [1] - 513:15 labrum [3] - 417:24, 449:15, 603:6 LABRUM [4] - 409:7, 418:2, 449:17, 603:8 lack [3] - 536:15, 566:18, 587:10 ladies [5] - 411:19, 461:12, 529:11, 604:3, 605:6 Lafayette [1] -427:22 lagoon [3] - 473:11, 508:14 lagoons [3] - 472:23, 472:24, 473:6 Lake [2] - 468:12, 468:14 land [8] - 443:14, 488:17, 523:4, 540:22, 541:11, 541:14, 580:24, 597:14 landfill [2] - 502:1, 506:12 landmark [9] - 542:3, 544:13, 545:8, 545:21, 546:8, 546:18, 546:21, 546:23, 575:8 Landmark [1] -553:24 landmass [1] - 523:9 landscape [3] -536:17, 577:15, 577:18 landscapes [1] -576:17 lane [1] - 543:4 large [9] - 414:18, 414:19, 497:1, 504:3, 508:12, 522:18, 522:20, 533:11, 578:11 large-volume [1] -508:12 larger [10] - 442:18, 442:21, 478:1, 478:12, 487:13, 506:17, 515:13, 515:17, 596:22 largest [2] - 415:13, 459:16 last [12] - 410:12,

410:18, 417:16,

432:15, 433:23, 468:17, 480:9, 513:22, 529:19, 545:16, 582:17, 604:8 late [4] - 417:12, 461:13, 537:1, 562:7 laterals [1] - 497:7 launched [1] -542:19 Laura [1] - 419:11 Law [1] - 528:5 lawn [4] - 458:23, 477:4, 497:9, 524:9 lawyer [1] - 572:5 layout [1] - 519:23 leading [1] - 573:14 league [1] - 475:21 leaks [1] - 497:7 lean [1] - 591:10 least [12] - 434:2, 453:20, 453:23, 458:15, 517:4, 517:7, 522:4, 538:6, 576:8, 578:1, 580:7, 586:8 leave [2] - 417:14, 470:20 leaving [1] - 460:10 left [14] - 409:24, 410:2, 524:20, 542:21, 543:1, 543:2, 547:23, 549:21, 549:24, 552:6, 589:1, 590:19, 591:10, 592:2 length [1] - 493:19 lenses [2] - 447:6, 447:17 Leonard [1] - 419:12 Leraris [2] - 420:1, 467:19 less [20] - 442:12, 442:22, 444:11, 444:13, 444:14, 444:18, 445:15, 451:24, 455:3, 457:24, 458:2, 458:9, 458:12, 460:11, 469:9, 469:11, 511:24, 517:10, 517:11 letter [22] - 411:9, 414:2, 414:5, 414:8, 414:15, 414:22, 415:3, 416:17, 425:4, 532:10, 532:11, 532:14, 532:16 555:11, 560:4, 561:5, 563:8, 572:14, 581:19, 582:7,

606:18, 607:3

letters [2] - 593:5,

598:20

596:24 letting [1] - 603:17 level [24] - 438:19, 440:18, 440:19, 441:10, 445:2, 445:9, 451:22, 457:16, 457:20, 457:23, 460:8, 460:10, 469:19, 473:24, 480:8, 482:4, 489:15, 490:12, 490:21, 491:2, 492:13, 515:20, 526:22, 527:15 levels [4] - 457:11, 458:8, 469:8, 526:8 license [1] - 483:6 Licensed [1] -426:16 licensed [1] - 439:11 lie [1] - 497:13 Lieutenant [1] -595:3 life [1] - 513:13 lifecycle [2] - 498:18, 498:19 light [13] - 422:23, 466:18, 578:20, 578:21, 579:24, 586:6, 597:21, 597:22, 598:8, 600:7, 600:10, 601:15, 601:18 lightening [1] -464:22 lightning [1] - 435:22 likelihood [1] - 602:1 likely [7] - 445:22, 482:9, 515:15, 526:15, 552:5, 565:19, 604:19 likewise [1] - 536:7 limit [1] - 469:10 limitations [2] -448:8, 448:10 limited [3] - 417:7, 448:7, 525:4 Linda [2] - 421:24, 477:19 line [18] - 469:12, 545:19, 545:20, 549:19, 584:2, 584:4, 584:6, 584:22, 585:2, 590:21, 593:15, 594:6, 597:7, 598:21, 599:15, 599:17, 599:22 linear[1] - 434:13 lines [2] - 597:1,

list [11] - 411:21. 417:8, 417:15, 421:14, 422:3, 427:10, 461:14, 561:15, 561:16, 562:15, 587:2 listened [1] - 502:18 listing [1] - 556:8 lists [1] - 427:14 LISTSERV [1] -605:1 liter [7] - 458:3, 458:5, 458:10, 458:13, 460:11, 469:10, 469:20 literally [1] - 522:8 literature [1] -475:22 live [1] - 468:12 lived [1] - 534:22 liver[1] - 503:24 living [2] - 413:15, 534:20 LLC [2] - 409:9, 420:8 loading [7] - 435:12, 437:17, 437:19, 439:3, 439:7, 484:6, 484:10 loan [2] - 491:10, 491:14 locate [3] - 465:19, 466:1, 493:23 located [24] - 414:17, 415:16, 428:6, 459:11, 464:12, 465:3, 465:21, 469:13, 473:1, 514:3, 514:8, 514:9, 514:11, 514:20, 522:4, 522:7, 546:14, 546:16, 546:20, 546:22, 549:12, 551:13, 594:9, 594:11 location [9] - 423:8, 424:11, 510:13, 516:3, 516:13, 516:22, 517:8, 565:23, 566:1 Location [1] - 415:4 locations [10] -414:14, 415:10, 415:19, 465:24, 516:11, 517:17, 522:11, 551:5, 551:6, 551:7 logic [1] - 470:4 long-term [1] -442:13 look [22] - 439:16,

469:16, 469:23, 500:12, 527:2, 532:21, 532:22, 535:10, 536:20, 556:2, 559:10, 559:18, 559:22, 565:8, 565:13, 569:13, 571:16, 572:13, 578:9, 582:6, 582:19, 592:17 looked [18] - 416:13, 484:4, 493:9, 512:3, 516:10, 534:11, 535:17, 536:18, 543:15, 549:22, 551:21, 552:18, 555:21, 556:23, 558:22, 580:7, 584:22, 597:16 looking [8] - 469:18, 469:21, 489:16, 504:12, 504:13, 557:20, 560:13, 561:20 looks [2] - 533:3, 545:9 lose [7] - 436:6, 483:12, 483:16, 496:12, 499:12, 510:22, 566:9 losing [1] - 496:15 losses [1] - 585:17 lost [4] - 462:19, 509:21, 557:7, 600:8 Lost [2] - 588:10, 607:17 low [4] - 434:20, 471:2, 473:24, 497:15 lower [10] - 437:22, 440:20, 442:15, 452:11, 454:11, 479:3, 489:22, 498:16, 509:23 lowers [1] - 422:21 lowest [3] - 482:18, 484:6, 510:2 lucky [1] - 586:3 Ludwig [2] - 595:3, 595:21 Lydia [1] - 536:8

## M

main [3] - 593:3, 597:1, 600:20 maintain [10] -439:19, 439:22, 446:2, 446:11, 469:11, 473:24, 481:15, 481:21,

558:9, 573:8 maintained [7] -439:10, 439:11, 445:2, 463:23, 477:1, 481:18, 557:15 maintaining [2] -445:19, 476:14 maintenance [10] -444:20, 444:22, 445:16, 455:17, 476:19, 498:13, 507:1, 507:8, 513:8, 513:17 major [5] - 513:14, 535:18, 536:15, 548:24, 587:14 majority [6] - 450:20, 465:7, 477:6, 492:18, 501:21, 502:7 malfunctioning [2] -526:16, 527:1 Mammucari [1] -419:12 mammucaris [2] -419:12, 467:7 managed [1] -442:10 management [7] -438:17, 457:14, 489:13, 489:14, 490:7, 504:11, 530:22 Manager [2] -408:18, 410:1 manager's [1] -537:4 manhole [1] - 497:15 manholes [1] -498:16 manifest [1] - 506:6 manuscript[1] -607:6 map [31] - 414:22, 415:1, 481:11, 543:17, 543:22, 548:8, 548:10, 548:15, 548:16, 549:13, 549:21, 550:2, 550:5, 550:6, 551:8, 558:22, 578:16, 588:16, 588:19, 588:20, 589:5, 589:23, 590:14, 590:18, 591:5, 592:3, 593:6, 595:14, 596:11, 596:13 Map [5] - 545:12, 546:15, 547:12, 607:4, 607:16

mapping [2] -

maps [12] - 497:13, 543:7, 543:8, 543:9, 543:15, 544:9, 545:3, 549:7, 551:22, 580:19, 583:20, 589:8 March [6] - 410:10, 411:6, 413:7, 509:7, 511:7, 606:16 march [1] - 542:9 marching [1] -595:14 marginal [2] - 423:8, 483:2 mark [7] - 417:10, 536:24, 590:1, 590:2, 590:4, 590:14 MARK [1] - 409:9 marked [12] - 411:4, 413:12, 413:24, 426:9, 429:3, 530:14, 532:9, 545:1, 548:7, 555:14, 581:20, 592:23 marker [3] - 554:8, 579:13, 597:24 Martin [1] - 418:9 Maryland [1] - 453:9 mass [1] - 505:16 Master [1] - 530:20 master[1] - 530:21 matches [1] - 456:17 materials [1] -543:11 Matt [2] - 421:24, 477:19 matter [4] - 434:19, 471:14, 544:17, 608:12 matters [1] - 411:2 maxes [1] - 454:21 maximize [2] -477:11, 505:15 maximum [2] -469:20, 495:19 McClure [1] - 535:1 McDermott [3] -421:10, 421:11, 474:22 McFadden [2] -421:16, 474:23 MCFADDEN [4] -421:18, 475:1, 476:7, 477:14 McFalls [2] - 418:22, 462:5 MCFALLS [2] -418:24, 462:7 McGuire [3] -548:20, 580:15

511:11, 544:14

McKenna [6] - 410:2, 410:5, 412:20, 529:24, 555:2, 602:23 MCKENNA [86] -409:2, 410:6, 410:18, 410:22, 411:1, 412:23, 413:13, 413:20, 417:5, 417:21, 418:3, 418:6, 418:9, 418:18, 418:22, 419:1, 419:4, 419:8, 419:11, 419:21, 420:24, 421:5, 421:19, 421:22, 422:6, 422:9, 425:9, 425:13, 426:22, 427:1, 427:7, 428:11, 440:3, 449:15, 449:18, 461:6, 461:11, 461:22, 462:1, 462:5, 462:8, 462:12, 462:16, 462:21, 467:2, 467:7, 467:13, 468:1, 471:21, 474:8, 474:14, 474:17, 474:20, 477:16, 477:19, 520:21, 521:1, 528:7, 528:15, 528:18, 528:22, 529:3, 529:6, 529:11, 531:16, 554:18, 554:23, 569:16, 581:14, 582:8, 588:3, 588:5, 588:12, 590:8, 591:18, 591:21, 592:13, 602:9, 602:20, 603:2, 603:6, 603:10, 603:12, 603:22, 604:3, 605:6 mean [15] - 457:7, 459:18, 487:3. 496:16, 500:22, 501:16, 527:13, 568:23, 575:19, 575:20, 581:9, 589:13, 591:14, 600:3 means [7] - 445:3, 486:9, 541:12, 542:24, 566:3, 566:16, 568:9 meant [1] - 603:15 meanwhile [1] mechanical [11] -430:11, 430:12, 435:21, 436:5, 446:15, 455:24, 457:17, 463:7, 464:18, 472:24,

490:16 mechanically [1] -471:8 medicines [1] -500:24 meet [6] - 457:4, 457:6, 490:22, 491:12, 536:21, 538:7 meeting [12] -468:17, 480:10, 526:23, 527:1, 529:20, 544:16, 560:16, 560:22, 560:24, 561:2, 578:18, 604:12 meetinghouse [6] -587:17, 593:8, 593:10, 593:12, 593:16, 597:5 Meetinghouse 191 -541:15, 551:11, 587:17, 592:22, 593:2, 594:1, 594:12, 596:5 meetings [1] -544:16 meets [2] - 507:9, 536:24 Megan [1] - 421:3 member[1] - 531:17 members [2] -532:17, 602:21 membrane [1] -499:5 mentioned [12] -441:23, 444:21, 459:4, 514:1, 518:10, 521:8, 534:1, 537:24, 558:7, 571:10, 574:14, 586:1 merit [1] - 563:20 Merit [1] - 608:8 metabolite [1] -501:12 metabolites [2] -501:3, 504:6 method [4] - 434:4, 434:5, 434:7, 434:8 methodology [1] -428:23 methods [4] -430:16, 433:12, 473:20, 565:3 Michael [7] - 537:21, 544:1, 555:5, 556:2, 574:11, 588:11, 596:16

MICHAEL [2] -

microbes [1] -

408:14, 409:5

458:20 microorganisms [3] - 430:3, 460:19, 460:21 microphone [4] -449:22, 450:1, 462:17, 462:23 microphones [1] -449:20 mid-1800s [1] -534:24 middle [2] - 452:7, 525:15 might [9] - 526:7, 559:10, 565:8, 566:1, 567:20, 571:16, 591:1, 598:5, 601:22 mike [3] - 422:10, 547:17, 553:18 Mike [1] - 409:23 mild [1] - 494:10 mile [1] - 527:6 Military [2] - 588:9, 607:16 military [2] - 580:20, 585:9 milligrams [7] -458:2, 458:5, 458:10. 458:13, 460:11, 469:9, 469:20 million [4] - 452:5, 452:14, 491:7, 491:8 millions [1] - 464:12 mimic [1] - 456:15 mind [4] - 410:15, 413:14, 462:17, 572:18 mini [1] - 514:6 minimize [1] -466:22 minimum [1] -465:21 minutes [2] - 582:17, 602:12 mischaracterize [1] -583:14 missing [2] - 535:18, 585:20 misspoke [1] -478:18 mistaken [1] - 585:7 mitigate [5] - 557:13, 557:20, 559:5, 565:3, 571:14 mitigated [1] -566:20 mitigation [8] -559:10, 559:12, 565:3, 565:8, 566:3, 568:15, 571:11,

571:16 mix [1] - 577:6 MLE [2] - 431:14, 434:2 moderately [4] -435:3, 437:18, 454:10, 484:7 modern [4] - 575:5, 576:20, 598:1, 600:11 Modified [5] -431:14, 432:5, 434:2, 452:13, 453:2 module [3] - 438:24, 443:15, 482:15 Moir [5] - 551:19, 552:18, 578:20, 580:19, 598:8 Moir's [1] - 544:22 moment [8] - 529:14, 553:11, 562:14, 565:17, 569:12, 582:6, 601:13, 601:16 money [1] - 541:7 monitor [2] - 469:15, 480:24 monitored [1] -470:8 monitoring [9] -459:11, 469:6, 469:13, 480:23, 481:3, 502:15, 526:6, 527:3, 527:14 month [1] - 604:14 monthly [1] - 505:10 months [6] - 435:14, 446:8, 446:20, 573:13, 573:14 morning[1] - 431:23 Moscharis [3] -419:18, 467:15, 528:14 most [19] - 415:16, 423:12, 445:22, 452:20, 452:22, 452:23, 472:7, 473:9, 482:9, 503:23, 526:15, 539:3, 541:4, 549:4, 552:5, 587:11, 587:14, 597:24 mostly [1] - 490:5 Mother [2] - 456:16, 458:19 mound [4] - 481:12, 481:16, 487:8, 504:12 mounding [8] -457:1, 480:20, 480:21, 480:22, 483:8, 483:23, 484:2, 496:11 mounds [1] - 477:6

move [5] - 561:3, 566:12, 586:7, 591:4, 592:24 moved [7] - 542:13, 565:23, 567:16, 567:17, 592:10, 599:12, 599:18 movement [9] -543:10, 550:15, 552:20, 565:24, 566:22, 579:1, 584:9, 584:11, 585:24 movements [8] -550:8, 553:1, 554:9, 577:4, 578:15, 583:4, 583:10, 591:1 moves [2] - 593:4, 596:20 moving [8] - 424:23, 543:8, 550:14, 571:10, 573:10, 592:5, 593:21, 604:10 mowed [1] - 445:4 mower [2] - 477:4, 497:9 MR [257] - 410:6, 410:17, 410:18, 410:20, 410:22, 410:24, 411:1, 412:19, 412:23, 413:5, 413:13, 413:16, 413:20, 413:21, 413:22, 417:3, 417:5, 417:21, 418:3, 418:5, 418:6, 418:8, 418:9, 418:17, 418:18, 418:21, 418:22, 418:24, 419:1, 419:3, 419:4, 419:6, 419:8, 419:11, 419:19, 419:21, 420:22, 420:24, 421:5, 421:18, 421:19, 421:22, 422:4, 422:6, 422:7, 422:9, 424:3, 424:13, 424:16, 424:23, 425:7, 425:9, 425:11, 425:13, 425:17, 426:2, 426:12, 426:22, 427:1, 427:7, 427:9, 427:18, 428:9, 428:11, 428:14, 428:15, 440:1, 440:3, 449:15, 449:18, 450:5, 451:19, 451:21, 461:5, 461:6, 461:10, 461:11,

461:20, 461:22,

461:24, 462:1, 462:4,

462:5, 462:7, 462:8, 462:11, 462:12, 462:14, 462:16, 462:18, 462:21, 462:24, 463:14, 464:20, 464:24, 465:10, 466:8, 466:12, 467:1, 467:2, 467:7, 467:11, 467:13, 467:23, 468:1, 468:9, 470:23, 471:20, 471:21, 472:7, 474:7, 474:8, 474:14, 474:17, 474:19, 474:20, 477:16, 477:19, 487:24, 488:11, 488:21, 489:3, 491:19, 491:23, 493:6, 494:6, 494:14, 494:18, 494:23, 495:4, 495:14, 495:22, 496:16, 498:9, 500:18, 501:5, 503:2, 503:11, 503:22, 504:10, 505:5, 505:8, 506:1, 506:23, 507:3, 507:23, 508:2, 509:2, 512:13, 512:16, 512:21, 513:5, 513:18, 513:19, 513:23, 514:24, 515:24, 516:7, 517:20, 517:24, 518:3, 518:9, 518:14, 518:21, 519:4, 519:19, 520:1, 520:13, 520:19, 520:21, 520:23, 521:1, 528:7, 528:13, 528:15, 528:17, 528:18, 528:21, 528:22, 529:2, 529:3, 529:6, 529:11, 529:23, 530:7, 531:12, 531:16, 531:23, 532:1, 547:18, 548:5, 554:16, 554:18, 554:23, 555:1, 555:4, 560:11, 562:13, 562:16, 562:17, 562:19, 562:21, 562:23, 569:16, 574:21, 574:24, 575:2, 581:11, 581:14, 581:16, 581:17, 581:22,

582:8, 582:18,

587:24, 588:3, 588:4,

590:13, 590:17, 591:7, 591:11, 591:18, 591:21, 592:7, 592:13, 592:19, 594:7, 594:14, 594:18, 602:7, 602:9, 602:17, 602:20, 602:22, 603:2, 603:4, 603:6, 603:9, 603:10, 603:11, 603:12, 603:14, 603:17, 603:19, 603:22, 604:1, 604:3, 605:5, 605:6 MS [62] - 417:19, 418:2, 419:10, 421:4, 421:21, 422:11, 422:15, 422:19, 423:10, 423:19, 424:2, 427:5, 440:7, 440:9, 449:14, 449:17, 467:6, 474:12, 474:16, 475:1, 476:7, 477:14, 477:18, 477:23, 478:14, 478:19, 480:1, 480:13, 482:1, 482:7, 482:12, 483:18, 484:12, 484:20, 485:3, 485:9, 485:14, 485:19, 485:22, 486:15, 487:2, 487:23, 508:24, 509:3, 510:7, 511:5, 511:16, 511:19, 512:6, 513:21, 514:1, 514:13, 514:17, 514:20, 514:23, 520:24, 521:3, 521:6, 528:6, 554:20, 591:8, 603:8 multiple [8] - 426:18, 431:17, 432:16, 433:23, 433:24, 434:23, 440:16 multiplied [2] -454:4, 454:5 multiply [1] - 437:23 municipal [8] -427:23, 455:17,

486:13, 487:13,

491:6, 506:10,

515:20, 517:13

508:17

Municipal [1] -

588:5, 588:8, 588:12,

588:13, 590:4, 590:6,

590:8, 590:10,

municipalities [5] 428:7, 441:24, 446:6,
508:5, 508:8
municipality [2] 441:24, 492:19
municipally [1] 486:4
Murnane [2] - 420:5,
468:1
Museum [1] - 574:5
must [1] - 483:8

# N

name [7] - 410:19, 417:9, 426:3, 530:9, 550:11, 588:6, 595:20 Nancy [1] - 580:16 narrating [1] -548:16 narration [1] -548:17 narrative [1] - 550:13 national [7] - 542:2, 545:8, 545:21, 546:18, 546:21, 546:22, 546:23 National [11] -532:24, 533:2, 536:21, 537:15, 538:7, 538:15, 553:24, 555:20, 556:8, 566:9, 574:8 natural [1] - 576:18 naturally [3] -456:19, 457:2, 458:18 nature [3] - 496:20, 502:19, 569:7 Nature [2] - 456:16, 458:20 near [6] - 517:21, 534:3, 537:11, 539:24, 546:18, 573:18 nearby [2] - 468:24, 550:15 nearest [1] - 516:18 necessarily [2] -558:15, 591:2 necessary [5] -425:4, 479:10, 558:14, 581:5 need [17] - 423:17, 423:21, 450:12, 482:19, 483:15, 483:19, 492:2, 509:11, 510:14, 511:8, 514:2, 519:5, 519:6, 562:24, 586:6, 591:23, 596:12

needed [2] - 488:14, 523:4 needs [5] - 445:1, 445:3, 445:5, 490:13, 518:17 negative [1] - 564:7 neighborhood [2] -472:21, 476:8 Neighbors [3] -409:9, 418:4, 450:2 neighbors [1] -476:11 network [1] - 469:13 never [9] - 464:16, 485:16, 485:23, 500:16, 505:2, 505:22, 519:13, 527:22, 581:7 New [22] - 518:1. 530:12, 533:20, 535:8, 536:8, 539:5, 543:2, 543:3, 547:4, 547:8, 547:24, 549:20, 550:22, 552:10, 552:15, 552:16, 553:5, 553:10, 553:17, 553:21, 553:22, 564:1 new [12] - 478:2, 492:4, 492:23, 499:14, 499:22, 500:8, 500:11, 564:2, 567:23, 567:24, 568:2, 578:20 newly [1] - 598:21 next [12] - 412:14, 499:14, 522:15, 526:21, 529:9, 529:22, 536:18, 539:20, 546:3, 582:16, 596:2, 604:14 nice [1] - 564:3 night[1] - 432:1 nitrates [2] - 430:7, 432:8 nitrification [5] -429:17, 430:6, 431:2, 432:7, 432:23 nitrites [2] - 430:7, nitrogen [18] - 430:8, 431:5, 445:6, 445:9, 445:11, 446:17, 457:8, 457:23, 458:3, 458:22, 459:4, 459:16, 460:6, 460:10, 469:8, 469:19, 489:15, 489:23

none [2] - 498:22,

556:6 norm [1] - 476:13 normal [1] - 559:14 normally [24] -441:3, 446:5, 447:2, 448:14, 459:7, 459:16, 459:22, 463:19, 465:6, 488:6, 501:18, 505:6, 505:16, 507:10, 507:14, 507:21, 514:7, 514:9, 515:17, 524:5, 525:17, 526:16, 527:19, 555:22 Norriton [1] - 506:14 north [14] - 424:8, 473:7, 537:20, 542:6, 546:17, 549:21, 549:22, 576:12, 590:21, 592:3, 592:4, 592:15 north-south [1] -592:15 northeast [5] -453:6, 516:13, 517:9, 523:13, 596:21 northwest [3] -422:24, 424:19, 553:8 northwestern [2] -415:14, 424:18 Notary [1] - 608:8 note [3] - 410:9, 421:12, 554:5 notes [2] - 550:15, 608:11 nothing [10] - 417:3, 420:10, 422:4, 425:11, 440:1, 449:14, 455:10, 550:12, 570:17, 586:5 notice [1] - 422:19 notified [1] - 412:7 notwithstanding [2] - 552:19, 556:7 nuisance [1] -521:16 null [1] - 602:2 number [16] -421:13, 422:21, 428:3, 441:2, 451:22, 461:13, 474:5, 483:15, 515:12, 522:21, 545:16, 555:17, 561:6, 562:11, 588:1, 602:24 numbers [1] - 470:15 numerous [2] -

452:4

0

O&M [1] - 506:24 o'clock [3] - 408:12, 582:11, 588:21 oath [2] - 425:23, 530:4 object [1] - 581:11 objection [3] - 427:5, 589:24, 603:22 objections [2] -427:3, 427:8 obligation[1] -469:11 obviously [2] -490:24, 534:11 occupied [1] -465:22 occur [10] - 431:22, 431:24, 443:20, 443:22, 448:10, 464:1, 483:11, 486:22, 550:4, 584:24 occurred [10] -553:2, 553:18, 554:10, 577:4, 584:23, 586:5, 587:3, 598:12, 598:16 occurring [4] -436:17, 436:22, 457:2, 578:14 occurs [8] - 431:2, 432:8, 432:10, 432:21, 432:23, 441:12, 526:9, 527:20 odors [8] - 447:20, 448:3, 521:11, 521:14, 521:22, 521:24, 522:1, 522:10 OF [6] - 408:1, 408:2, 606:14, 607:20, 608:5 offer [13] - 426:20, 489:4, 489:6, 559:3, 559:8, 565:5, 565:7, 566:20, 567:14. 568:13, 571:15, 590:13, 598:3 offered [4] - 450:10, 450:23, 450:24, 534:18 offering [1] - 531:14 office [1] - 569:3 offs [1] - 554:14 often [5] - 569:8, 585:19, 585:22, 598:19 okie [1] - 477:14 okie-dokie [1] -

477:14

old [1] - 566:12

older[1] - 536:23 on-ground [1] -514:5 on-lot [6] - 456:9, 456:10, 486:23, 487:7, 502:23, 504:11 on-site [3] - 416:23, 437:2, 471:4 On-Site [3] - 414:3, 509:6, 607:8 once [3] - 473:21, 490:19, 500:9 one [62] - 415:13, 418:14, 422:7, 424:3, 424:24, 425:2, 427:9, 430:21, 433:24, 440:21, 445:22, 450:7, 451:3, 453:15, 457:8, 459:16, 463:4, 464:24, 468:9, 470:5, 473:5, 474:6, 479:14, 479:16, 484:23, 504:13, 505:8, 506:23, 508:4, 508:11, 508:24, 511:19, 512:13, 513:3, 513:22, 515:12, 517:4, 518:11, 518:16, 519:2, 522:19, 523:3, 526:18, 534:4, 535:2, 537:11, 537:19, 541:18, 545:3, 548:20, 560:24, 564:1, 570:24, 571:13, 576:22, 579:19, 579:22, 580:2, 585:19, 587:18, 601:13, 603:11 ones [5] - 451:1, 451:5, 452:4, 524:17 ongoing [1] - 444:20 open [7] - 417:6, 440:4, 484:16, 500:3, 520:14, 553:7, 576:5 operate [8] - 439:19, 439:22, 440:21, 450:15, 450:21, 507:13, 512:15, 519:5 operated [5] -439:10, 439:11, 451:2, 451:5, 486:5 operates [2] -507:17, 508:1 operating [7] -433:22, 438:11, 438:14, 438:16, 440:18, 442:15, 507:20

445:16, 507:1, 507:8 operational [2] -442:24, 491:17 operator [8] -439:12, 446:4, 457:15, 476:17, 476:18, 507:17, 513:6, 513:7 opinion [16] -416:23, 433:11, 433:15, 433:19, 437:7, 437:12, 444:10, 452:18, 468:18, 484:11, 515:6, 564:10, 573:3, 580:13, 583:15, 600:18 opportunity [7] -487:5, 490:10, 490:19, 542:19, 560:3, 562:20, 577:14 optimize [2] -430:14, 441:11 option [2] - 441:19, 479:7 options [3] - 450:7, 453:2, 460:13 order [12] - 410:8, 435:11, 441:6, 443:24, 458:7, 471:18, 495:5, 495:24, 498:3, 509:24, 510:3, 554:5 orderly [1] - 599:24 ordinance [1] -569:24 ordinances [2] -520:6, 572:7 organization [1] -476:13 organize [2] - 533:9, 599:23 organized [2] -475:20, 476:11 orientation [1] -576:18 oriented [1] - 592:3 Osborne [2] - 542:5, 550:19 otherwise [2] -541:11, 578:24 outbuilding [1] -537:19 outbuildings [1] -539:17 outside [4] - 514:11, 520:15, 527:2, 604:21 over-designing [1] -492:14

operation [3] -

overall [3] - 416:3. 436:6, 442:16 overdosing [1] -526:18 overlay [1] - 425:1 overview [1] - 425:1 overviews [1] - 438:6 own [4] - 428:2, 450:8, 450:15, 531:7 owned [5] - 451:2, 451:5, 476:24, 486:4, 535:1 owner [3] - 451:3, 457:15, 498:6 owners [5] - 423:21, 479:2, 496:17, 541:7, 541:9 ownership [4] -455:17, 491:6, 507:5, 507:6 owns [1] - 451:4 oxidation [1] - 432:6 oxygen [5] - 430:4, 430:5, 432:22, 458:9, 459:7

# P

p.m [5] - 408:12, 588:21, 588:22, 604:5, 605:9 PA [6] - 408:8, 439:7, 439:21, 457:13, 460:2, 506:6 PAGE [1] - 607:20 page [18] - 561:4, 569:14, 569:15, 572:14, 582:7, 582:20, 588:18, 589:5, 589:23, 590:12, 590:14, 594:20, 594:21, 595:2, 595:14, 595:18, 607:16 pages [3] - 590:9, 597:16, 608:9 paid [1] - 507:18 paragraph [1] -509:9 parameters [9] -438:12, 438:14, 438:16, 457:5, 457:11, 457:12, 459:6, 459:14, 471:16 parcelled [1] - 539:5 parcels [3] - 534:3, 539:8, 539:9 parent [3] - 501:2, 501:11, 504:5 parenthesis [1] -

583:3 parking [1] - 566:7 part [26] - 424:8, 430:10, 443:12, 443:15, 443:18, 466:15, 479:14, 480:18, 482:15, 484:15, 495:6, 501:22, 502:2, 523:6, 536:16, 539:6, 539:9, 540:6, 541:1, 542:2, 542:13, 545:4, 557:16, 577:8, 597:3, 598:15 particular [11] -423:8, 443:5, 550:6, 558:2, 559:13, 559:16, 559:19, 571:17, 578:14, 579:2, 582:6 particularly [1] -529:16 particulars [1] -602:3 parties [6] - 411:22, 412:5, 427:1, 528:9, 531:18, 602:21 partly [2] - 540:3, 583:19 partner [3] - 428:1, 428:3, 554:20 parts [1] - 479:14 Party [2] - 606:21, party [20] - 411:13, 411:15, 411:16, 411:18, 417:13, 439:20, 451:1, 455:18, 470:14, 489:8, 491:6, 491:10, 498:7, 506:3, 507:4, 507:16, 517:14, 528:20, 606:22, 606:24 pass [1] - 504:5 passed [3] - 534:24, 535:3, 543:2 passive [4] - 448:13, 475:11, 523:22, 525:4 pat [2] - 428:9, 520:24 Patricia [2] - 421:16, 474:23 PATRICK [1] - 409:2 Patrick [1] - 410:2 Paul [3] - 412:21, 413:23, 606:4

PAUL [1] - 413:1

pave [1] - 525:17

Pavelchek [3] -

420:15, 420:16, 472:1 paying [1] - 476:16 pays [1] - 479:20 PC-1 [2] - 590:15, 607:16 peak [2] - 431:22, 431:24 Penn [1] - 530:22 Pennsbury [2] -411:5, 606:15 PENNSYLVANIA [1] - 408:3 Pennsylvania [16] -408:11, 426:7, 426:18, 428:6, 433:12, 433:17, 438:8, 438:10, 447:13, 451:13, 453:4, 453:8, 530:24, 535:12, 574:5, 608:1 people [17] - 421:13, 448:19, 449:5, 461:13, 473:9, 476:10, 476:21, 477:10, 485:11, 486:3, 489:11, 500:22, 517:14, 520:10, 526:2, 526:3, 533:5 people's [1] - 477:7 per [34] - 427:17, 434:16, 435:5, 437:18, 437:20, 437:23, 438:4, 441:3, 441:5, 452:3, 452:6, 453:22, 454:6, 454:7, 454:13, 455:2, 455:4, 458:3, 458:5, 458:10, 458:13, 460:11, 463:11, 469:9, 469:20, 482:22, 495:17, 495:18, 495:20, 497:3 percent [9] - 436:6, 438:2, 455:5, 488:8, 496:7, 496:9, 496:12, 499:12, 505:20 percentage [1] -505:18 percolation [2] -416:2, 416:14 perform [6] - 415:22, 428:20, 429:19, 430:6, 431:4, 484:1 performed [4] -415:23, 416:6, 422:18, 483:8 perhaps [2] - 569:3, 589:24 perimeter [1] -

516:18 period [3] - 436:1, 440:24, 490:8 periphery [1] - 542:1 permeabilities [1] -416:13 permeability [5] -416:1, 416:15, 422:20, 423:2, 456:13 permeable [1] -456:8 permit [7] - 438:18, 444:3, 444:14, 457:14, 490:7, 506:22 permits [2] - 438:7, 444:13 permitted [11] -411:22, 433:17, 433:20, 433:21, 451:13, 451:23, 453:12, 453:14, 453:15, 520:16, 569:23 permittee [2] -450:13, 450:16 permitting [3] -426:16, 426:20, 455:12 person [2] - 471:13, 484:21 personally [1] -429.8 perspective [7] -570:13, 571:2, 577:17, 577:23, 578:10, 578:21, 601:17 pervasive[1] -502:24 Peter [2] - 418:6, 461:8 pH [1] - 459:18 pharmaceutical [5] -485:17, 486:2, 487:6, 502:7, 515:23 pharmaceuticals [12] - 460:14, 460:18, 461:2, 485:4, 486:20, 487:19, 500:19, 502:15, 502:21, 503:6, 515:2, 515:8 pharmaceutics [3] -500:23, 501:12, 504:24 phase [1] - 517:15 Philadelphia [3] -548:23, 588:10, 607:17 Phillip [4] - 419:16, 420:17, 467:13, 472:3

phosphorus [1] -489:23 photocopies [1] -590:7 photographed [1] -538:17 phrased [1] - 564:7 physical [6] -523:15, 523:18, 526:20, 558:4, 564:19, 580:24 pick [2] - 456:5, 604:15 picked [1] - 502:14 piece [4] - 499:2, 499:6, 499:18, 524:8 pieces [1] - 589:11 Pike [1] - 426:6 pills [1] - 486:3 pin [1] - 433:4 PINGAR [16] -408:17, 513:19, 514:24, 515:24, 516:7, 517:20, 517:24, 518:3, 518:9, 518:14, 518:21, 519:4, 519:19, 520:1, 520:13, 520:19 Pingar [1] - 410:1 pink [3] - 582:24, 583:9, 584:2 pipeline [1] - 497:13 pipes [2] - 497:11, 499:10 piping [3] - 494:11, 499:18, 519:2 Pit [1] - 415:4 pit [2] - 415:10, 481:1 pits [5] - 415:16, 424:5, 424:7, 424:10, 483:7 place [18] - 470:7, 470:17, 470:20, 487:21, 489:1, 499:22, 503:15, 504:15, 533:5, 542:18, 566:23, 567:1, 571:21, 579:21, 584:23, 601:23 placed [3] - 424:4, 434:14, 470:17 placement [1] -423:24 Places [1] - 533:2 placing [1] - 579:12 Plains [1] - 530:12 plan [27] - 414:13, 423:5, 443:17, 450:9,

453:21, 489:4, 498:5, 508:18, 514:10, 547:1, 547:7, 547:8, Presbyterian [2] primarily [2] -507:8, 511:12, 513:9, 514:16, 515:13, 552:24, 557:5 418:23, 537:23 536:19, 580:15 513:10, 513:11, 515:15, 515:21, portions [2] -PRESENT[1] primary [6] - 452:16, 514:3, 514:13, 516:3, 516:17, 525:15, 577:19 408:17 516:12, 517:8, 514:16, 514:18, 516:18, 517:2, 517:6, positive [1] - 503:4 present [30] -534:17, 544:5, 580:10 514:21, 516:4, 516:9, 519:15, 521:13, possibility [5] -411:21, 418:11, principal [1] - 531:4 516:12, 523:3, 522:7, 522:24, 523:5 502:12, 579:1, 579:5, 420:14, 420:20, priorities [1] -526:14, 553:3, plants [5] - 450:19, 585:8, 600:7 421:2, 421:7, 421:9, 586:20 553:13, 567:6, 570:17 450:22, 495:10, possible [11] - 456:3, 422:1, 467:14, priority [4] - 587:2, Plan [1] - 415:5 503:18, 515:17 456:17, 458:16, 467:15, 467:16, 587:6, 587:14, 587:19 planned [3] - 475:14, plastic [1] - 499:3 461:16, 464:7, 467:17, 467:21, private [4] - 428:8, 602:4 play [2] - 475:6, 473:24, 486:9, 468:2, 468:3, 468:6, 470:21, 477:1, 541:7 planner [7] - 531:4, 475:18 518:17, 519:17, 471:23, 472:3, privately [1] - 451:2 531:10, 557:22. played [1] - 477:7 522:12, 601:20 474:11, 474:12, proactively [1] -559:15, 563:12, playing [3] - 449:1, possibly [2] -474:18, 474:21, 469:23 569:20 476:21, 476:22 518:15, 589:11 474:22, 477:20, probability [1] planning [21] pleases [1] - 426:13 post [7] - 431:9, 484:9, 544:15, 470:23 438:24, 443:15, pleasure [1] - 531:13 432:13, 433:5, 433:7, 560:16, 575:8, problem [7] - 448:16, 480:19, 482:15, 582:10, 595:9 plenty [2] - 423:7, 463:19, 464:8, 464:14 448:22, 464:16, 488:20, 492:6, 423:9 post-equalization presentation [4] -477:5, 502:24, 531:15, 531:22, plow [2] - 499:14, [2] - 431:9, 432:13 412:4, 412:18, 525:16, 598:11 538:21, 546:5, 547:2, 499:22 544:23, 551:20 post-tensioned [3] proceed [1] - 443:14 549:3, 554:2, 567:11, 463:19, 464:8, 464:14 presented [1] plowed [1] - 434:10 proceedings [2] -570:13, 571:3, 544:20 posted [1] - 605:1 plus [2] - 471:4, 410:5, 582:14 572:17, 577:17, preservation [19] -481:22 potential [3] -Proceedings [1] -577:23, 578:10, point [34] - 425:4, 521:24, 522:1, 554:5 530:21, 530:23, 605:8 601:17 531:3, 531:11, 449:19, 465:13, potentially [1] -Process [5] - 431:14, Planning [20] -531:15, 531:22, 469:23, 470:21, 519:7 432:18, 452:13, 453:3 409:6, 417:17, 427:6, 472:18, 475:16, Pottstown [1] -538:21, 540:21, process [33] - 430:1, 440:5, 531:8, 544:16, 549:2, 561:12, 479:23, 481:8, 430:6, 430:11, 551:20, 554:19, 481:16, 493:8, 499:2, 563:22, 563:24, power [5] - 463:6, 430:12, 430:22, 555:6, 560:5, 560:7, 499:4, 502:4, 516:8, 465:4, 466:5, 514:4, 572:7, 572:17, 431:2, 431:13, 560:16, 560:17, 528:8, 529:7, 540:4, 576:17, 577:17, 517:15 431:15, 432:3, 432:7, 561:9, 565:22, 547:13, 550:12, POWs [1] - 537:7 577:23, 578:9, 601:17 432:15, 432:19, 578:18, 580:16, 565:9, 568:11, 580:6, Preservation [1] practice [1] - 538:20 440:15, 441:7, 581:19, 583:7, 589:19 582:9, 582:17, 586:8, pre [2] - 473:1, 443:16, 451:10, PLANNING [1] -586:17, 587:7, preserve [4] - 541:5, 473:13 452:10, 452:15, 607:15 593:13, 594:11, 558:9, 561:18, 577:15 pre-cast [2] - 473:1, 452:20, 453:24, plans [10] - 472:11, 600:6, 602:11. preserved (8) -473:13 483:17, 486:16, 510:14, 539:22, 603:23, 605:3 541:14, 561:21, precast [3] - 463:19, 488:20, 496:10. 540:7, 540:12, 568:6, pointed [1] - 593:24 564:9, 564:11, 464:8, 464:14 500:20, 506:20, 568:7, 570:16, 588:2, 564:15, 570:6, 573:1, pointer [2] - 547:9, prefer[1] - 590:2 508:13, 508:15. 598:9 573:6 547:19 preferable [2] -508:20, 524:19, 577:2 Plant [3] - 429:7, police [1] - 409:23 preserving [2] -571:4, 577:18 processed [2] -451:16, 506:18 541:12, 552:24 poll [1] - 602:18 504:24, 506:20 preference [6] plant [50] - 429:15, pollutant [2] pressure [2] processes [7] -440:10, 440:14, 436:24, 442:20, 457:11, 459:5 434:17, 586:16 441:20, 464:5, 430:21, 432:16, 454:1, 455:24, Preston [2] - 427:24, pollutants [1] - 457:7 464:11, 602:12 433:16, 433:22, 457:17, 458:2, 459:9, 428:4 polluter[1] - 528:2 preferred [1] - 451:9 433:24, 440:11, 451:7 460:23, 465:20, presumed [1] - 521:1 polluting [1] - 527:6 Preliminary [3] processing [1] -466:1, 466:3, 471:10, prevent [8] - 436:17. pollution [2] - 528:4 414:3, 509:6, 607:8 489:21 472:24, 479:19, 436:21, 447:18, ponds [1] - 472:14 preliminary [6] produce [4] - 455:3, 479:24, 486:5, 486:6, 448:20, 455:11, poor[1] - 446:10 416:2, 423:14, 532:6, 535:16, 559:24 486:7, 486:14, 525:22, 600:4 popular [1] - 452:20 428:22, 437:1, 449:8 produced [3] -487:22, 490:16, prevents [1] - 447:6 population[1] -543:16, 543:18, 544:9 preparation [2] -492:6, 493:10, previous [5] - 416:5, 577:5 414:8, 552:20 produces [2] -493:16, 494:22, 422:18, 424:21, portable [1] - 547:16 452:24, 508:21 prepare [2] - 414:7, 498:20, 500:8, 425:5, 484:1 portion [10] - 415:18, 532:16 product [1] - 466:14 501:20, 506:3, previously [2] -424:15, 424:18, prepared [3] - 429:8, production [2] -

464:23, 598:3

412:22, 413:2

496:24, 513:16

506:13, 507:5,

479:19, 516:23,

products [1] - 501:2 Professional [1] -426:17 professional [10] -413:17, 426:11, 470:8, 470:10, 483:9, 483:10, 526:12, 527:10, 531:2, 540:20 professionals [1] -442:10 profile [2] - 415:23, 426:11 profiles [1] - 416:16 program [5] - 481:1, 484:24, 485:9, 487:21, 574:17 Program [2] - 544:8, 580:18 programmed [1] -526:17 programs [2] -486:10, 569:9 progression [1] -575:5 project [12] - 508:8, 509:8, 557:17, 557:18, 557:19, 558:2, 558:15, 559:16, 560:9, 564:18, 570:18, 571:17 projected [1] - 438:2 projects [2] - 444:9, 450:17 properly [2] - 456:8, 526:17 properties [10] -504:14, 533:19, 534:17, 535:11, 535:14, 541:5, 541:13, 541:18, 587:10, 587:15 property [106] -413:8, 413:19, 423:20, 424:9, 443:18, 448:11, 451:3, 451:4, 460:10, 469:12, 470:20, 479:2, 495:15, 516:14, 516:15, 521:20, 532:7, 532:13, 532:19, 533:5, 533:6, 533:9, 533:11, 533:12, 533:14, 533:16, 533:19, 533:21, 533:22, 534:18, 534:19, 534:20, 534:23, 535:5, 535:6, 535:7, 535:21, 536:8,

537:22, 538:3, 539:1, 539:2, 539:4, 539:12, 539:15, 540:16, 541:6, 541:9, 541:12, 542:6, 543:6, 543:7, 543:9, 543:10, 547:4, 547:7, 547:15, 547:23, 548:1, 548:4, 549:12, 550:14, 552:9, 552:11, 552:24, 554:10, 555:11, 555:18, 555:23, 556:11, 556:17, 557:5, 558:7, 559:19, 559:24, 561:13, 564:18, 565:24, 567:2, 567:15, 573:12, 575:21, 575:22, 576:2, 576:9, 576:12, 578:1, 578:14, 579:2, 579:10, 579:12, 579:16, 580:23, 581:4, 584:18, 585:10, 586:20, 587:1, 587:4, 589:7, 591:2, 595:16, 598:5, 598:17, 601:23, 601:24 property's [1] -538:11 proportion[1] -479:17 proposed [27] -414:12, 414:19, 415:12, 428:17, 429:13, 430:18, 434:5, 434:8, 435:2, 449:9, 450:9, 452:1, 472:23, 480:23, 516:19, 517:12, 522:16, 532:3, 552:23, 556:19, 557:3, 562:11, 563:7, 565:13, 569:14, 572:13, 572:19 proposes [1] - 509:8 proposing [4] -438:21, 520:12, 553:16, 561:18 proprietary [1] -432:19 Prospect [1] -530:11 protect [1] - 475:23 protection[1] -

576:16

Protection [8] -

433:13, 433:18,

438:9, 438:11,

[1] - 551:23 proven [1] - 447:8 provide [10] - 415:1, 429:16, 466:4, 493:18, 493:20, 519:16, 554:7, 554:13, 590:6, 590:16 provided [2] -544:13, 548:19 providing [1] -446:15 proximity [6] -468:13, 517:10, 576:7, 576:9, 578:2, 579:9 prudent [1] - 601:20 Prvze 131 - 420:21. 472:5, 474:9 PRYZE [3] - 420:22, 472:7, 474:7 PSI [1] - 434:17 Public [3] - 439:20, 439:24, 608:8 public [36] - 412:3, 441:17, 441:20, 442:3, 442:5, 442:17, 443:6, 443:18, 444:6, 444:10, 444:16, 445:14, 445:18, 449:10, 449:19, 478:7, 478:9, 478:13, 478:22, 479:4, 479:6, 479:12, 488:2, 488:3, 489:8, 492:19, 503:10, 503:14, 503:20, 505:4, 507:4, 511:23, 512:12, 515:5, 515:7, 572:9 PUC [7] - 451:1, 455:18, 470:14, 491:6, 491:10, 497:12, 498:7 pull [5] - 553:12, 554:14, 574:24, 579:13, 597:24 pull-off [2] - 579:13, 597:24 pull-offs [1] - 554:14 pulses [2] - 499:5, 499:6 pump [13] - 465:13, 465:17, 496:19, 496:24, 497:6, 513:10, 517:20,

518:5, 520:2, 521:23,

522:2, 522:7, 522:10

pumped [2] - 466:2,

470:12, 544:8, 545:5,

Protection/Chester

580:18

518:6 pumping [1] - 481:2 purchase [3] - 479:6, 479:13, 479:15 purchased [2] -534:19, 535:4 purchases [1] -479:18 Purestream [1] -432:19 purpose [6] - 416:3, 476:1, 477:10, 477:12, 480:21, 602:5 purposes [4] -548:19, 554:14, 592:13, 592:16 purview [3] - 557:16, 557:22, 559:14 pushed [1] - 553:22 pushes [1] - 553:9 put [18] - 438:20, 456:2, 456:16, 457:9, 471:14, 471:17, 477:3, 480:14, 497:6, 499:21, 501:24, 502:22, 522:15, 526:1, 550:3, 553:3, 553:14, 598:19 puts [1] - 470:7 putting [4] - 464:3, 471:10, 488:4, 567:23 Q

qualified [4] -413:18, 426:15, 453:16, 567:10 qualify [1] - 473:20 quality [7] - 438:17, 452:24, 457:14, 460:1, 490:7, 508:22, 604:7 Quarry [1] - 419:2 quarterly [5] -459:13, 459:22, 469:15, 489:9, 526:5 questions [95] -411:23, 417:7, 417:19, 418:1, 418:2, 418:5, 418:8, 418:17, 418:21, 418:24, 419:3, 419:7, 419:10, 419:20, 419:22, 419:23, 420:1, 420:3, 420:5, 420:9, 420:12, 420:13, 420:15, 420:16, 420:17, 420:19, 420:21,

qualifications [2] -

426:14, 531:14

420:23, 421:1, 421:3, 421:6, 421:8, 421:10, 421:17, 421:18, 421:20, 421:21, 422:1, 425:8, 427:2, 428:12, 440:4, 447:14, 449:16, 449:20, 449:24, 461:9, 461:10, 461:23, 462:2, 462:4, 462:6, 462:9, 462:13, 465:1, 467:5, 467:6, 467:8, 467:10, 467:12, 467:22, 467:23, 468:2, 468:6, 472:6, 474:13, 474:15, 474:16, 474:19, 474:24, 477:17, 477:18, 477:22, 488:1, 508:3, 513:20, 515:1, 516:1, 518:16, 520:20, 521:2, 528:8, 528:10, 531:18, 531:20, 554:17, 554:19, 576:16, 579:22, 601:15, 602:8, 602:15, 602:24, 603:7, 603:18 quick [2] - 468:10, 495:24 quickly [2] - 461:16, 494:9 quite [1] - 591:12 quote [1] - 538:12 quote-unquote [1] -

# R

538:12

R-A-X-T-O-N[1] -410:21 Radley [4] - 418:10, 418:11, 461:17, 599:19 rain [1] - 456:6 rainwater [3] -456:18, 456:20, 471:15 raise [3] - 457:1, 480:4, 480:6 ran [1] - 476:4 range [4] - 434:17, 452:5, 452:7, 452:8 rate [12] - 437:17, 437:20, 437:22, 439:3, 479:4, 481:20, 482:19, 482:21, 484:6, 484:10, 495:17, 510:3

rates [8] - 439:7, 442:23, 474:5, 479:1, 491:11, 491:15, 496:18, 509:22 rather [6] - 436:16, 533:12, 580:13, 590:4, 590:8, 590:9 raw [2] - 479:23, 518:4 re [4] - 490:10, 509:12, 509:13, 511:8 RE[1] - 408:7 re-evaluate [2] -509:12, 511:8 re-evaluation [2] -490:10, 509:13 reach [1] - 458:7 reactor [9] - 430:22, 440:15, 441:4, 451:9, 452:10, 452:19, 508:13, 508:15, 508:20 reactors [1] - 440:22 read [4] - 545:16, 569:17, 580:6, 581:12 reading [1] - 494:9 real [3] - 448:12, 462:22, 498:13 reality [1] - 495:9 realize [1] - 558:17 realizing [1] - 592:14 really [11] - 475:11, 483:14, 500:12, 500:14, 536:6, 541:9, 569:24, 578:13, 583:24, 594:21, 601:9 reason [24] - 435:20, 437:14, 440:15, 447:4, 449:3, 452:9, 452:21, 455:22, 456:5, 456:9, 463:20, 469:6, 469:8, 471:5, 473:16, 491:5, 508:21, 563:2, 563:9, 564:8, 569:19, 570:12, 572:17 reasons [1] - 515:11 rebuild [1] - 536:3 rebuilt [1] - 536:10 receive [1] - 441:13 received [2] - 551:3, 581:18 recent [2] - 423:12, 511:13 recently [2] - 471:3, recess [1] - 529:8 Recess [1] - 529:10 recipe [1] - 527:11

recommend [6] -

463:19, 495:11, 569:21, 570:3, 570:19, 570:24 recommendation [7] - 443:10, 443:11, 453:17, 521:8, 522:3, 524:22, 563:11 recommendations [1] - 568:14 recommended [8] -443:4, 465:20, 521:15, 546:7, 546:8, 548:2, 553:23, 560:8 recommending [2] -473:14, 522:9 recommends [2] -443:4, 565:22 reconfiguration [1] -511:11 reconnaissance [1] -598:24 record [23] - 410:9, 414:1, 425:20, 426:4, 426:10, 429:4, 514:12, 529:13, 530:9, 530:15, 532:10, 545:2, 545:12, 548:9, 562:14, 562:18, 562:20, 581:13, 591:22, 592:14, 592:17, 594:8, 608:9 recording [2] -410:13, 410:14 recreation [8] -448:13, 475:11, 475:15, 484:14, 484:17, 523:22, 525:5, 526:1 RECROSS [2] -521:5, 606:3 **RECROSS-EXAMINATION** [1] -521:5 rectangular [1] -523:13 red [1] - 551:9 REDIRECT [2] -413:4, 606:3 redirect [3] - 520:22, 520:23, 528:24 redistribute [1] -470:1 redone [1] - 509:17 reduce [7] - 430:5, 440:19, 441:2, 441:5, 458:8, 458:11, 557:13 reduced [3] - 432:7, 432:23, 481:20

reducing [1] - 505:16

reductions [1] -489:23 reevaluate [1] -511:15 refer[1] - 509:5 reference [6] -414:24, 478:6, 478:13, 510:9, 574:10, 595:3 referenced [1] -480:10 referring [2] - 503:9, 588:7 regard [9] - 558:6, 559:9, 559:19, 561:11, 565:14, 568:14, 571:19, 574:16, 581:19 regarding [2] -540:17, 550:8 regardless [1] -582:11 Regiment [1] -542:23 regional [4] - 439:16, 439:17, 439:18, 519:15 Register [10] -532:24, 533:2, 536:22, 537:16, 538:8, 538:15, 555:20, 556:8, 566:10, 574:8 Registered [2] -426:17, 608:7 regulated [1] -439:20 regulations [6] -489:13, 489:20, 490:3, 507:9, 518:17, 572:7 regulatory [5] -438:6, 455:13, 490:23, 490:24, 520:16 rehabilitated [1] -569:10 rehabilitation [2] -571:20, 571:24 rehash [1] - 545:17 Reichert [2] -421:24, 477:20 Reicherts [1] - 422:1 relative [2] - 589:6, 598:5 relatively [3] -414:19, 423:6, 564:2 released [1] - 448:7 relevant [1] - 551:17

relied [1] - 490:18

rely [3] - 455:23, 456:1, 511:2 relying [4] - 446:16, 456:10, 471:6, 490:15 remain [3] - 539:18, 539:20, 540:6 remediated [1] -528:3 remedied [1] -527:21 remember [1] -459:15 remind [1] - 411:24 reminding [1] -413:14 removal [1] - 446:18 remove [1] - 498:8 removed [6] - 445:6, 445:10, 481:19, 496:8, 497:24, 561:24 removing [2] - 433:3, rendering [1] -553:13 renovation [2] -571:19, 571:24 rental [5] - 442:15, 442:23, 479:3, 491:14, 507:19 repave [1] - 497:14 repeat[1] - 562:24 repetitive [1] -448:17 rephrase [1] - 568:19 replace [2] - 499:18, 513:9 replaced [3] -435:24, 455:19, 535:22 replacement [2] -499:17, 513:9 replacing [3] -513:10, 513:11, 513:12 report [27] - 414:2, 415:3, 424:22, 425:2, 425:5, 428:24, 437:2, 437:3, 440:12, 451:8, 459:23, 460:2, 470:9, 494:7, 497:20, 505:11, 505:13, 509:5, 510:11, 510:18, 510:21, 511:6, 511:7, 511:16, 532:10, 538:16, 561:20 Report [3] - 429:6,

509:5, 607:13

408:23, 451:17,

REPORTER [5] -

466:10, 607:20, 608:5 Reporter [1] - 608:8 reports [1] - 424:24 represent [1] -441:23 representing [1] -428:6 require [5] - 443:22, 455:5, 489:21, 498:5, 519:14 required [22] -429:11, 435:12, 435:18, 457:17, 459:21, 460:9, 465:21, 469:9, 469:17, 480:20, 482:11, 483:1. 491:12, 497:19, 503:19, 506:6. 506:12, 511:3, 511:6, 517:16, 520:5, 527:10 requirement [3] -455:13, 457:4, 459:23 requirements [5] -439:23, 439:24, 480:19, 481:14, 491:13 requires [1] - 454:24 research [2] -580:11, 583:16 researched [1] -541:22 reserve [3] - 494:4, 518:24, 603:5 residence [5] -470:22, 521:10, 522:8, 539:14, 569:5 resident [1] - 477:2 residential [7] -454:1, 455:3, 517:11, 517:12, 522:16, 569:2 residents [15] -442:14, 478:4, 478:21, 479:2. 487:18, 491:7, 491:15, 496:19, 497:1, 497:5, 521:17, 521:20, 522:5, 524:2, 524:7 Resolution [2] -411:6, 606:15 resource [15] -532:21, 538:22, 558:10, 558:23, 559:1, 559:13, 565:20, 565:23 566:1, 566:4, 567:8, 568:24, 569:1, 571:12, 580:10

resources [34] -

440:44 500:40
412:11, 532:13,
532:22, 532:23,
533:18, 533:20,
534:12, 534:15,
534:17, 535:14,
535:19, 536:20,
555:10, 555:22,
556:24, 557:2,
557:21, 558:4,
561:12, 561:15,
561:17, 561:21,
563:15, 563:19,
563:21, 564:19,
564:21, 564:24,
568:13, 568:21,
570:5, 571:5, 571:20,
576:18
respect [8] - 480:2,
524:16, 540:21,
543:12, 544:20,
552:24, 554:9, 568:8
responsibility [1] -
507:7
responsible [1] -
529:17
rest [1] - 542:3
restriction [1] -
573:7
restrictions [2] -
524:16, 525:3
result [8] - 423:1,
423:11, 437:24,
448:22, 454:12,
491:13, 498:4, 509:14
<b>results</b> [4] - 416:9,
416:14, 442:13,
442:21
442:21
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] -
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] -
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9 reused [3] - 540:13,
442:21 resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9 reused [3] - 540:13, 573:2, 573:5 reusing [1] - 568:20
resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9 reused [3] - 540:13, 573:2, 573:5 reusing [1] - 568:20 reveal [1] - 526:8
resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9 reused [3] - 540:13, 573:2, 573:5 reusing [1] - 568:20 reveal [1] - 526:8 reveals [1] - 527:15
resume [1] - 530:16 retain [2] - 464:6, 577:18 retained [8] - 428:19, 464:7, 532:5, 564:17, 564:20, 568:12, 570:9, 570:23 retention [2] - 472:13, 561:11 retreat [2] - 599:12, 599:24 retreating [1] - 601:7 returned [1] - 436:23 reuse [7] - 540:9, 568:24, 569:2, 570:5, 570:20, 571:4, 571:9 reused [3] - 540:13, 573:2, 573:5 reusing [1] - 568:20 reveal [1] - 526:8

497:14, 524:6,

567:20, 589:14,

530:12, 533:22,

542:7, 542:10,

542:15, 542:16,

550:21, 550:23,

551:12, 552:22,

562:3, 576:11,

576:13, 584:16,

591:20, 592:5,

592:10, 593:11,

596:8, 596:17,

599:10, 599:11,

roadway [2] -

558:14, 565:18

rob [1] - 410:1

ROBERT [2] -

Robert [7] - 420:11,

427:24, 428:4, 468:7,

530:10, 606:9, 607:2

549:13, 550:3, 550:7,

Robertson [7] -

543:17, 548:12,

Robinson [2] -

548:10, 548:11

551:1, 607:6

408:17, 530:2

599:19

Road [24] - 408:11,

597:13

```
438:23, 510:20,
                             Robinsons [1] -
543:11, 560:3,
                            535:4
562:15, 580:20,
                             room [5] - 493:16,
581:19
                            518:15, 518:18,
 Review [1] - 606:18
                            519:6, 520:14
 reviewed [7] - 437:1,
                             root [1] - 436:19
443:23, 460:3,
                             rotate [2] - 549:8,
470:10, 483:9,
                            591:8
543:12, 551:16
                             roughly [4] - 531:8,
 reviews [1] - 438:6
                            553:20, 553:23, 584:9
 Revolution [1] -
                             round [1] - 435:15
534:21
                             Route [8] - 473:7,
 Revolutionary [1] -
                            516:14, 517:10,
548:22
                            517:13, 534:3,
 RGA [3] - 530:11,
                            593:11, 594:5, 594:17
531:5, 607:3
                             routinely [1] - 522:7
 ride [1] - 598:24
                             rubber [1] - 499:6
 ridge [1] - 596:22
                             ruin [1] - 539:7
 rights [1] - 572:10
                             rule [5] - 474:6,
 rights-of-way [1] -
                           493:17, 494:2, 496:8
572:10
                             Run [3] - 418:10,
 rip [4] - 499:13,
                           418:11, 461:17
499:24, 500:3, 500:6
                             run [3] - 436:15,
 rise [2] - 596:4,
                           461:14, 465:16
596:7
                             running [2] - 468:19,
 risen [1] - 505:3
                           468:21
 rises [1] - 431:8
                             runs [2] - 448:23,
 River [1] - 587:21
                           596:23
 RMR [1] - 408:23
                             Rustin [1] - 604:6
 road [6] - 497:13,
```

#### S

safe [1] - 469:10 safety [7] - 454:15, 454:23, 455:1, 455:5, 455:6, 458:6 sake [1] - 449:19 sample [1] - 459:22 sand [3] - 477:6, 487:8, 504:12 Sandy [2] - 541:15, 587:18 sanitary [4] - 412:11, 478:7, 478:9, 497:11 sanitation [1] -466:14 save [3] - 412:1, 539:1, 558:11 Saved [2] - 588:10, 607:18 saved [3] - 539:4, 540:10, 600:9 saw [3] - 542:19, 543:22, 595:21 SBR [1] - 441:7 SBRs [1] - 434:1 scare [1] - 600:18 scattered [2] - 551:8, 551:10 scenario [2] - 484:5,

487:13 scenic [1] - 587:12 scheduled [2] -582:13, 604:13 school [1] - 462:3 School [3] - 408:10, 418:19, 529:15 Schwandt [2] -608:7, 608:19 SCHWANDT [1] -408:23 science [1] - 455:7 Science [1] - 530:20 scientist [3] -454:18, 483:6, 496:1 scientists [1] - 460:4 scope [6] - 449:11, 558:13, 575:6, 575:13, 579:14, 583:17 Scott [10] - 412:21, 413:6, 413:14, 413:16, 417:4, 417:20, 420:13, 425:14, 471:23, 606:4 SCOTT [1] - 413:1 scour[1] - 436:16 se [1] - 427:17 seal [1] - 608:15 Sean [6] - 544:22, 551:19, 552:18, 578:20, 580:19, 598:8 seasonal [4] - 481:5, 481:12, 481:22, 483:3 seasons [1] - 500:10 second [8] - 421:15, 431:13, 461:14, 468:18, 480:1, 509:4, 511:21, 516:22 Second [1] - 537:7 secondary [2] -544:5, 580:11 section [2] - 509:5, 594:22 sectionalized [1] -499:9 see [23] - 424:6, 469:24, 472:11, 473:7, 473:8, 497:22, 511:17, 514:3, 525:9, 534:13, 536:2, 536:20, 538:16, 554:14, 561:5, 565:15, 577:23, 578:3, 582:22, 592:23, 593:4, 594:23, 595:4 seepage [1] - 494:23 sees [3] - 417:12,

506:18, 506:19

selected [2] -452:10, 479:7 selection [1] - 464:8 sell [1] - 541:11 SEMON [2] - 549:10, 591:7 senior[1] - 531:10 sensitive [1] -520:15 sentence [1] - 596:2 separate [2] - 539:8, 539:9 separated [1] - 534:3 separation [1] -521.9 September [3] -542:8, 574:10, 588:11 septic [4] - 468:16, 487:10, 504:11, 504:12 septics [1] - 468:24 sequential [11] -430:22, 440:15, 440:22, 451:9, 452:10, 452:19, 508:7, 508:9, 508:13, 508:14, 508:19 series [3] - 459:14, 481:1, 544:9 serpentine [2] -537:13, 562:8 Serpentine [1] -468:15 served [1] - 574:15 serves [1] - 475:24 service [3] - 429:12, 443:19, 491:18 set [6] - 438:11, 499:8, 533:1, 542:14, 582:16, 608:15 setback [2] - 516:19, 516:20 setbacks [1] -423:20 setting [5] - 533:4, 534:15, 538:13, 550:19, 556:17 settle [1] - 441:13 settled [1] - 432:11 settles [1] - 431:7 settling [1] - 431:6 seven [4] - 433:23, 434:1, 469:22, 512:4 several [5] - 472:10, 533:3, 543:24, 548:3, 574:3 sewage [5] - 412:11, 434:5, 480:19, 488:20, 518:5

Sewer [3] - 506:15,

508:17 sewer [35] - 441:17, 441:20, 442:3, 442:5, 442:15, 442:17, 442:23, 443:2, 443:6, 443:18, 444:6, 444:11, 444:16, 445:14, 449:10, 450:8, 478:7, 478:10, 478:13, 478:22, 479:1, 479:3, 479:4, 479:6, 479:12, 488:2, 488:3, 488:18, 491:11, 491:14, 492:20, 497:11, 507:19, 511:24, 512:12 share [1] - 479:18 shared [1] - 478:3 sheet [1] - 415:6 shift [2] - 601:20 shoehorn [1] -519:12 **shopping** [3] - 566:7, 566:11, 566:12 **short** [3] - 578:7, 579:11, 580:23 shortfall [1] - 507:12 show [12] - 413:11, 413:23, 426:8, 429:2, 530:13, 532:8, 543:7, 543:8, 543:10, 544:24, 548:6, 596:9 showed [2] - 505:11, showing [4] - 545:5, 547:22, 578:14, 596:12 shown [8] - 423:5, 424:12, 424:18, 505:4, 514:14, 514:16, 516:4, 516:5 shows [4] - 545:7, 553:4, 579:3, 584:15 shut[1] - 581:8 side [14] - 423:21, 507:15, 516:19, 517:5, 537:20, 546:17, 550:21, 552:15, 552:16, 552:21, 592:3, 593:14, 593:17 sign [1] - 533:23 significance [5] -534:5, 534:14, 538:4, 554:6, 574:1 significant [4] -442:22, 487:5, 510:22, 550:3 significantly [9] -

444:11, 444:18, 445:15, 452:11, 460:1, 482:4, 486:22, 487:12, 487:14 similar [3] - 444:9, 492:17, 513:2 simply [3] - 487:9, 584:11, 590:1 single [1] - 532:21 Single [1] - 432:18 sink [1] - 460:15 sit [1] - 566:21 site [26] - 414:11, 415:11, 415:14, 415:16, 415:19, 416:8, 416:23, 417:1. 422:23, 423:2, 434:19, 436:1, 437:2, 438:3, 465:3, 465:7, 465:9, 465:17, 465:19, 465:23, 465:24, 466:23, 471:4, 484:9, 517:19, 543:17 Site [3] - 414:3, 509:6, 607:8 sites [1] - 422:20 sits [3] - 537:21, 596:5, 596:19 situated [1] - 414:18 situation [5] -441:22, 442:6, 452:17, 463:1, 527:14 six [4] - 424:12, 447:3, 454:2, 469:22 sizable [1] - 463:17 size [5] - 465:1, 499:11, 513:2, 518:22, 538:23 sized [3] - 434:12, 465:15, 505:14 skinny [1] - 523:8 Skippack [3] - 426:6, skirmish [5] - 579:4, 583:10, 584:12, 598:7, 598:18 skirmishers [2] -597:11, 598:18 skirmishes [3] -583:5, 585:8, 596:6 SKROS [1] - 474:19 Skros [3] - 421:6, 421:7, 474:18 skupp [1] - 419:23 Skupp [2] - 419:24, 467:17 slight [1] - 596:20 slightly [2] - 433:3,

492:14

slower [1] - 422:20 sludge [17] - 429:14, 429:23, 429:24, 431:7, 452:23, 501:23, 502:2, 502:9, 505:9, 505:13, 505:16, 506:2, 506:8, 506:19, 513:16, 515:17, 515:22 Sludge [1] - 432:18 small [12] - 423:6, 433:4, 436:5, 463:3, 468:14, 504:2, 504:18, 539:17, 539:23, 547:7, 547:8, 589:8 smaller [3] - 415:17, 423:17, 436:3 snow [1] - 505:23 Sobers [3] - 420:13, 420:14, 471:23 soccer [3] - 449:1, 475:6, 475:20 sodium [1] - 494:16 soil [17] - 415:23, 415:24, 416:12, 416:16, 428:22, 434:10, 435:4, 460:4, 464:10, 471:11, 471:12, 471:13, 481:24, 483:6, 483:22, 509:16 soils [33] - 413:9, 413:18, 416:11, 429:19, 435:6, 435:9, 435:10, 437:15, 437:17, 437:19, 437:22, 446:17, 454:11, 454:17, 454:18, 456:2, 456:4, 456:11, 456:14, 458:14, 458:15, 458:17, 458:18, 463:4, 471:6, 482:21, 484:8, 486:17, 490:17, 490:18, 496:1, 496:11, 500:12 sold [1] - 534:24 soldiers [1] - 599:5 sole [2] - 476:1, 477:12 solely [6] - 429:20, 449:11, 478:12, 479:7, 490:16, 599:9 Solicitor [1] - 410:3 solid [2] - 545:18, 545:20 solids [7] - 431:6, 432:11, 433:3, 433:4,

436:16, 458:12, 459:8

sometimes [1] -569:8 somewhat [1] -558:16 somewhere [2] -470:2, 518:3 son [1] - 535:1 soon[1] - 535:5 sorry [24] - 414:21, 414:23, 422:9, 427:9, 451:17, 453:11, 466:10, 466:12, 493:7, 509:1, 512:13, 513:21, 528:11, 545:6, 545:15, 548:11, 558:8, 562:13, 563:17, 569:15, 583:3, 588:14, 589:14, 595:19 sort [6] - 511:8, 534:1, 579:18, 589:16, 594:15, 596:19 sound [2] - 529:17, 604:7 sounds [3] - 465:1, 482:2, 487:20 source [2] - 458:22, 541:8 sources [2] - 497:23, 498:7 south [23] - 424:16, 516:23, 516:24, 535:8, 537:23, 542:9, 542:16, 550:20, 551:13, 552:21, 568:4, 576:11, 592:9, 592:10, 592:15, 593:2, 593:8, 594:4, 594:8, 594:12, 596:17, 597:13, 599:10 South [1] - 518:1 southeast [1] -584:17 southeastern [2] -415:15, 424:15 southern [1] -523:11 southwest [3] -553:6, 584:18, 584:19 space [5] - 484:16, 518:24, 520:14, 553:8, 554:13 Spackman [4] -

soluble [1] - 502:11

417:12, 446:1, 470:5,

477:3, 498:15, 549:5

someone [7] -

419:4, 462:12, 462:21, 467:3 SPACKMAN [11] -419:6, 462:14, 462:18, 462:24, 463:14, 464:20, 464:24, 465:10, 466:8, 466:12, 467:1 speaking [2] -576:15, 596:15 specialist [1] - 480:9 specific [7] - 430:16, 477:10, 505:1, 551:4, 551:6, 568:7, 576:16 specifically [7] -446:1, 485:11, 522:19, 550:10, 550:13, 551:1, 571:17 specified [1] -535:11 spell [1] - 410:18 spilling [1] - 552:11 split [1] - 597:3 sporadically [1] -503:17 spray [2] - 448:1, 502:17 spread [3] - 442:21, 478:1, 523:10 springhouse [7] -535:24, 539:12, 539:18, 561:22, 561:23, 562:2, 562:4 spun [2] - 549:23, 549:24 square [3] - 522:22, 523:8, 549:14 stable [2] - 564:1, 564:3 staff [2] - 445:23, 460:3 stand [3] - 547:13, 566:21, 605:7 standard [2] -492:23, 515:21 standards [9] -457:6, 490:6, 490:8, 490:11, 490:23, 490:24, 492:5, 538:8 standpoint [3] -452:23, 525:8 start [9] - 412:18, 440:17, 440:20, 441:6, 442:11, 483:13, 496:10, 497:21, 553:9 start-up [3] - 440:17, 441:6, 442:11 started [5] - 409:14, 447:15, 508:13,

534:16, 600:23 starting [2] - 452:2, 481:8 state [7] - 426:3, 530:8, 537:16, 550:7, 585:17, 586:9 State [2] - 530:23, 535:12 statement [4] -479:1, 519:8, 520:3, 590:24 statements [2] -412:1, 412:3 states [3] - 453:10, 510:7, 510:8 station [7] - 465:13, 517:20, 518:5, 520:2, 522:2, 527:24, 528:3 stations [3] - 521:23, 522:7, 522:10 status [8] - 411:13, 411:15, 411:16, 411:18, 606:21, 606:22, 606:23, 606:24 stay [3] - 475:7, 566:15, 595:19 stayed [1] - 601:1 steel [1] - 464:15 stench [1] - 472:19 stenographic [1] step [3] - 480:22, 501:15, 559:3 Stephen's [9] -590:20, 593:5, 593:7, 594:23, 599:14, 599:16, 599:21, 600:10 still [6] - 416:23, 456:7, 456:8, 471:14, 597:23, 600:19 Stirling's [1] - 599:18 stomach [2] -460:19, 504:2 stone [1] - 536:5 stop [2] - 455:21, 476:19 stopgap [1] - 470:7 stopped [1] - 601:9 storage [11] -431:12, 433:8, 435:17, 472:23, 473:6, 473:11, 473:14, 473:16, 473:17, 473:22 store [2] - 435:19 stored [2] - 432:2, 436:1 stormwater [1] -

489:13 story [1] - 557:15 stream [5] - 493:24, 501:9, 515:4, 516:24, Streams [1] - 528:5 streams [5] - 465:12, 468:19, 468:21, 527:18, 527:21 Street [36] - 518:1, 533:20, 533:22, 535:9, 536:8, 539:5, 542:7, 542:10, 542:16, 543:3, 547:5, 547:8, 547:24, 549:20, 550:22, 552:10, 552:15, 552:16, 552:21, 553:5, 553:10, 553:17, 553:21, 553:22, 562:3, 564:1, 576:11, 576:13, 584:16, 591:19, 592:5, 592:10, 596:17, 599:10 street [3] - 468:14, 566:7, 567:24 stricter[1] - 489:20 strike [1] - 435:22 strikes [1] - 464:22 stringent [1] -490:11 stripped [1] - 448:3 structural [1] -572:22 structure [7] -463:16, 514:6, 534:6, 534:7, 536:5, 538:2, 569:7 structures [15] -488:13, 532:19, 533:8, 534:8, 538:2, 538:24, 540:9, 555:17, 555:19, 556:6, 559:23, 572:1, 572:8, 573:11, 607:3 stud [1] - 537:4 studied [4] - 558:21, 566:24, 568:6, 568:7 studies [1] - 544:9 study [15] - 423:12, 541:2, 544:3, 544:12, 546:7, 551:23, 555:10, 556:4, 565:12, 574:22, 575:7, 575:12, 575:24, 580:15 Study [1] - 545:5 style [1] - 493:15 sub [6] - 436:4,

436:10, 439:2, 439:6, 499:1, 594:5 subject [4] - 492:20, 544:17, 564:11, 570:2 submitted [2] -510:14, 526:12 subsequently [2] -534:23, 536:12 subsidize [1] -507:15 subsidized [1] -478:21 substantial [1] -424:20 subterranean [1] -448:6 sudden [1] - 497:15 sue [1] - 585:16 sufferages [2] -585:17, 586:2 sufficient [8] - 437:8, 492:7, 496:2, 509:19, 517:5, 520:14, 602:15, 602:24 suggest [4] - 440:12, 442:4, 523:23, 560:19 suggested [2] -458:11, 566:11 suggesting [2] -469:2, 518:4 suggestions [1] -568:14 suggests [1] -561:10 suitable [4] - 416:11, 416:13, 416:15, 437:8 Sullivan's [1] -599:17 summer [1] - 447:2 sump [2] - 496:19, 497.6 sunlight[1] - 473:17 supernatant [2] -431:8, 432:12 supervise [1] - 414:7 SUPERVISORS [2] -408:1, 606:14 Supervisors [4] -409:2, 409:20, 413:7, 560:5 supplement [2] -416:5, 422:17 Supplemental [3] -414:3, 415:4, 607:8 supplemental [3] -416:19, 416:22, 437:2 supply [5] - 427:19, 503:1, 503:15, 503:20, 505:4

support [2] - 443:9,

supposed [1] -476:15 surface [2] - 447:19, 481:17 surrounded [1] -464:10 surrounding [2] -469:6, 577:19 survey [1] - 497:13 suspended [2] -458:12, 459:8 Swath [1] - 583:2 swath [4] - 583:9, 583:24, 589:18, 589:21 sweat [1] - 501:1 Swimming [2] -419:2, 462:9 swing [1] - 589:16 swinging [1] -589:11 sworn [6] - 412:22, 413:2, 425:19. 425:23, 530:1, 530:4 System [1] - 429:8 system [70] - 423:15, 424:1, 429:16, 429:18, 436:7, 436:13, 438:7, 438:12, 438:15, 438:22, 442:2, 442:3, 444:1, 444:4, 444:6, 444:17, 444:21, 445:20, 446:2, 446:8, 446:12, 449:10, 451:14, 453:19, 455:23, 460:12, 460:16, 464:19, 465:1, 465:4, 465:8, 466:7, 466:19, 469:1. 469:24, 471:4, 471:5. 478:8, 478:10. 479:10, 479:12, 480:14, 480:16, 485:6, 485:20, 486:23, 486:24, 487:7, 487:13, 487:20, 488:4, 488:23, 489:6, 490:2, 492:20, 495:19, 496:22, 498:6, 502:7, 502:11, 504:12, 507:18, 514:2, 515:5, 515:7, 515:8, 522:20, 527:24, 529:17 systems [16] - 434:3, 439:9, 451:23,

443:11

444:19

supported [1] -

453:12, 453:15, 455:15, 456:10, 458:11, 460:13, 468:16, 489:1, 492:3, 496:20, 502:23, 527:6, 589:15

Т table [13] - 457:2, 459:20, 466:24, 480:5, 480:6, 480:24, 481:5, 481:7, 481:12, 481:19, 481:22, 483:3, 527:7 take-back [1] -484:24 tall [1] - 446:23 tank [16] - 431:9, 431:20, 432:2, 432:6, 432:13, 433:8, 435:18, 440:19, 440:23, 463:20, 465:16, 473:1, 473:13, 473:22, 487:10, 505:19 tanks [7] - 431:17. 464:9, 464:14, 464:15, 472:10, 491:24, 513:12 tap [3] - 479:14, 479:15, 479:16 tap-in [3] - 479:14, 479:15, 479:16 target [1] - 586:21 Tavern [11] - 537:12, 538:1, 539:19, 556:7, 557:3, 557:6, 558:7, 558:20, 559:6, 565:15, 567:15 Taverns [1] - 565:20 tax [1] - 569:9 tear[1] - 499:7 technical [1] -556:15 technologies [3] -492:16, 492:17, 492:19 technology [6] -447:11, 491:2, 491:3, 492:24, 519:11, 519:21 temperature [2] -459:18, 463:21 temperatures [1] -446:10 ten [15] - 447:15, 457:24, 458:2, 458:9, 458:13, 460:11, 469:9, 481:6, 481:7,

481:11, 481:22,
489:15, 489:16,
492:2, 512:4
ten-year [3] - 481:6,
481:11, 481:22
tenant [3] - 537:20,
539:22, 556:2
tensioned [3] -
463:19, 464:8, 464:14
term [2] - 442:13,
556:15
terms [10] - 444:12,
448:9, 522:22,
533:10, 541:5, 549:2,
553:17, 558:11,
598:13, 603:12
test [19] - 414:11,
415:10, 415:16,
416:14, 422:20,
424:4, 424:7, 424:10,
459:14, 482:16,
482:17, 483:6, 503:4,
503:5, 503:6, 503:7,
503:18, 503:19, 511:9
Test [2] - 408:10,
415:4
tested [9] - 414:12,
459:13, 482:10,
503:3, 503:4, 503:8,
503:10, 503:16
testified [17] - 413:3,
425:24, 454:8, 482:5,
485:6, 485:7, 495:15,
496:2, 498:10,
500:18, 516:3, 530:5,
552:1, 559:9, 564:23,
565:17, 590:5
testify [4] - 412:21,
425:18, 530:1, 604:22
testifying [3] -
404:01 404:40 406:0
484:21, 494:10, 496:3
testimony [21] -
413:6, 417:7, 510:23,
529:4, 561:24,
564:10, 570:3, 570:7,
570:9, 575:11,
575:15, 581:2,
582:12, 583:2, 583:6,
583:15, 585:6,
586:24, 597:23,
603:1, 604:18
testing [20] - 413:9,
413:18, 415:21,
416:2, 416:4, 416:10,
416:20, 416:22,
422:12, 460:5, 471:9,
483:14, 483:22,
489:9, 489:10, 510:6,
526:5, 526:7, 527:16
tests [2] - 459:6,

481:2
text [9] - 548:8,
574:11, 587:23,
588:18, 590:1,
590:15, 594:19, 594:22, 607:7
texture [1] - 415:24
THE [112] - 408:1,
408:2, 409:13,
422:13, 422:16,
423:3, 423:13, 423:23, 424:11,
424:14, 424:17,
425:3, 425:15,
426:24, 427:21, 451:17, 451:20,
463:10, 463:18,
464:21, 465:6,
465:11, 466:10,
466:15, 469:4, 471:2,
472:22, 475:10, 476:17, 478:5,
478:16, 478:24,
480:12, 480:18,
482:6, 482:8, 482:14, 483:21, 484:18,
485:1, 485:7, 485:13,
485:16, 485:21,
485:23, 486:21,
487:4, 488:6, 488:16, 489:2, 490:5, 491:22,
492:8, 493:13,
494:13, 494:16,
494:21, 495:2, 495:5,
495:21, 495:23,
496:23, 498:21, 501:4, 503:7,
503:12, 504:9, 505:2,
505:6, 505:12, 506:5,
507:2, 507:10,
507:24, 508:4, 508:10, 508:23,
509:15, 510:16,
511:14, 511:17,
512:2, 512:9, 512:19,
512:22, 513:7, 514:7, 514:15, 514:19,
514:22, 515:10,
516:5, 516:10,
517:23, 518:2, 518:8,
518:12, 518:20, 518:23, 519:9,
519:22, 520:7,
520:18, 547:21,
591:9, 591:19, 592:2,
592:9, 592:18, 594:10, 594:15
Theatre [1] - 408:10
themselves [2] -
505:15, 600:16

```
therefore [1] -
 472:12
  thereof [1] - 587:10
  thinking [2] - 511:23,
 600:20
  third [19] - 409:15,
 415:6, 432:15,
 439:20, 441:1, 451:1,
 455:18, 470:14,
 489:8, 491:6, 491:10,
 494:4, 498:7, 506:3,
 507:4, 507:16,
 517:14, 518:15,
519:10
  third-party [11] -
439:20, 451:1,
455:18, 470:14,
489:8, 491:6, 491:10,
498:7, 506:3, 507:16,
517:14
  THOMAS [1] -
408:15
 Thomas [1] - 409:22
 Thompson [6] -
418:3, 450:2, 461:7,
602:19, 603:2, 606:7
 THOMPSON [6] -
409:9, 418:5, 450:5,
451:21, 461:5, 603:4
 Thornbury [7] -
409:8, 417:24, 418:7,
419:5, 449:16, 461:9,
462:13
 thorough [1] -
577:24
 thoughts [6] - 559:8.
565:7, 566:20.
567:14, 571:15, 598:3
 thousands [1] -
585:22
 threatened [1] -
587:11
 three [26] - 412:9,
415:17, 424:10,
424:17, 430:20,
433:16, 433:22,
434:1, 435:20,
440:11, 451:7, 453:9,
453:10, 453:15,
454:3, 458:10,
460:13, 463:5, 463:8,
463:12, 473:14,
508:6, 517:8, 517:15,
517:17, 519:7
 three-day [2] - 463:5,
463:8
 three-phase [1] -
517:15
 throughout [7] -
432:4, 435:11, 453:6,
```

```
485:10, 525:10,
 551:8, 593:21
   thumb [3] - 493:18,
 494:2, 496:9
   tie [1] - 519:14
   tied [1] - 502:8
   tier [1] - 523:11
   tilted [1] - 592:15
  timeframe [4] -
 444:14, 548:14,
 551:4, 551:6
  tiny [1] - 598:15
  tippy [1] - 547:14
  tippy-toes [1] -
 547:14
  title [1] - 600:8
  titled [1] - 588:20
  today [6] - 445:18,
 489:15, 490:1,
 492:13, 492:15, 493:8
  today's [1] - 490:3
  toes [1] - 547:14
  together [2] - 425:6,
 550:3
  toggle [1] - 588:15
  toilet [3] - 460:15,
 460:22, 485:18
  toilets [1] - 486:4
  TOLL [1] - 408:8
  Toll [22] - 409:16,
422:14, 422:17,
426:23, 428:17,
440:12, 444:3, 449:7,
497:2, 532:3, 532:5,
532:11, 538:24,
540:8, 552:23,
553:16, 554:6,
554:11, 556:18,
557:4, 561:17, 604:20
 Toll's [1] - 558:8
 Tom [4] - 511:20,
548:19, 548:20,
580:14
 tonight [4] - 472:4,
566:21, 603:20,
603:23
 took [1] - 541:2
 top [10] - 431:8,
441:15, 446:23,
459:15, 473:3,
481:13, 481:16,
497:8, 536:6, 549:22
 topic [2] - 504:21,
505:3
 topo [1] - 596:12
 topography [1] -
523:7
 total [7] - 454:3,
```

458:3, 458:12, 459:8,

460:9, 499:13, 523:4

towards [9] - 535:8, 537:22, 542:9, 558:23, 593:11, 594:5, 599:13, 599:18 township [19] -439:14, 442:9, 443:2, 450:8, 450:12, 451:6, 470:13, 477:1, 478:17, 479:20, 489:7, 491:9, 498:6, 506:3, 507:4, 507:11, 507:15, 507:21, 544:19 TOWNSHIP [1] -408:2 Township [21] -408:18, 409:6, 409:8, 410:1, 410:3, 411:6, 411:11, 417:22, 418:1, 451:16, 464:13, 468:12, 473:9, 506:15, 508:11, 508:17, 525:19, 544:15, 555:6, 606:15, 606:19 township's [3] -443:17, 454:4, 454:6 townships [1] -450:17 tracks [1] - 601:10 tract [2] - 409:16, 499:11 Traffic [2] - 411:11, 606:19 traffic [2] - 568:6, 568:7 trail [5] - 448:18, 524:9, 525:18, 526:2, 526:3 trails [3] - 525:9, 525:12, 525:20 train [5] - 430:24, 493:17, 493:19, 494:4, 519:10 trained [2] - 446:1, 446:5 trains [6] - 430:23, 473:2, 494:3, 518:11, 518:13, 519:7 transcript[1] -608:11 transitivity [1] -481:2 transported [1] -506:2 treat [8] - 430:17, 430:24, 441:4, 458:18, 471:15, 474:2, 492:4, 493:1

tough [1] - 584:3

treated [17] - 429:21,
430:1, 434:6, 435:20,
435:24, 436:14,
437:10, 445:7,
447:23, 456:20,
463:22, 476:1,
100.22, 470.1,
481:10, 481:23,
501:7, 504:16, 515:19
treatment [122] -
416:24, 428:21,
429:11, 429:15,
429:16, 429:20,
430:14, 430:17,
430:21, 430:23,
431:16, 433:10,
436:23, 436:24,
438:18, 438:19,
441:2, 441:4, 441:10,
442:20, 446:15,
446:16, 449:12,
450:9, 450:19,
450:22, 453:24,
454:1, 454:21, 455:8,
455:23, 455:24,
456:1, 456:2, 456:11,
456:12, 457:16,
457:17, 458:2,
458:10, 458:16,
459:9, 460:8, 460:23,
465:17, 465:19,
465:20, 466:1, 466:3,
469:24, 471:7, 471:9,
471:14, 472:24,
473:4, 473:10,
479:17, 479:18,
479:24, 486:5, 486:7,
486:13, 486:16,
487:1, 487:7, 487:9,
487:22, 489:22,
490:12, 490:16,
490:17, 490:21,
491:21, 492:6,
492:10, 492:15,
492:16, 492:18,
493:10, 493:15,
493:17, 493:19,
494:3, 494:4, 494:22,
495:10, 501:6,
501:20, 506:3, 506:4,
506:7, 506:13,
506:20, 507:5, 511:2,
512:20, 514:10,
514:16, 516:12,
516:17, 516:18,
517:2, 517:6, 518:7,
518:11, 518:12,
518:18, 519:7,
519:10, 519:15,
520:2, 521:9, 521:11,
521:13, 521:19,
522:6, 522:21,

Treatment [4] -429:7, 432:18, 451:15, 506:18 treatments [1] -498:12 trends [2] - 469:19, 469:21 troop [16] - 543:10, 550:8, 550:15, 552:20, 553:1, 554:9, 577:4, 578:15, 579:1, 583:4, 583:9, 584:9, 584:11, 585:9, 585:23, 591:1 troops [15] - 542:8, 543:6, 543:8, 550:13, 552:5, 552:13, 552:21, 553:17, 585:21, 585:22, 586:3, 595:13, 598:14, 598:19, 601:7 true [2] - 485:19, 608:10 Trust [2] - 419:5, 462:13 try [14] - 456:2, 464:5, 477:11, 493:23, 519:1, 519:2, 519:16, 522:11, 522:12, 524:7, 585:21, 599:1, 603:20, 604:15 trying [9] - 444:16, 456:15, 456:16, 475:16, 586:8, 588:14, 597:2, 597:6, 598:12 tubes [2] - 499:13, 499:14 tubing [7] - 434:9, 434:13, 434:14, 436:15, 494:12, 498:11, 500:11 Tuesday [1] - 604:5 turn [10] - 410:4,

412:17, 500:7,

529:21, 561:4,

587:22, 588:18,

591:6, 594:20, 595:18

turned [1] - 431:3

turning [1] - 434:4

twice [2] - 436:19,

two [43] - 411:20,

414:18, 415:13,

423:20, 430:23,

431:22, 434:2,

434:12, 434:13,

434:14, 440:22,

470:5

522:24, 523:5, 526:22

441:6, 449:20, 452:14, 454:1, 454:12, 468:14, 473:2, 475:18, 479:13, 479:16, 493:10, 494:3, 499:11, 499:21, 500:10, 515:11, 518:11, 518:12, 523:20, 533:12, 533:18, 534:2, 537:18, 540:11, 540:12, 579:18, 589:10, 589:13, 589:14, 595:23, 596:14 two-street [1] -468:14 type [18] - 415:21, 429:11, 438:14, 438:15, 448:10, 451:13, 508:9, 515:9, 522:20, 538:22, 554:7, 554:13, 555:23, 556:17, 569:4, 573:7, 579:3, 580:24 types [2] - 508:6, 549:1 typically [9] - 439:9, 442:4, 443:19, 444:13, 444:21, 453:4, 520:16, 522:20, 571:21

#### U

537:22, 539:17,

542:13, 542:15,

542:17, 546:18,

549:8, 550:19,

553:12, 553:14,

564:18, 573:14,

600:17

491:12

459:12

527:3

575:1, 576:5, 584:6,

586:1, 587:24, 588:2,

598:8, 599:5, 599:18,

updated [1] - 510:18

upgrade [2] - 491:8,

upgrades [2] -

upgradient[1] -

upgrading[1] -

upland [1] - 525:20

upper[1] - 546:19

Upper [6] - 464:13,

473:8, 496:13, 497:2,

uptake [1] - 446:17

usable [1] - 437:24

urine [1] - 501:1

508:10, 525:19

488:13, 488:24

541:11, 542:5, 542:7,

ultimately [7] -438:5, 450:12, 451:5, 466:23, 506:11, 509:15, 510:5 ultra [4] - 431:10, 433:7, 466:17, 466:18 ultra-violet [4] -431:10, 433:7. 466:17, 466:18 uncertainties [1] -601:18 uncertainty [1] -597:21 uncommon [2] -483:12, 572:2 under [6] - 457:6, 464:6, 471:17, 585:24, 586:16, 601:8 underground [5] -463:20, 463:21, 468:18, 468:21, 473:22 understood [1] -

586:7 USE [1] - 408:7 unfortunately [3] user [6] - 442:18, 528:19, 535:18, 442:21, 478:1, 549:20 478:12, 479:1, 513:4 uniformly [2] uses [1] - 492:20 434:15, 456:22 utilities [3] - 442:23, unique [1] - 452:17 517:15, 519:1 unit [4] - 449:12, Utility [2] - 439:20, 454:5, 465:22, 479:16 439:24 units [7] - 451:22, utility [2] - 489:8, 451:24, 454:1, 455:3, 507:4 479:16, 517:11, utilize [6] - 439:4, 517:12 440:13, 440:22, University [1] -446:4, 458:15, 479:22 530:24 utilized [6] - 432:17, unless [3] - 412:16, 453:10, 458:17, 525:14, 529:6 460:20, 475:3, 493:22 unquote [1] - 538:12 utilizes [6] - 429:15, up [59] - 409:19, 431:16, 506:14, 415:14, 417:6. 508:12, 508:18, 424:19, 433:1, 435:7, 508:19 440:4, 440:17, 441:6, utilizing [5] - 430:4, 442:11, 452:3, 452:5, 442:19, 447:15, 453:22, 458:21, 449:6, 464:18 462:22, 465:23, Uwchlan [6] -490:20, 491:7, 499:8, 464:13, 473:8, 500:4, 502:4, 502:9, 496:14, 497:2, 502:14, 505:4, 509:3, 508:10, 525:19 509:13, 514:4, 516:14, 518:6, V 521:16, 523:12, 526:13, 534:20, valve [1] - 526:17

variation [1] - 431:21 various [10] - 434:24, 435:1, 436:10, 465:18, 465:24, 470:19, 501:12, 516:11, 543:15, 551:21 vast [5] - 450:20, 477:6, 492:18, 501:21, 529:18 velocity [1] - 436:16 verify [1] - 488:9 versus [4] - 424:9, 442:2, 444:5, 444:16 via [1] - 433:6 vice [1] - 409:22 vicinity [6] - 518:4, 542:14, 543:2, 553:23, 587:16, 587:18 video [1] - 410:22 viewscapes [1] -576:17 Village [1] - 420:7 violet [4] - 431:10, 433:7, 466:17, 466:18 visible [1] - 572:9 vitae [1] - 427:16

voice [1] - 462:20 VOICE [1] - 512:18 volleyball [3] -476:9, 476:22 volume [1] - 508:12 VOLUME [1] - 408:5 von [3] - 595:4, 595:21, 596:3 voted [2] - 560:17, 560:18

### W

wait [2] - 507:24, 591:18 waiting [2] - 598:23, 600:20 waiver[1] - 520:9 walk [1] - 525:6 walked [1] - 586:4 walking [4] - 448:19, 524:4, 524:9, 580:23 walks [1] - 448:16 wall [1] - 513:10 Walter [1] - 420:15 wants [1] - 491:5 war[1] - 598:18 War [2] - 537:7, 548:22 warning [1] - 469:7 Warwick [1] - 451:16 wash [1] - 436:21 Washington [1] -600:18 waste [2] - 436:14, 504:15 wastewater [53] -416:12, 416:23, 423:5, 426:15, 426:19, 427:4, 428:21, 428:23, 429:11, 429:12, 429:15, 429:18, 430:1, 430:4, 430:15, 430:16, 430:18, 431:1, 431:19, 433:10, 434:6, 437:2, 437:6, 437:10, 438:3, 447:18, 448:5, 450:19, 450:21, 458:16, 458:18, 463:22, 464:1, 474:6, 475:23, 479:11, 479:23, 479:24, 485:18, 486:5, 487:19, 487:22, 489:14, 489:22, 492:6, 496:24, 501:6, 503:18, 506:13, 514:10, 522:1,

522:14, 525:8 Wastewater [7] -414:3, 429:5, 429:7, 451:15, 506:18, 607:9, 607:12 Water [2] - 439:21, 509:6 water [16] - 434:20, 438:17, 440:19, 447:5, 457:13, 459:5, 460:1, 460:7, 472:16, 473:24, 481:12, 490:7, 497:10, 497:16, 502:6, 503:20 Wayne [2] - 600:19, 601:1 ways [5] - 557:13, 557:20, 559:5, 571:13, 573:6 wear [4] - 455:15, 455:18, 499:3, 499:4 wears [1] - 499:19 weather [2] - 446:10, 447:17 website [1] - 605:1 Webster [1] - 580:16 Wednesday [1] -408:11 week [3] - 505:20, 505:23, 598:23 weekly [2] - 471:9, 505:17 weir [2] - 432:13, 433:5 welcome [2] -409:15, 413:21 well-drained [9] -435:4, 435:6, 435:9, 437:16, 437:19, 454:11, 482:21, 484:7, 484:8 Weller [3] - 421:20, 421:23, 477:16 WELLER [2] -421:21, 477:18 wells [18] - 459:11, 460:6, 468:15, 469:1, 469:6, 469:13, 470:24, 480:23, 481:3, 503:4, 503:6, 503:8, 503:10, 505:4, 526:6, 526:7, 527:17, 527:21 west [5] - 423:21, 535:8, 550:21, 552:15, 587:21 West [4] - 408:11, 418:15, 418:19, 462:2 western [8] - 517:5,

543:9, 547:4, 548:1,

548:4, 552:9, 589:9, 600:16 WESTTOWN [1] -408:2 Westtown [12] -408:10, 408:10, 409:6, 409:19, 411:10, 420:7, 445:17, 468:12, 485:10, 529:15, 555:6, 606:19 wet [2] - 447:17, 553:6 wetlands [1] - 520:4 wetted [2] - 525:11, 525:22 whatnot [1] - 523:23 whereas [1] - 435:5 WHEREOF [1] -608:14 whole [1] - 509:9 William [4] - 418:13, 461:20, 534:22, 585:15 willing [1] - 554:7 winter [6] - 435:14, 446:8, 446:19, 446:20, 447:4, 464:2 Wise [20] - 529:24, 530:10, 531:8, 531:14, 531:17, 554:17, 554:22, 555:5, 570:2, 575:3, 582:8, 588:14, 588:17, 599:21, 601:14, 602:8, 602:16, 604:17, 606:9, 607:2 WISE [1] - 530:2 Wise's [2] - 531:19, 603:1 withdrawn [1] -574:4 WITNESS [107] -422:13, 422:16, 423:3, 423:13, 423:23, 424:11, 424:14, 424:17, 425:3, 425:15, 426:24, 427:21, 451:20, 463:10, 463:18, 464:21, 465:6, 465:11, 466:15, 469:4, 471:2, 472:22, 475:10, 476:17, 478:5, 478:16, 478:24, 480:12, 480:18, 482:6, 482:8, 482:14,

483:21, 484:18,

487:4, 488:6, 488:16, 489:2, 490:5, 491:22, 492:8, 493:13, 494:13, 494:16, 494:21, 495:2, 495:5, 495:21, 495:23, 496:23, 498:21, 501:4, 501:14, 503:7, 503:12, 504:9, 505:2, 505:6, 505:12, 506:5, 507:2, 507:10, 507:24, 508:10, 509:15, 510:16, 511:14, 511:17, 512:2, 512:9, 512:19, 512:22, 513:7, 514:7, 514:15, 514:19, 514:22, 515:10, 516:5, 516:10, 517:23, 518:2, 518:8, 518:12, 518:20, 518:23, 519:9, 519:22, 520:7, 520:18, 547:21, 591:9, 591:19, 592:2, 592:9, 592:18, 594:10, 594:15, 606:3, 608:14 Witness [2] - 425:16, 529:5 witness [10] - 420:4, 422:5, 425:12, 425:22, 427:2, 512:16, 529:9, 529:22, 530:3, 582:15 witnessed [3] -483:7, 483:22, 509:17 witnesses [3] -411:21, 411:23, 412:9 Wolter [3] - 420:7, 420:8, 468:3 won [1] - 543:19 word [1] - 558:20 works [4] - 427:15, 445:18, 513:10, 580:14 world [1] - 477:11 World [1] - 537:7 worn [1] - 498:22 worried [1] - 472:18 worst [3] - 454:10, 484:5 worth [1] - 563:20 worthy [4] - 563:22, 563:24, 572:23, 596:12 write [2] - 506:8,

485:1, 485:7, 485:13,

485:16, 485:21,

485:23, 486:21,

580:12 written [1] - 580:5 wrote [1] - 560:4 Wurmb [3] - 595:4, 595:21, 596:3

#### X

XVIII [1] - 408:8

#### Υ

yard [4] - 476:9, 516:19, 516:20, 519:2 yards [3] - 552:14, 552:16, 566:13 Yeager [3] - 420:17, 420:18, 472:3 year [14] - 435:15, 436:20, 459:24, 469:18, 481:6, 481:11, 481:22, 494:8, 494:12, 497:21, 497:23, 500:9, 512:5, 513:9 years [21] - 427:13, 428:2, 433:23, 447:15, 456:7, 459:24, 476:9, 481:8, 489:16, 490:9, 492:2, 499:4, 512:2, 531:9, 536:23, 537:17, 543:16, 551:24, 574:3 yellow [1] - 549:16 yourself [1] - 410:16 youth [1] - 475:3

### Z

zone [6] - 431:1, 432:10, 432:20, 432:22, 434:21, 519:24 zones [9] - 431:17, 434:22, 436:4, 436:10, 499:1, 499:10, 499:11 zoning [1] - 520:9